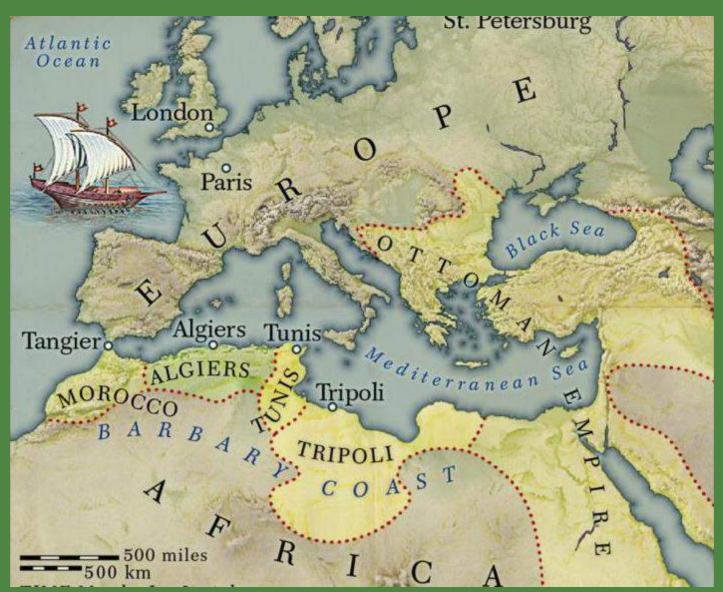
LEQ: Pirates from what area of North Africa demanded tribute to not attack U.S. ships?



In the Mediterranean Sea, American traders faced pirates from the states of the Barbary Coast of North Africa–Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, and Tripoli (now known as Libya). This image is courtesy of myholyoke.edu.

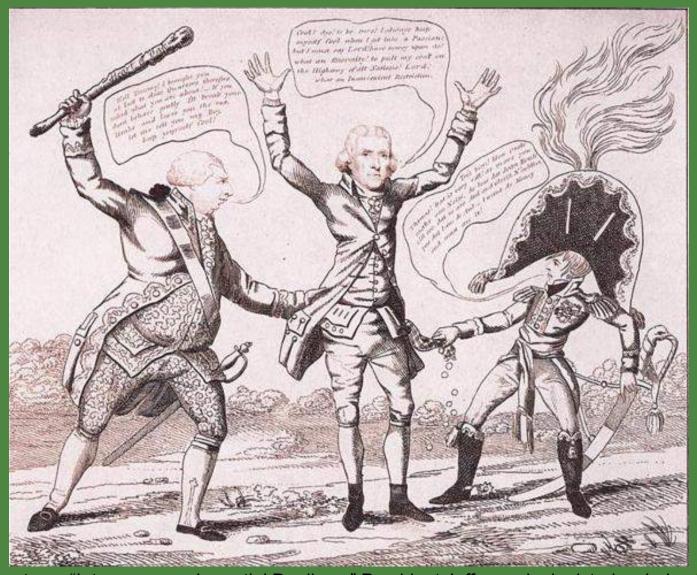
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Barbary Coast States/Tripoli



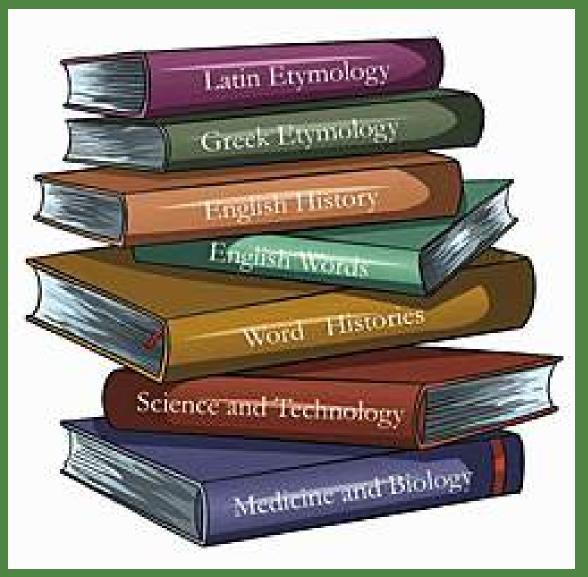
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Jefferson's International Challenges Basics



In this satirical cartoon, "Intercourse or Impartial Dealings," President Jefferson is depicted as being held up for money by Napoleon and King George. It satirizes the failure of Jefferson's use of the embargo and restrictions on trade as a curb on French and British depredations of American shipping. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress.

Jefferson's International Challenges Vocabulary



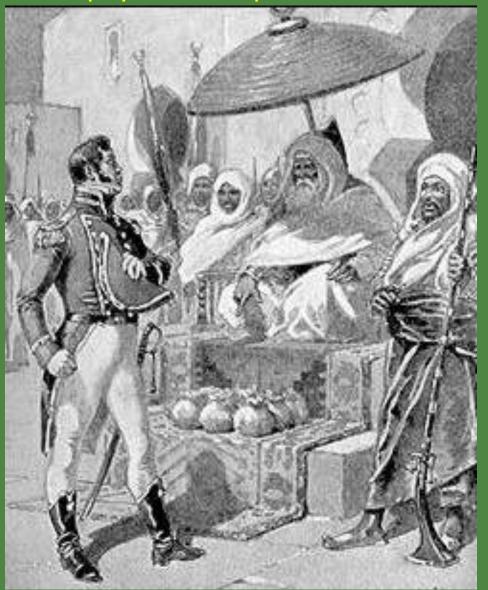
This image is from wordinfo.info.

A payment for protection.



This image shows U.S. Navy Captain William Bainbridge paying tribute to the Dey of Algiers in 1800 (the U.S. Navy had been reorganized in 1798). This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

TributeA payment for protection.



