

The government has a right to spy on its citizens in order to better protect its citizens.



This image is courtesy of healthinforwars.blogspot.com

Debate Rules:

Be polite, courteous, and respectful, and listen carefully to both sides.



This image shows President Barack Obama and challenger Mitt Romney during a debate during the 2012 Presidential Campaign. This image is courtesy of www.sfgate.com

As someone moves to the podium to speak, everyone will give them a drum roll on your desks.



This photograph shows Beatles' drummer Ringo Starr during the band's performance on the Ed Sullivan Show on February 9, 1964. This image is courtesy of [pinterest.com](https://www.pinterest.com)

Be prepared to come up when it is your turn. Don't fumble around looking for your notes, etc...



It takes away from your amount of time, and it also takes away from the impact that your statement/rebuttal is supposed to make. This image is courtesy of [pinterest.com](https://www.pinterest.com)

When you are speaking, **have your head up and look at your audience**, **don't only have your head down reading your notes.**



Try to say what you want to say as much in your own words as possible. This image shows a scene from the fourth Lincoln-Douglas Debate in Charleston, Illinois, on September 18, 1858. Abraham Lincoln is speaking. Senator Stephen A. Douglas is seated to the left of Lincoln. This image was created by Robert Marshall Root (1863-1937). This image is courtesy of art-now-and-then.blogspot.com.

When you make your one minute statement, or your rebuttal, don't just give us facts, or stories. Inform us how the facts and stories help to support your position, or to discredit the opposition's position.



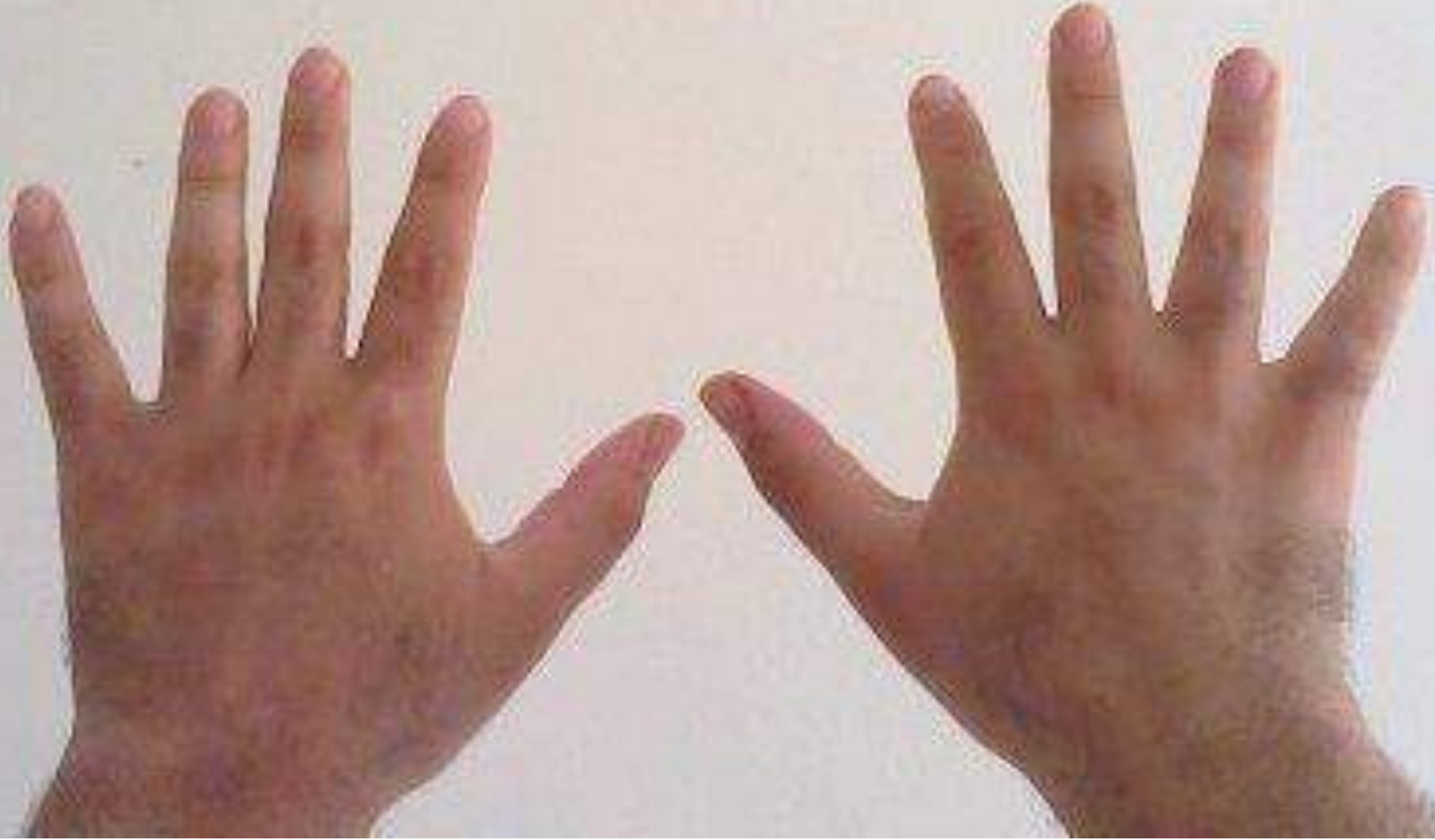
Just standing up and spouting off facts without context is not very effective. This image is courtesy of politifact.com.

