

Bleeding Kansas Quiz Study Guide

Name _____ Period _____ Date _____

Circle the correct answer:

1. What Supreme Court decision stated that slaves were property, and could be taken anywhere in the United States?

- A. *Roe v. Wade*
- B. *Brown v. Board of Education*
- C. *Marbury v. Madison*
- D. *Dred Scott v. Sandford*

2. What part of the Compromise of 1850 did most Northerners oppose?

- A. Fugitive Slave Act
- B. Utah and Mexico territories having Popular Sovereignty
- C. California admitted to the Union
- D. End to the slave trade, but not slavery in the District of Columbia

3. Who was one of the best-known conductors on the Underground Railroad who began to guide slaves all the way to Canada?

- A. Harriet Beecher Stowe
- B. Frederick Douglass
- C. Harriet Tubman
- D. Sojourner Truth

4. What novel, published in 1852, brought a story of slavery to a wide audience, and became the bestselling novel of the 1800s?

- A. *Adventures of Tom Sawyer*
- B. *Little Women*
- C. *Pride and Prejudice*
- D. *Uncle Tom's Cabin*

5. What United States Senator from Illinois proposed the Kansas-Nebraska Act?

- A. Abraham Lincoln
- B. Stephen A. Douglas
- C. Frederick Douglass
- D. Henry Clay

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6. What was the name given to the method of voting in the 1850s to see if a state would be slave or free?

- A. Popular Sovereignty
- B. Abolitionism
- C. Republicanism
- D. Federalism

7. What territory had so much violence in its efforts to decide if it would be slave or free that the word “Bleeding,” or “Bloody,” was often placed before its name?

- A. Nebraska
- B. Missouri
- C. Kansas
- D. Oklahoma

8. What fanatical abolitionist brought his sons to Kansas to join antislavery forces? He later murdered five proslavery settlers after hearing of antislavery murders at Lawrence.

- A. William Lloyd Garrison
- B. John Brown
- C. Henry Clay
- D. Daniel Webster

9. What Massachusetts Senator was beaten up by a South Carolina Congressman on the floor of the U.S. Senate after he made a speech condemning the Kansas-Nebraska Act?

- A. Stephen A. Douglas
- B. John C. Calhoun
- C. Preston Brooks
- D. Charles Sumner

10. Who was the Chief Justice of the U.S. Supreme Court when it ruled that slaves were property and could be taken anywhere in the United States?

- A. John Marshall
- B. John Jay
- C. Roger B. Taney
- D. Earl Warren

11. On a separate sheet of paper write your name and section and answer the following question, using at least three examples:

Describe how the Fugitive Slave Act, the Kansas-Nebraska Act, and the *Dred Scott* Decision led to the American Civil War.

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Answers:

1. D. *Dred Scott v. Sandford*
2. A. Fugitive Slave Act
3. C. Harriet Tubman
4. D. Uncle Tom's Cabin
5. B. Stephen A. Douglas
6. A. Popular Sovereignty
7. C. Kansas
8. B. John Brown
9. D. Charles Sumner
10. C. Roger B. Taney