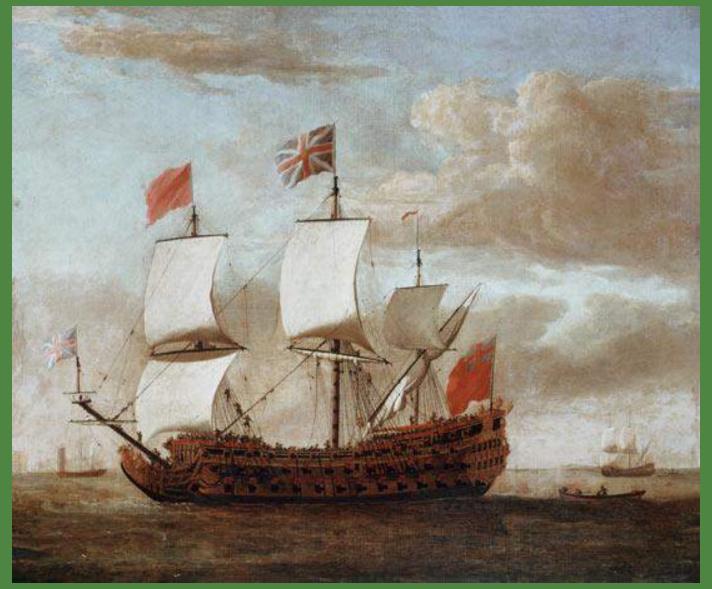
This image shows U.S. Navy Captain William Bainbridge paying tribute to the Dey of Algiers in 1800 (the U.S. Navy had been reorganized in 1798). This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

The United States paid tribute to the Barbary Coast States because they were stealing American ships, and imprisoning American sailors.



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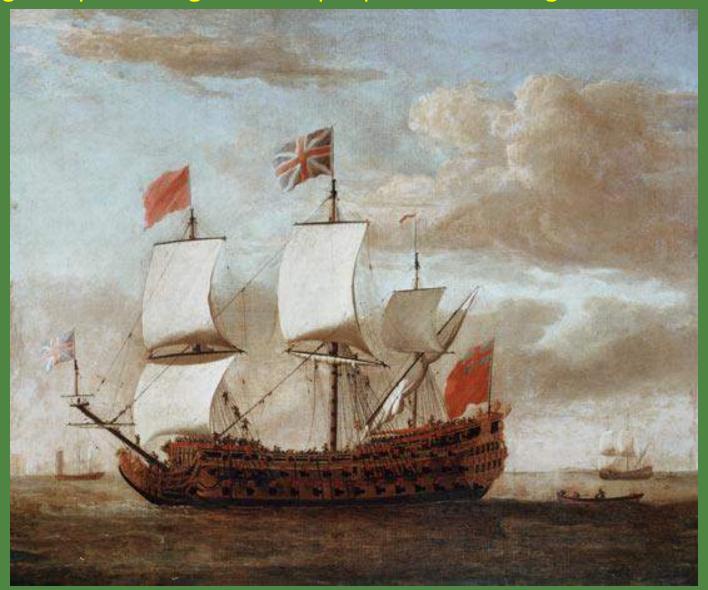
Something that prevents goods and people from moving in and out of an area.



This image shows the British warship *H.M.S.* (*His Majesty's Ship*) *Somerset*. It ran aground off the New England coast in 1778. This image is courtesy of historylecture.org.

Blockade

Something that prevents goods and people from moving in and out of an area.



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President Jefferson ordered the navy to blockade, or close off, the port of Tripoli.



Tripoli is located in present-day Libya. This map was created in 1982 by the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA). This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

The act of forcing people to serve military duty, especially sailors.



Sailors were captured on American ships by the British, or in ports where American ships were stopped. This image is courtesy of contabile.org.uk.

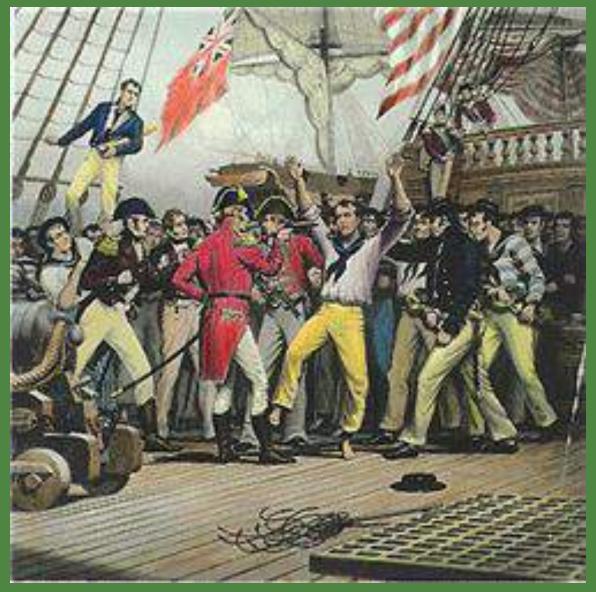
Impressment

The act of forcing people to serve military duty, especially sailors.



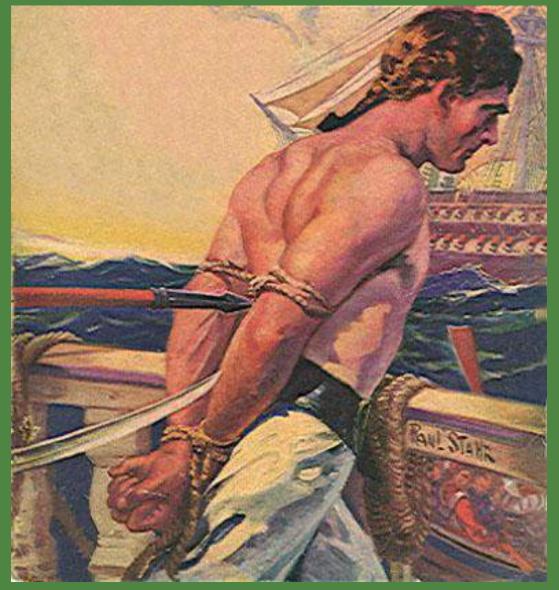
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British ships not only stopped and seized American ships, they also impressed, or kidnapped, Americans sailors to serve in the British navy.