If you are giving the opening or closing statement, don't be thrown off when the teacher tells you "30 Seconds."



That is just a warning to let you know how much time that you have to complete your opening or closing statement. This image is courtesy of digitalgrowth.ca.

Another reason to keep your head up is if you are giving a one minute statement or rebuttal, the teacher will hold up 10 fingers when ten seconds are left, and count down.



Don't panic, this is just for you to know to "wrap up" whatever statement that you are making. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

When one finishes their statement or rebuttal, everyone will clap.



Of course how much everyone claps will depend on the quality of the statement or rebuttal. This image is courtesy of clipart.com.

No debater is allowed to speak **3** times until everyone else on their team has had a chance to speak at least **1** time.



If there is extra time, we **might** have a chance for optional rebuttals, which are listed on your debate script. This image is courtesy of www.quazoo.com

While both sides speak, students should be taking notes on the debate script to help them during the time when it is their turn to speak.



At this point, one should be taking notes to help you in your rebuttal, and to respond to the other side's rebuttal. Keep your head down, do not show much emotion. Do not show your opponent how effective or laughable their arguments are. You will let them know how laughable their arguments are during the rebuttal. This image is courtesy of hercampus.com.

Another reason to keep your head down and take notes is that you are graded by how much you are paying attention during the debate.

3 Sources 12 Facts	2		
2 Sources 8 Facts	1.5		
Less than 2 Sources 8 Facts	1		
<hr/>			
5 Sources 5 Stories	3		
4 Sources 4 Stories	2.5		
3 Sources 3 Stories	2		
2 Sources 2 Stories	1.5		
Less than 2 Sources 2 Stories	1		
<hr/>			
Effective Speaking 3 Times	4		
Effective Speaking 2 Times	3		
Effective Speaking 1 Time	2		
<hr/>			
Position Statement Written	1-4		
<hr/>			
Debate Rules Followed			
Leadership, Debate Notes	1-4		
<hr/>			
All work is Neat, Readable Spelled Correctly, Turned in on Time	1-4		
<hr/>			
Basic Grade	18		
<hr/>			
Effective Opening Statement Verbally Presented	1-4		
<hr/>			
Effective Closing Statement Verbally Presented	1-4		
<hr/>			

One of the ways that your teacher can tell if you are paying attention is by the notes that you take. This image was created by Mr. Robert Housch.

Leadership is judged by how well you work with your fellow students in your huddles and how “engaged” you are in the huddles.



Don't just sit back and let everyone else talk all the time. Take charge of your own learning, and if you have something to say, attempt to say it. You are graded on your participation, not only on what your group does. This image was created by Mr. Robert Housch.

If someone says something outlandish, and/or controversial on the other side, you should answer that statement during the rebuttal. **Don't ignore it. Go after their statement.**



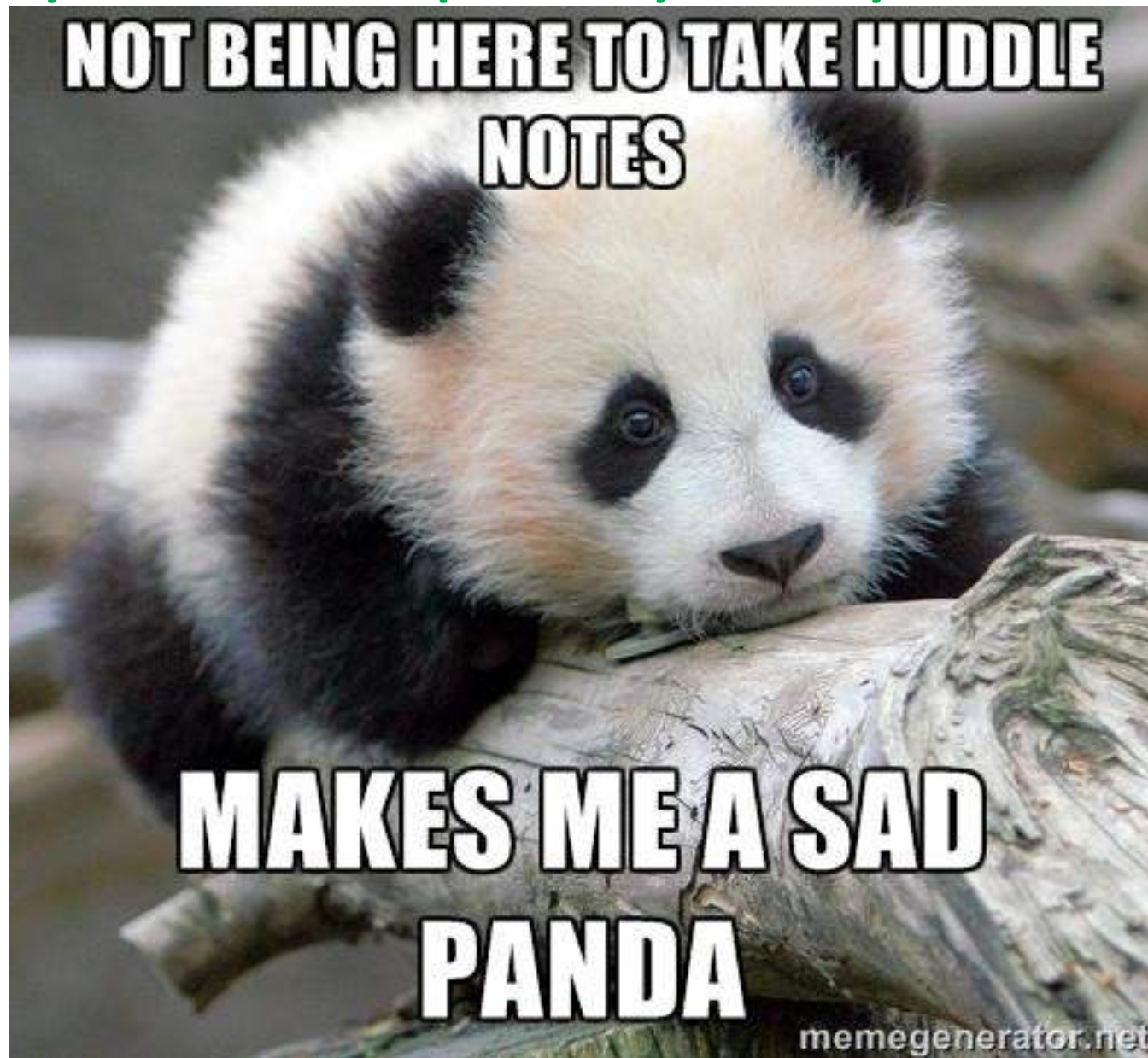
If you ignore it, then you must think the statement is true, and the other side will receive credit for making a “point” during the debate. Don't “talk past each other,” engage your opponent. This image is courtesy of usnews.com.

