

THE REBELLION.

Important News from the Seat of War.

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The Rebels Reinforced by Gen. Johnston's Army.

Desperate Conflict and Repulse of the Union Troops by an Overwhelming Force.

Retreat of the Union Forces Unopposed by the Enemy.

Names of the Reported Killed and Wounded.

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The city this morning is in the most intense excitement. Groups are everywhere gathered, inquiring the latest news. Both telegraph and steamboat communication with Alexandria are suspended, and the city is in a state of confusion.

Such of the wounded as were brought to the Central hospital were left there, after having their wounds properly dressed by Surgeon Frank H. Hamilton. Wagoners are continually arriving, bringing in the dead and wounded. Soldiers are relating to each other the terrible events of last night and early this morning.

It is probable that the number of killed and wounded is magnified by large numbers who are missing, probably wandering through the woods. The first estimate may be placed at 4,000 to 5,000. It is represented in many quarters that the rebels showed the greatest concentration, probably from a sense of confidence in their commanding officers.

It is known that on the day previous to the battle a large number of them publicly professed against being led by General Schenck, and a majority through the impetuosity of Colonel McKim, in whom they placed all confidence, and other officers, that they were prevailed from making a more formidable battle.

It is supposed here to-day that General Mansfield will take command of the fortifications on the other side of the river, which are able, it is said by military experts, to hold them against any force the enemy may bring against them.

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It is also reported that four thousand of our troops have been sent back towards Fairfax's farm, the day side of the river. The rebels are in a state of confusion, and the Union army is in a state of confusion.

These facts were further confirmed by pressmen taken and despatches and spies, but these facts were not probably known at Washington, and the officers to leading our men also action only obeyed orders.

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Beyond Fairfax Court House the retreat was continued until the men reached their regular encampment. Some of them returned to their quarters, but a still larger number went into the interminable.

In the retreat, many of the troops fell on the way, from exhaustion, and scattered along the route all the way from Fairfax Court House. We lack a large number in this way.

The road from Bull's run was strewn with knapsacks, arms and accoutrements, which some of our troops do liberally throw away, the better to facilitate their escape. The rear of the army made their retreat in order.

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