This image is from the War of 1812. Between 1803 and 1812, the British impressed approximately 10,000 Americans to work on British ships. This image is courtesy of xtimeline.com.

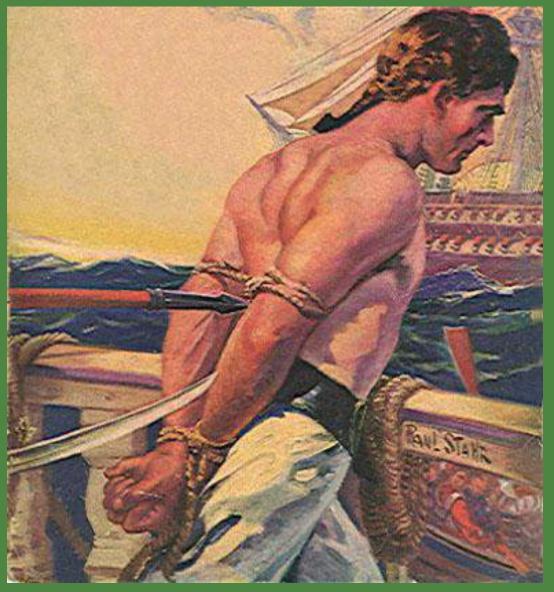
A person in the military who abandons their duties without permission.



British Admiral Lord Horatio Nelson estimated that between 1793 and 1801 perhaps as many as 40,000 men deserted the British navy. This image is courtesy of bobbrowen.com.

Deserter

A person in the military who abandons their duties without permission.



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The British captured deserters from the British navy. Some were in fact sailors who had left British warships to sail on American ships.



During this time period, countries did not have conscription, or "draft" men into service. Impressment was recruitment by force. The British navy consistently suffered manpower shortages due to the low pay and a lack of qualified seamen. This image is titled *The English Right of Search*. This image is courtesy of fineartamerica.com.

An official government ban on trade.



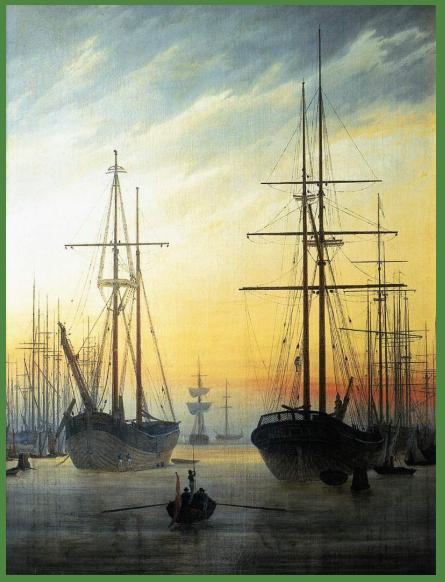
Congress passed the Embargo Act in December of 1807, prohibiting all American ships and their cargo from leaving the United States for foreign ports. This image shows whaling ships and oil casks in New Bedford, Massachusetts in 1870. This image is courtesy of the New Bedford Whaling Museum.

EmbargoAn official government ban on trade.



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The Embargo Act was a disaster for American trade. American harbors were crowded with ships and cargo with nowhere to go.



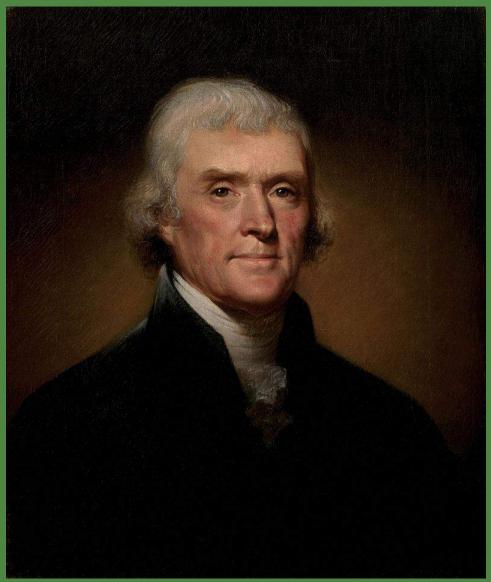
It is estimated that as many as 50,000 sailors were out of work, and as many as 100,000 other workers lost their jobs. This painting is titled *View of a Harbour*. This painting was created by Caspar David Friedrich (1774-1840) circa 1815-1816. This image is courtesy of caspardavidfriedrich.org.

Jefferson's International Challenges People to Meet



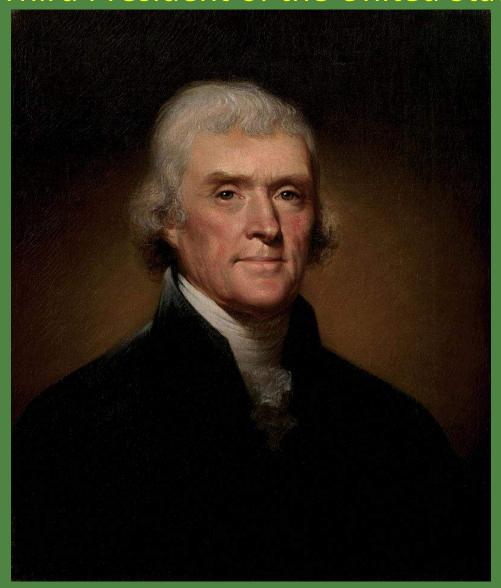
In the bottom of picture is Lieutenant Stephen Decatur in combat with a Tripolitan Captain. This painting is titled *Decatur Boarding the Tripolitan Gunboat*. This incident occurred during the bombardment of Tripoli on August 3, 1804. This painting was created by Dennis Malone Carter (1820-1881). This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

The Third President of the United States.