Use your Debate Scripts to understand exactly where we are in the debate, and what is being said in the debate.

Proposition:		Debate Script	Name		
		Circle: Prop or Opp	Period	Date	
#1	Proposition Opening Statement #1 3 Minutes	Speaker	Summarize		
#2	Opposition Opening Statement #1 3 Minutes	Speaker	Summarize		
#3	Proposition Opening Statement #2 3 Minutes (This statement will not cover points made in their previous Opening Statement)	Speaker	Summarize		
#4	Opposition Opening Statement #2 3 Minutes (This statement will not cover points made in their previous Opening Statement)	Speaker	Summarize		
#5	Opposition Statement #1 (1 Min.) Rebut a previous statement OR Make a fact based statement OR Tell a story/anecdote	Speaker	Summarize		
#6	Proposition Rebuttal #1 (1 Min.) Rebut a previous statement by an opponent, or ask an opponent a question about their statement	Speaker	Summarize		
#7	Proposition Statement #1 (1 Min.) Rebut a previous statement OR Make a fact based statement OR Tell a story/anecdote	Speaker	Summarize		
#8	Opposition Rebuttal #1 (1 Min.) Rebut a previous statement by an opponent, or ask an opponent a question about their statement	Speaker	Summarize		
#9	Opposition Statement #2 (1 Min.) Rebut a previous statement OR Make a fact based statement OR Tell a story/anecdote	Speaker	Summarize		
#10	Proposition Rebuttal #2 (1 Min.)	Speaker	Summarize		

The debate script shows step by step who is supposed to speak and when. The speakers and their subjects should also be on the board in front of you. Copy them down on the script. This image was created by Mr. Robert Housch.

Take your debate scripts with you into your “huddles.”



Taking notes during the huddles will help you to know exactly what you want to say during a rebuttal. This image is courtesy of memegenerator.net.

Remember what is the purpose of a Rebuttal.

Rebuttal!



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**
B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of inamage.com.

The debate ends with closing statements from both sides.



The “Proposition” side speaks first, followed by the “Opposition” side. A student should have already volunteered to do the closing statement for their side. When one does the Opening Statement or the closing statement, they receive “extra credit” for the debate. This image is courtesy of www2.humboldteducation.com.

The students will objectively vote on who they believe won the debate.



Notice we are not saying who is right or wrong, but who we believe won the debate.

This image is courtesy of www.satirecartoonists.com

The judges/moderators will objectively vote on who they believe won the debate.



WHO'S AWESOME?
YOU'RE AWESOME!

Notice we are not saying who is right or wrong, but who we believe won the debate.

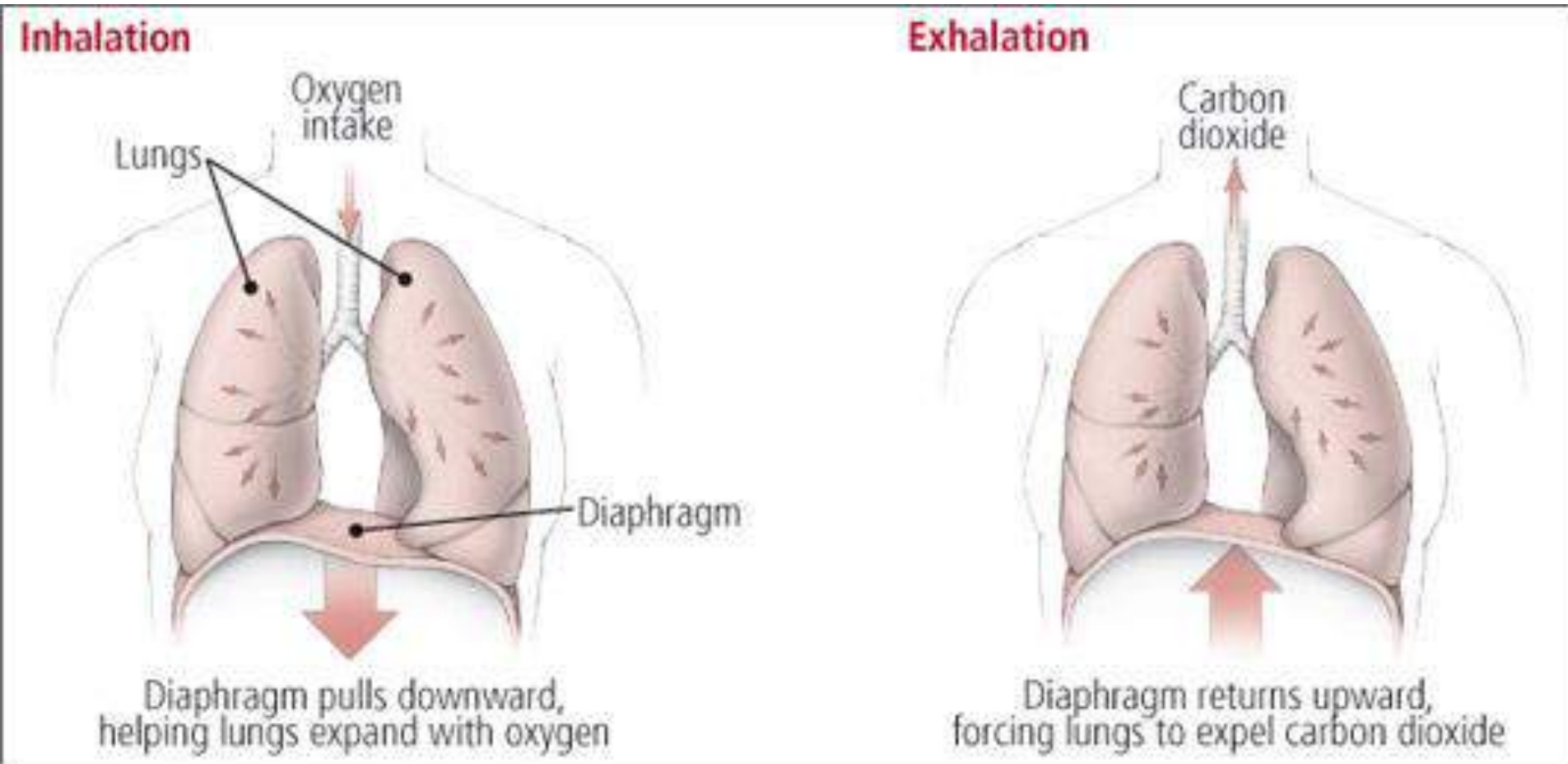
This image is courtesy of mannuhn.deviantart.com.

Your final grade for the debate will be placed on the Debate Rubric.

Name		Period	
Proposition		Prop or Opp?	
		Date	
Requirement	Points Breakdown	Points Earned	
5 Sources 20 Facts	3		
4 Sources 16 Facts	2.5		
3 Sources 12 Facts	2		
2 Sources 8 Facts	1.5		
Less than 2 Sources 8 Facts	1		
5 Sources 5 Stories	3		
4 Sources 4 Stories	2.5		
3 Sources 3 Stories	2		
2 Sources 2 Stories	1.5		
Less than 2 Sources 2 Stories	1		
Effective Speaking 3 Times	3		
Effective Speaking 2 Times	2		
Effective Speaking 1 Time	1		
Position Statement Written	1-4		
Debate Rules Followed			
Teacher Observation	1-4		
All work is Neat, Readable Spelled Correctly, Turned in on Time	1-4		
Basic Grade	18		
Effective Opening Statement Verbally Presented	1-4		
Effective Closing Statement Verbally Presented	1-4		
Group Recorder	1-4		

One may earn extra points by either giving the opening argument or the closing argument to their side of the debate. This image was created by Robert Housch.

Take a deep breath and let it out slowly, a good debater is a relaxed debater.



Now start thinking clearly. This image is courtesy of harvard.edu.

The government has a right to spy on its citizens in order to better protect its citizens.



This image is courtesy of healthinforwars.blogspot.com

#1

Proposition Opening Statement #1

Approximately 3 Minutes



Each opening statement will include **both side's opinion**, and a brief overview of the supporting evidence for those opinions. To understand an opponent's weaknesses, one must understand their opinions and the source of their opinions.

This image is courtesy of englin.net.

#2

Opposition Opening Statement #1

Approximately 3 Minutes



Each opening statement will include **both side's opinion**, and a brief overview of the supporting evidence for those opinions. To understand an opponent's weaknesses, one must understand their opinions and the source of their opinions.

This image is courtesy of chicagofreedomforum.blog.spot.com.

#3

Proposition Opening Statement #2

Approximately 3 Minutes



Each opening statement will include **both side's opinion**, and a brief overview of the supporting evidence for those opinions. To understand an opponent's weaknesses, one must understand their opinions and the source of their opinions.

This image is courtesy of englin.net.

#4

Opposition Opening Statement #2

Approximately 3 Minutes



Each opening statement will include **both side's opinion**, and a brief overview of the supporting evidence for those opinions. To understand an opponent's weaknesses, one must understand their opinions and the source of their opinions.

This image is courtesy of chicagofreedomforum.blogspot.com.

The moderator will allow the students from each side to “huddle” for 45 seconds before they respond to the statement.



During the “huddle,” they will explain to each other the weaknesses of the other side, and what information that they must find to refute their opponent’s attack. They should make a rebuttal to one of the opposition’s previous statements. This image is courtesy of vistahumanities19.wikispaces.com

#5

Proposition **Rebuttal** to Opening Statements

Approximately 1 Minute

Rebuttal!



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of inanage.com.