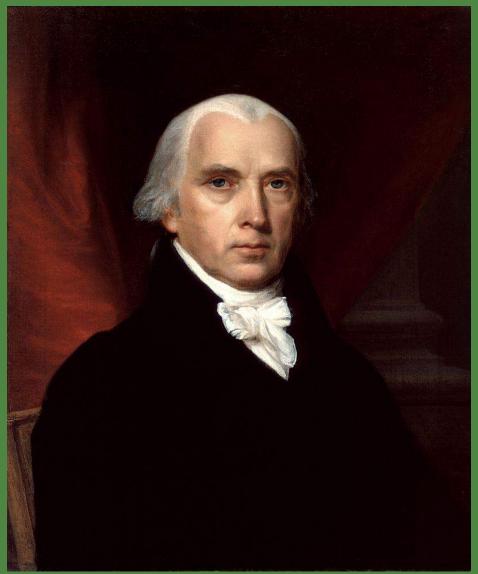
Thomas Jefferson (1743-1826) was President for two terms, from 1801-1809. This painting was created by Rembrandt Peale (1778-1860) in 1800. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

Thomas Jefferson The Third President of the United States.



Thomas Jefferson (1743-1826) was President for two terms, from 1801-1809. This painting was created by Rembrandt Peale (1778-1860) in 1800. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

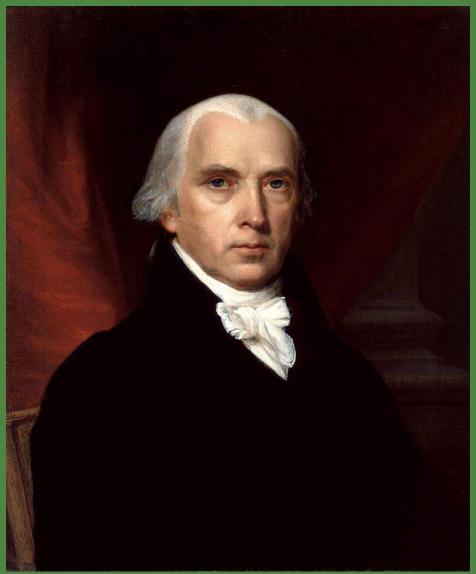
The Secretary of State during Thomas Jefferson's Administration. He later became the fourth President of the United States.



James Madison (1751-1836) was also known as "The Father of the Constitution." This painting was created by John Vanderlyn (1775-1852) in 1816. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

James Madison

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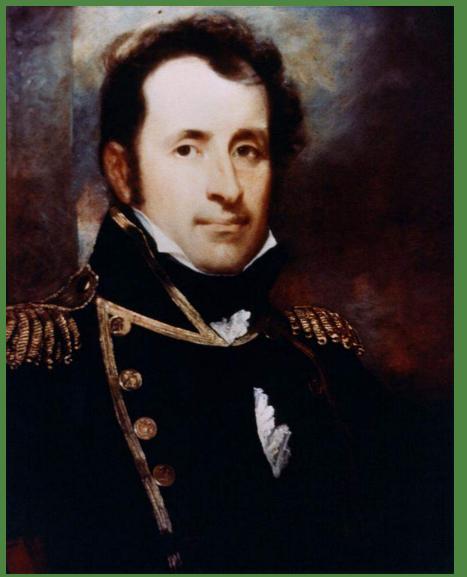
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United States Navy Lieutenant who led a daring raid on the Port of Tripoli.



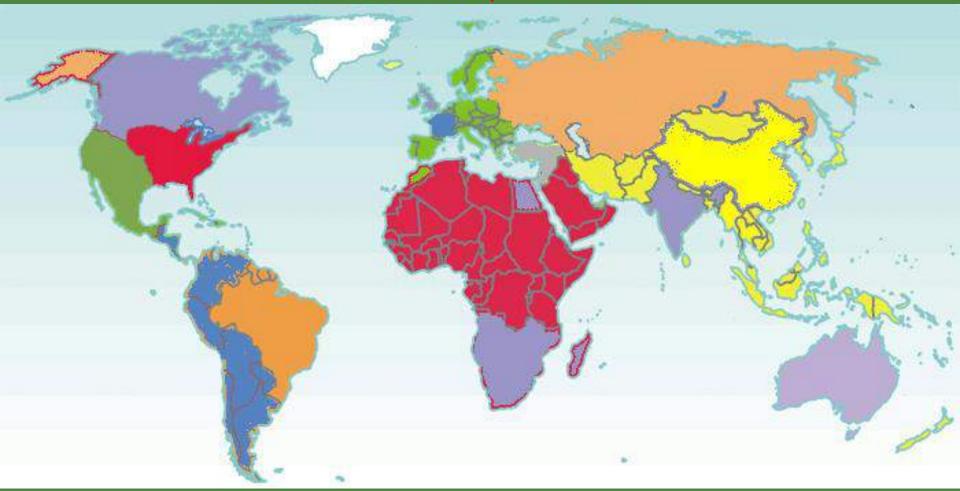
Stephen Decatur (1779-1820) rose to the rank of Commodore in the United States Navy. He died in a duel with a fellow naval officer. This painting was created by John Wesley Jarvis (1780-1840) circa 1820. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