#6

Opposition Rebuttal to Opening Statements

Approximately 1 Minute



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#7

Proposition Statement #1
Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can: A. Rebut a previous statement,
B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#8

Opposition Statement #1
Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#9

Proposition Statement #2
Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#10

Opposition Statement #2

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

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#11

Proposition **Rebuttal** #1 & #2

Approximately 1 Minute

Rebuttal!



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**
B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of inanage.com.

#12

Opposition Rebuttal #1 & #2

Approximately 1 Minute



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#13

Proposition Statement #3

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#14

Opposition Statement #3

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#15

Proposition Statement #4

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#16

Opposition Statement #4

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

The moderator will allow the students from each side to “huddle” for 45 seconds before they respond to the statement.



During the “huddle,” they will explain to each other the weaknesses of the other side, and what information that they must find to refute their opponent’s attack. They should make a rebuttal to one of the opposition’s previous statements. This image is courtesy of vistahumanities19.wikispaces.com

#17

Proposition **Rebuttal** #3 & #4

Approximately 1 Minute

Rebuttal!



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of inanage.com.

#18

Opposition Rebuttal #3 & #4

Approximately 1 Minute



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#19

Proposition Statement #5

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#20

Opposition Statement #5

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#21

Proposition Statement #6

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#22

Opposition Statement #6

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

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#23

Proposition **Rebuttal** #5 & #6

Approximately 1 Minute

Rebuttal!



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**
B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of inanage.com.

#24

Opposition Rebuttal #5 & #6

Approximately 1 Minute



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

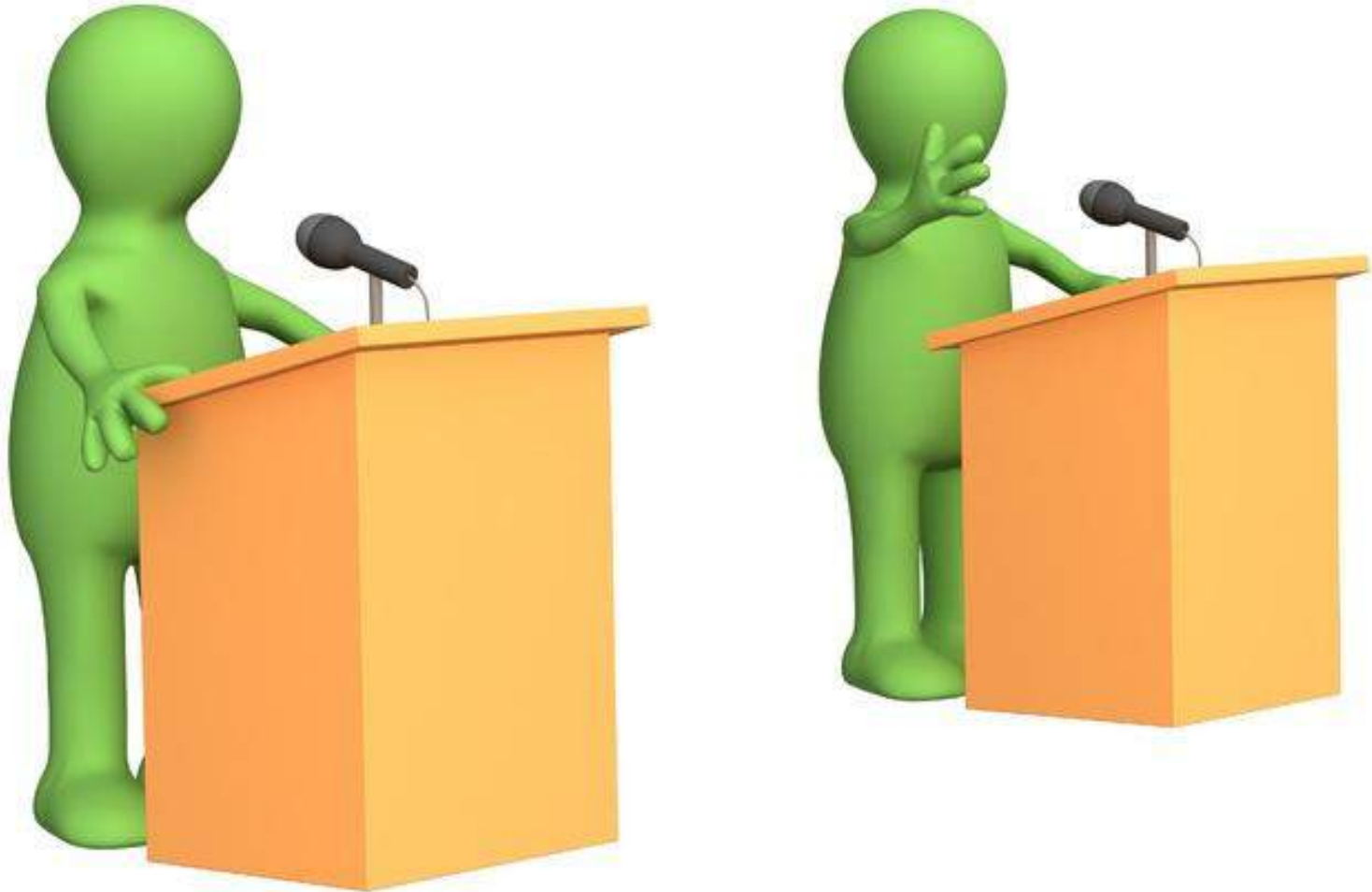
B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#25

Proposition Statement #7

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#26

Opposition Statement #7

Approximately 1 Minute



- These statements can:
- A. Rebut a previous statement,
 - B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
 - C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#27

Proposition Statement #8

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#28

Opposition Statement #8

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

The moderator will allow the students from each side to “huddle” for 45 seconds before they respond to the statement.



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#29

Proposition **Rebuttal** #7 & #8

Approximately 1 Minute

Rebuttal!



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of inanage.com.

#30

Opposition Rebuttal #7 & #8

Approximately 1 Minute



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#31

Proposition Statement #9

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#32

Opposition Statement #9

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#33

Proposition Statement #10

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#34

Opposition Statement #10

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

The moderator will allow the students from each side to “huddle” for 45 seconds before they respond to the statement.



During the “huddle,” they will explain to each other the weaknesses of the other side, and what information that they must find to refute their opponent’s attack. They should make a rebuttal to one of the opposition’s previous statements. This image is courtesy of vistahumanities19.wikispaces.com

#35

Proposition **Rebuttal** #9 & #10

Approximately 1 Minute

Rebuttal!



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**
B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of inanage.com.

#36

Opposition Rebuttal #9 & #10

Approximately 1 Minute



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#37

Proposition Statement #11

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can: A. Rebut a previous statement,
B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#38

Opposition Statement #11

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

#39

Proposition Statement #12

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of abcgreatpix.com.

#40

Opposition Statement #12

Approximately 1 Minute



These statements can:

- A. Rebut a previous statement,
- B. Make a fact based statement that you have already prepared.
- C. Tell a story/anecdote that you have already prepared.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

The moderator will allow the students from each side to “huddle” for 45 seconds before they respond to the statement.



During the “huddle,” they will explain to each other the weaknesses of the other side, and what information that they must find to refute their opponent’s attack. They should make a rebuttal to one of the opposition’s previous statements. This image is courtesy of vistahumanities19.wikispaces.com

#41

Proposition **Rebuttal** #11 & #12

Approximately 1 Minute

Rebuttal!



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of inanage.com.

#42

Opposition Rebuttal #11 & #12

Approximately 1 Minute



During Rebuttal, a student should: A. Rebut a previous statement by an opponent **OR**

B. Ask a specific opponent a question about the opponent's previous statement.

This image is courtesy of keepcalm0matic.co.uk.

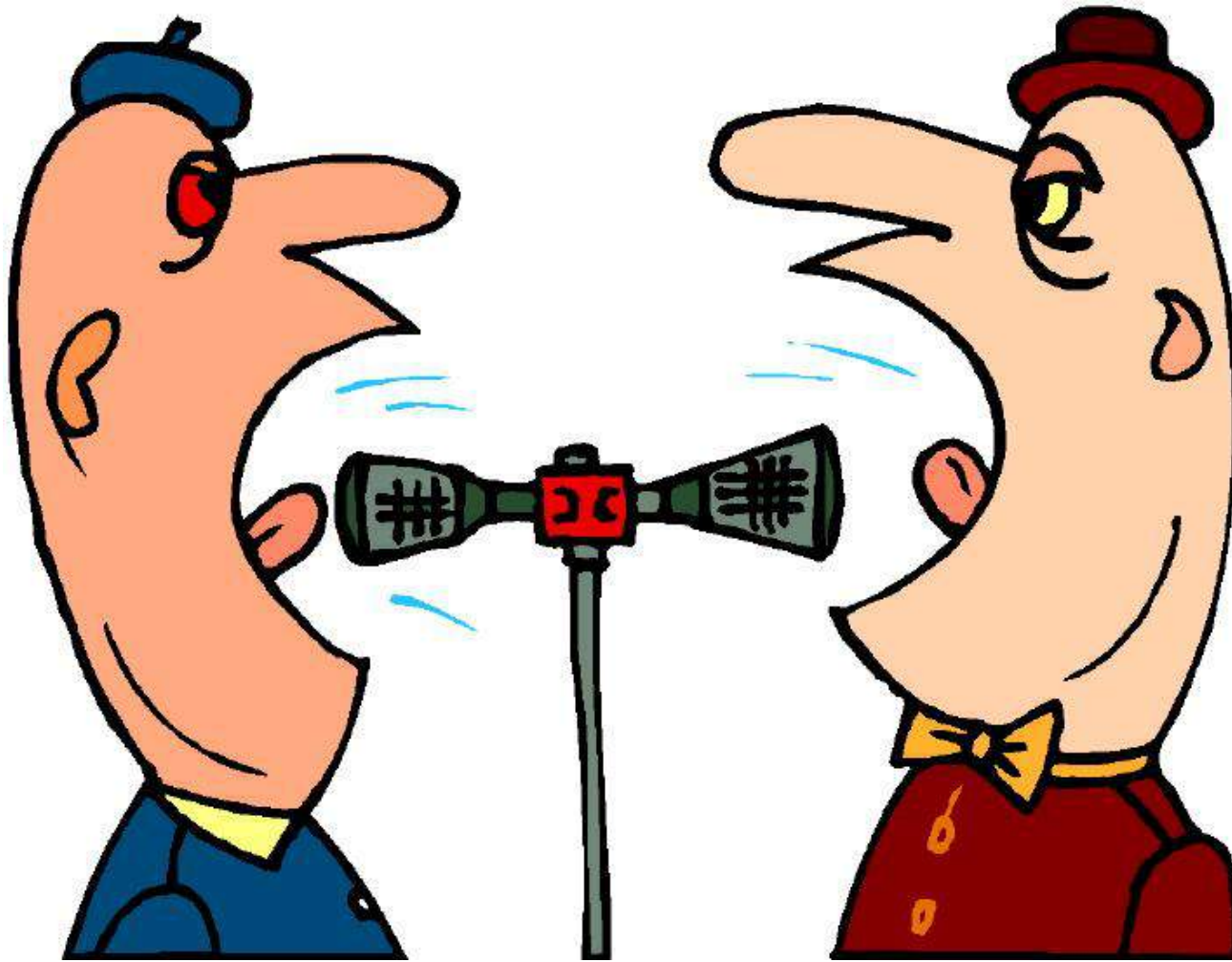
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#43