Stephen Decatur
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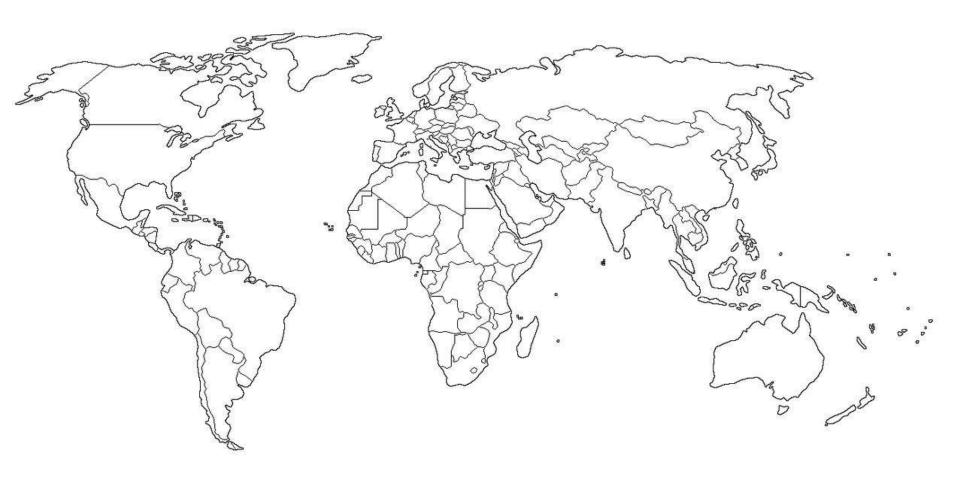
Jefferson's International Challenges Maps



This image shows a map of the world circa 1812. As the United States grew and expanded, it had situations develop where it came into contact with other countries. This image is courtesy of althistory.wikia.com.

Mediterranean Sea

Find the Mediterranean Sea on this map of the world.



This image is a political map of the world. This image is courtesy of the blankmap.org.

Mediterranean Sea

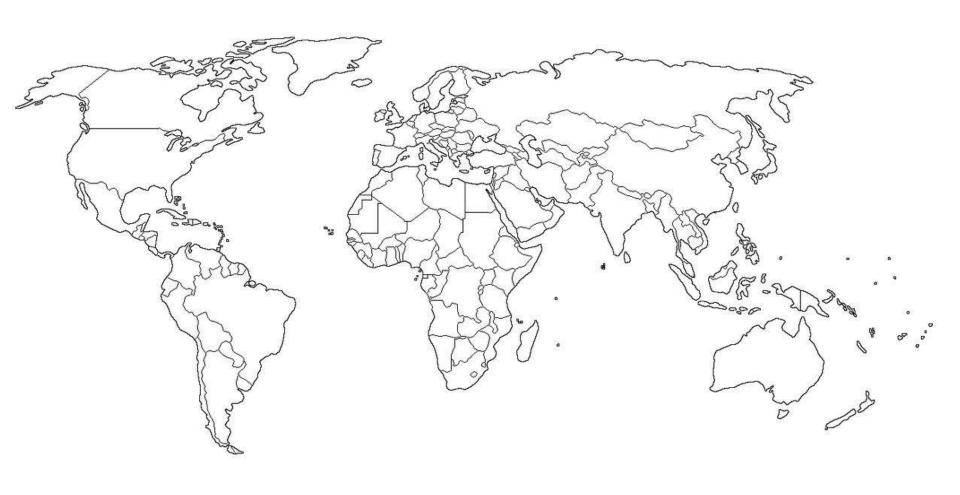
Find the Mediterranean Sea on this map of the world.



The Mediterranean Sea is now colored blue. This image is a political map of the world. This image is courtesy of blankmap.org.

Barbary Coast States

Find the Barbary Coast States on this map of the world.



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Barbary Coast States

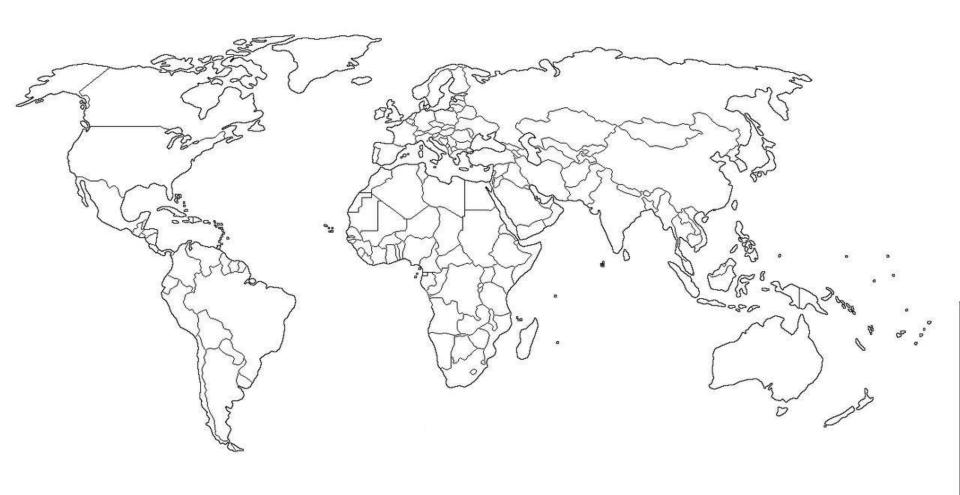
Find the Barbary Coast States on this map of the world.



The Barbary Coast States are now colored red. This image is a political map of the world. This image is courtesy of blankmap.org.