Optional Rebuttal #1
Approximately 1 Minute

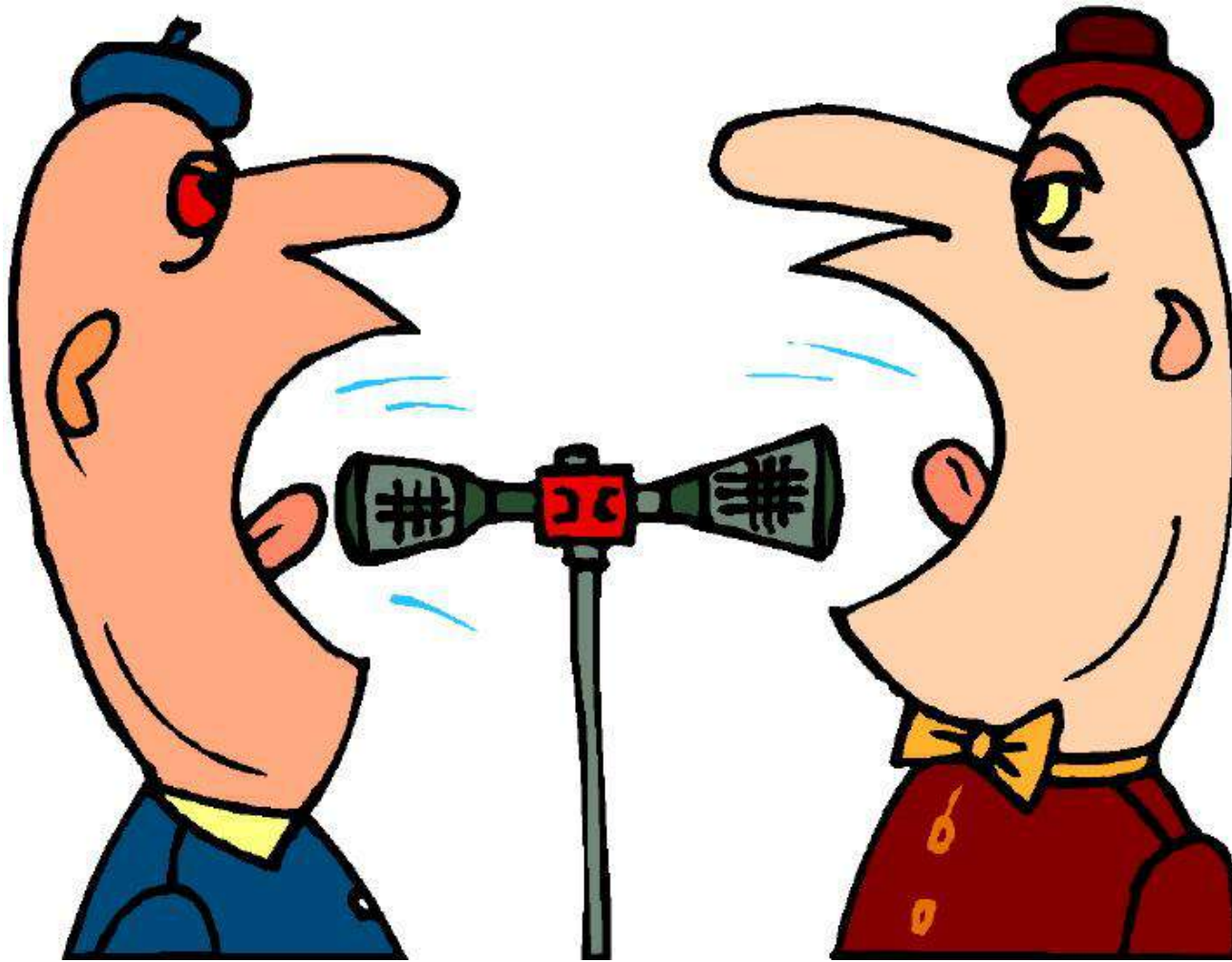


If there is time during the debate some students might want to speak more. They can rebut any previous statement from the other side. Priority is first given to those students who have only spoken one time. The next priority for this spot is for someone who has only spoken twice. The last priority for this spot is for someone who has spoken three times.

This image is courtesy of technode.com.

#44

Optional Rebuttal #2
Approximately 1 Minute



If there is time during the debate some students might want to speak more. They can rebut any previous statement from the other side. Priority is first given to those students who have only spoken one time. The next priority for this spot is for someone who has only spoken twice. The last priority for this spot is for someone who has spoken three times.

This image is courtesy of technode.com.

#45

Proposition Closing Statement #1

Approximately 3 Minutes



You will restate your side's opinion with strong supporting evidence, not the opposition's opinion. Each student should have a closing statement ready in case they are called upon to make a closing statement. This image is courtesy of scienceskepticism.blogspot.com.