Great Britain

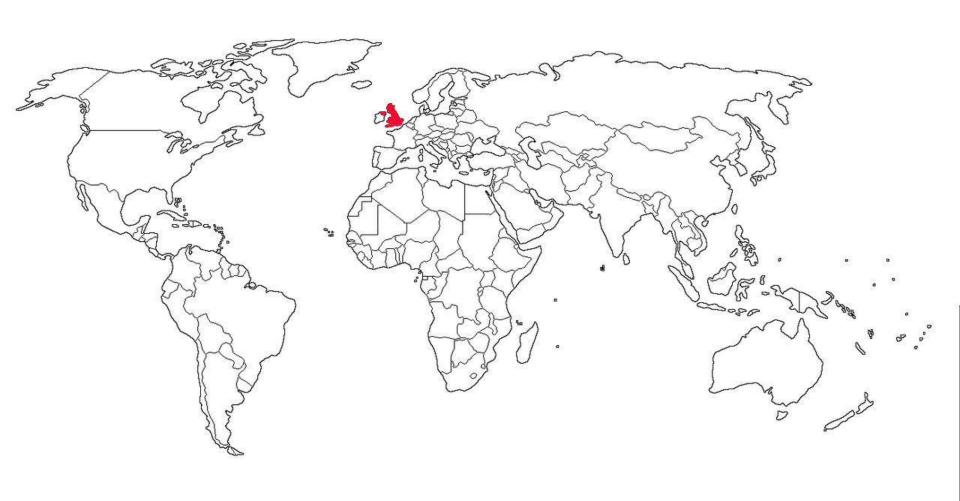
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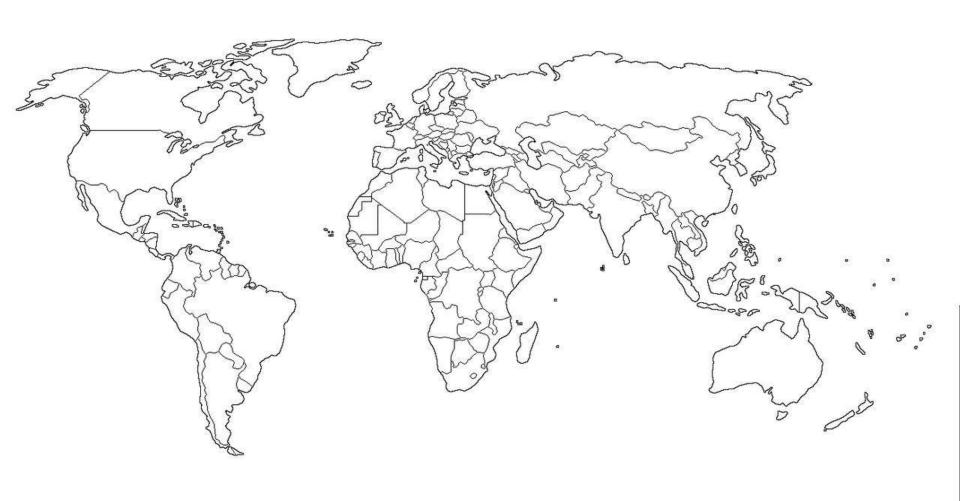
Great Britain

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FranceFind France on this map of the world.



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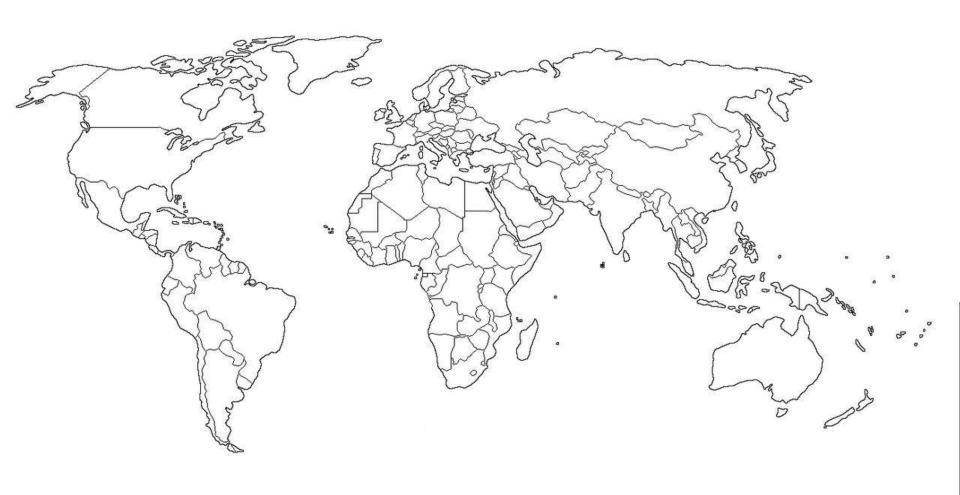
FranceFind France on this map of the world.



France is now colored red. This is a political map of the world. This image is courtesy of the blankmap.org.

Morocco

Find Morocco on this map of the world.



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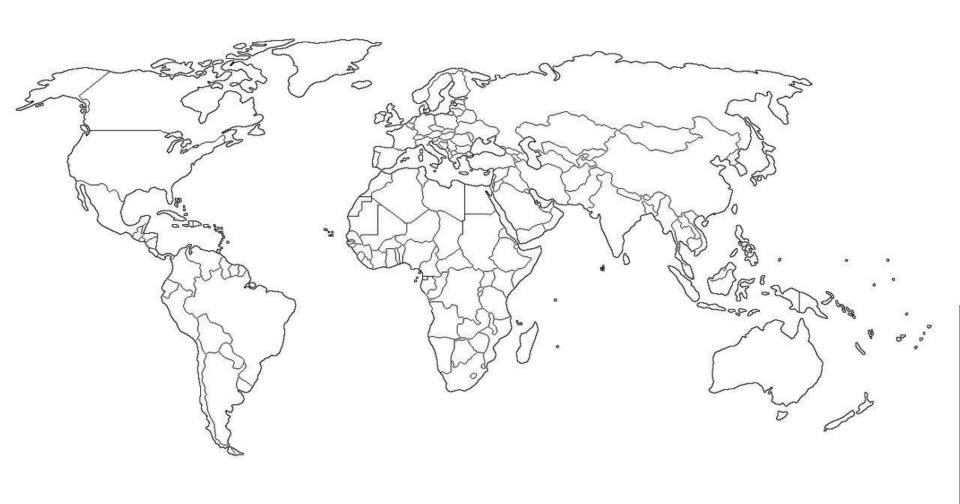
Morocco

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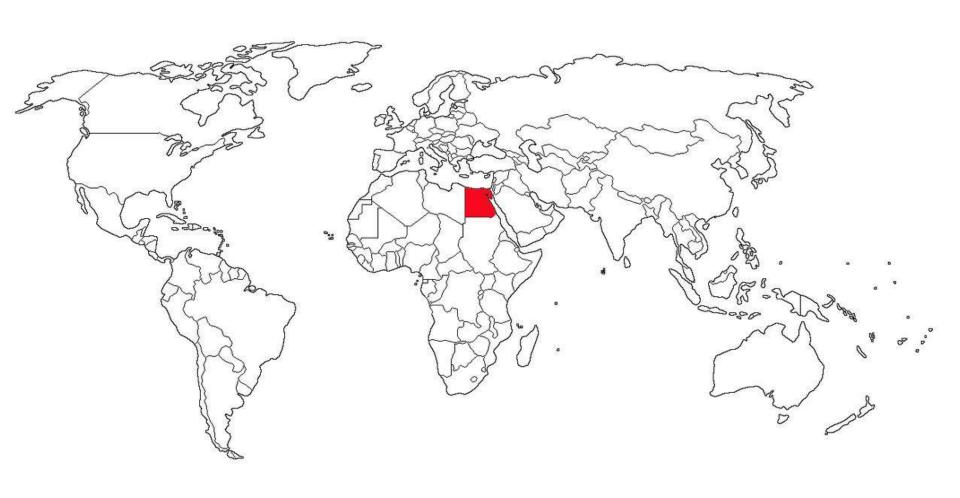
Morocco is now colored red. This is a political map of the world. This image is courtesy of the blankmap.org.

EgyptFind Egypt on this map of the world.



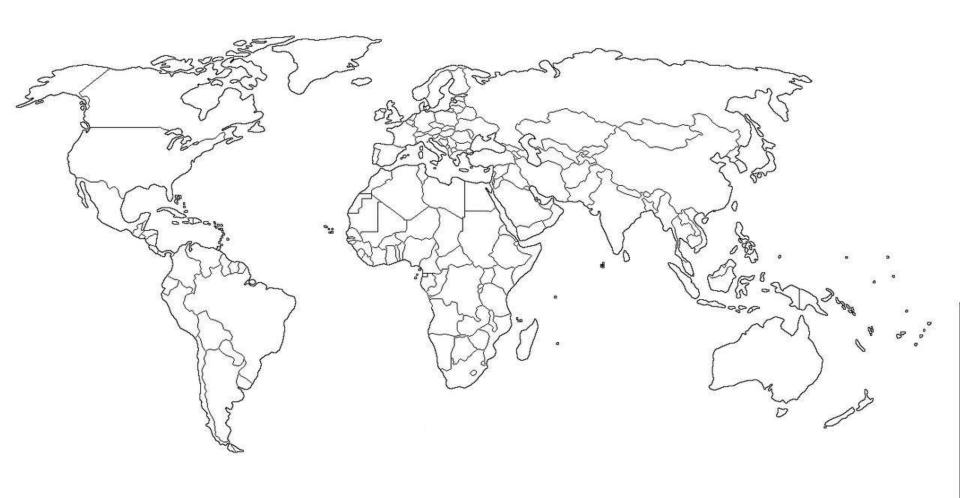
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EgyptFind Egypt on this map of the world.



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TunisiaFind Tunisia on this map of the world.



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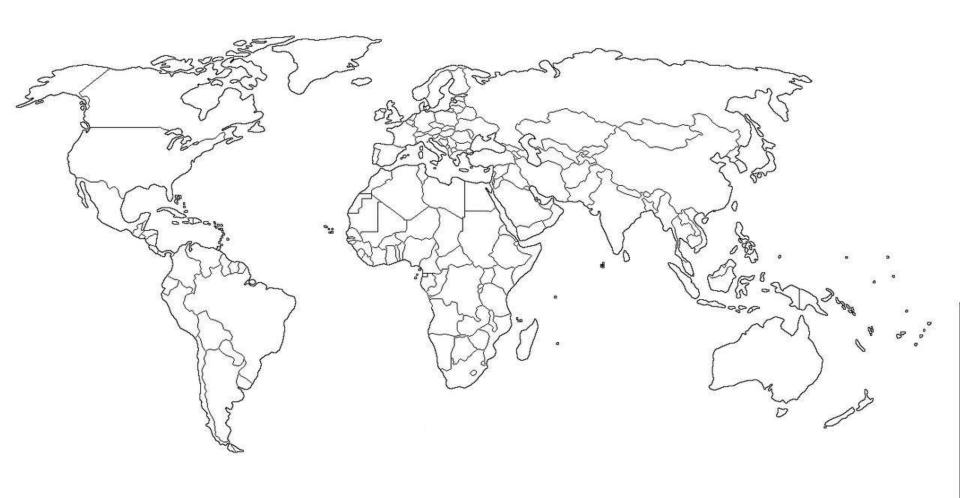
Tunisia

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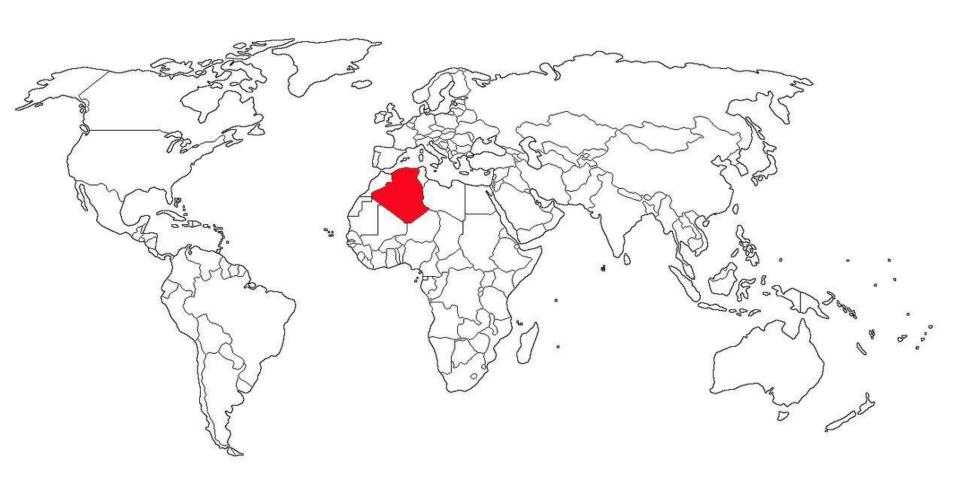
Algeria
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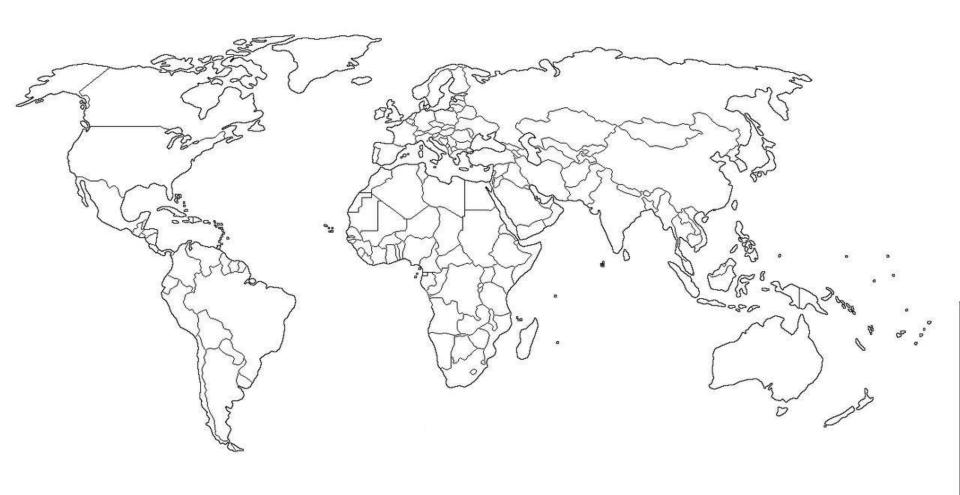
Find Algeria on this map of the world.



Algeria is now colored red. This is a political map of the world. This image is courtesy of the blankmap.org.

Tripoli (now known as Libya)

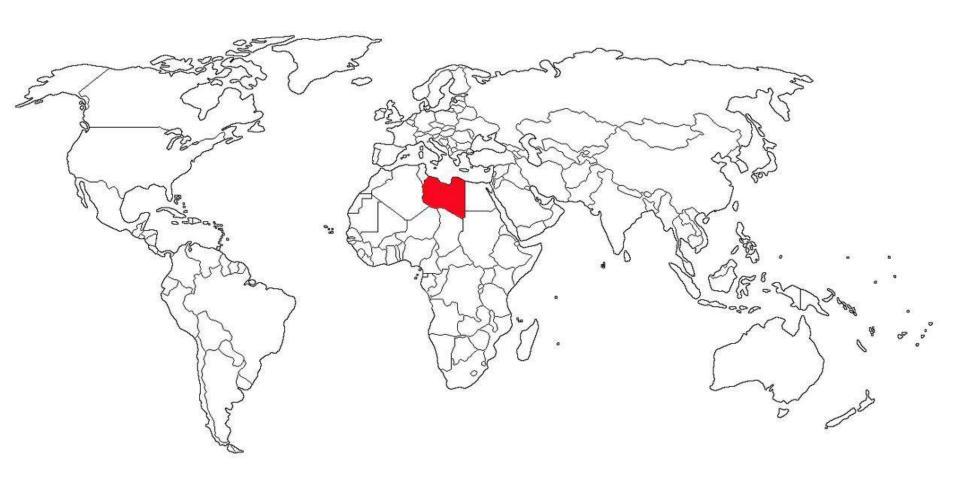
Find Tripoli/Libya on this map of the world.



This is a political map of the world. This image is courtesy of the blankmap.org.

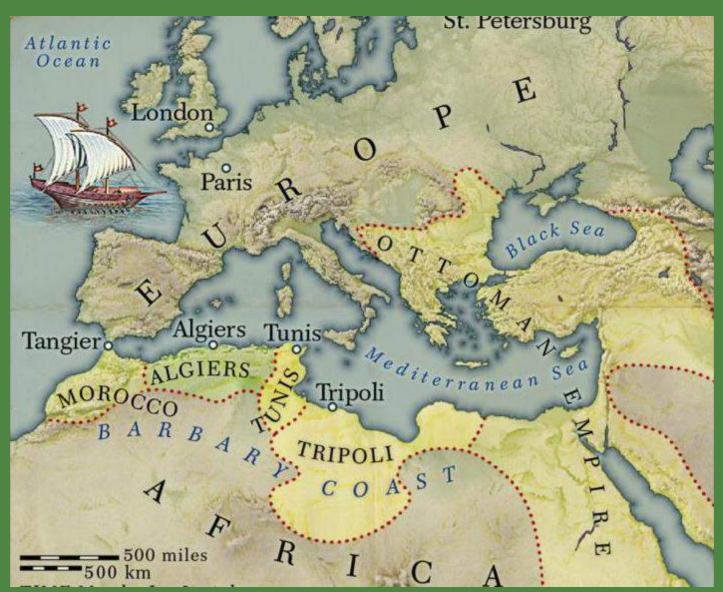
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