#46

Opposition Closing Statement #1

Approximately 3 Minutes

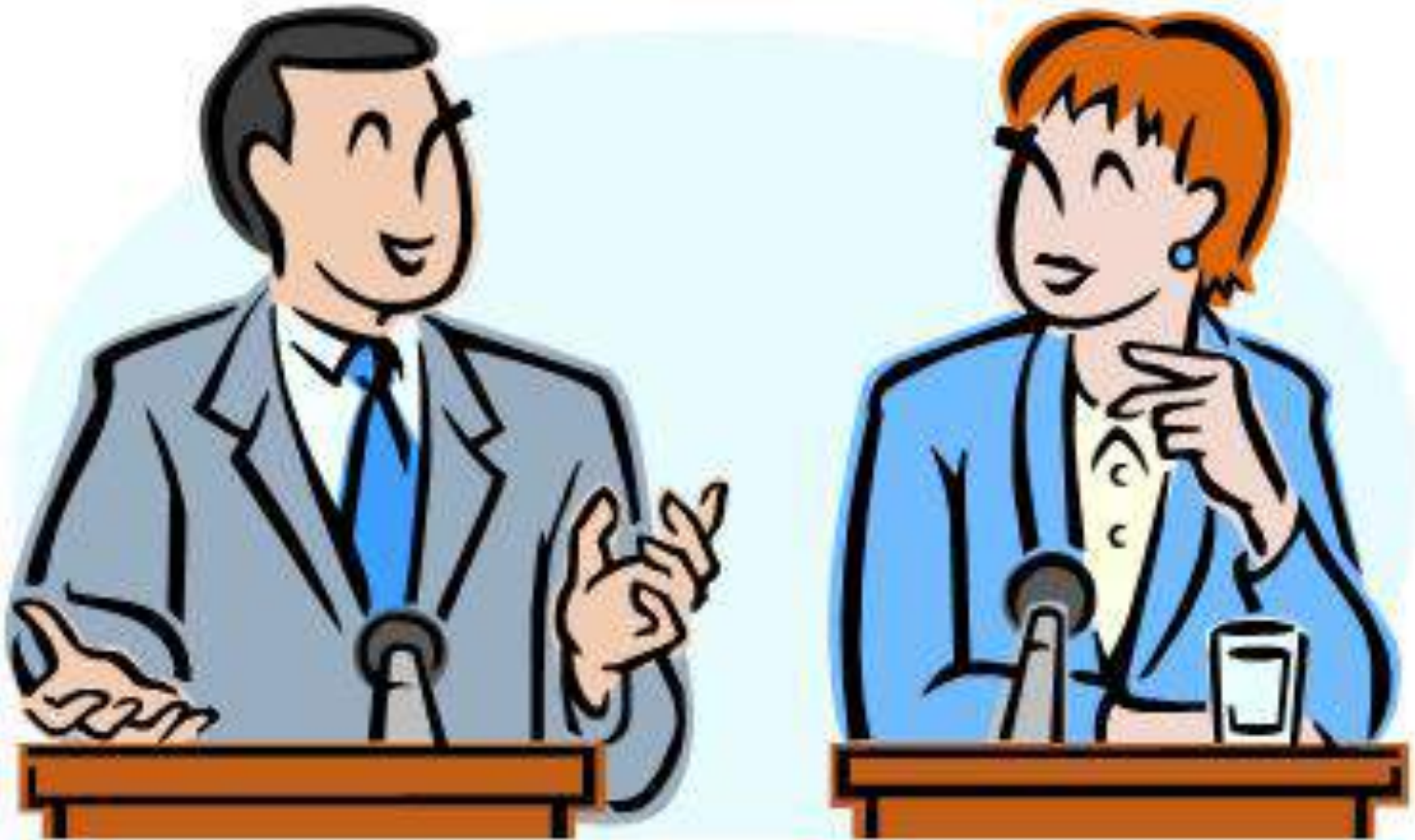


You will restate your side's opinion with strong supporting evidence, not the opposition's opinion. Each student should have a closing statement ready in case they are called upon to make a closing statement. This image is courtesy of jewishtribune.ca.

#47

Proposition Closing Statement #2 (if needed)

Approximately 3 Minutes



You will restate your side's opinion with strong supporting evidence, not the opposition's opinion. Each student should have a closing statement ready in case they are called upon to make a closing statement. This image is courtesy of scienceskepticism.blogspot.com.

#48

Opposition Closing Statement #2 (if needed)

Approximately 3 Minutes



You will restate your side's opinion with strong supporting evidence, not the opposition's opinion. Each student should have a closing statement ready in case they are called upon to make a closing statement. This image is courtesy of jewishtribune.ca.

Staple your rubric to the front of your debate packet, and place it in the white basket.



Make sure your name is on the rubric. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

The students will objectively vote on who they believe won the debate.



Notice we are not saying who is right or wrong, but who we believe won the debate.

This image is courtesy of www.satirecartoonists.com

You should have received a small piece of paper. Write on it who you think won the debate, give 3 reasons why you think that side won the debate, fold it in half, and place it in the box on the white table.



Notice that you are not voting who is right or wrong on this subject, but on which side you believe won the debate. This image is courtesy of nodiman.en.made-in-china.com

The judges/moderators will objectively vote on who they believe won the debate.



WHO'S AWESOME?
YOU'RE AWESOME!

Notice we are not saying who is right or wrong, but who we believe won the debate.

This image is courtesy of mannuhn.deviantart.com.

Your final grade for the debate will be placed on the Debate Rubric.

Name		Period	
Proposition		Prop or Opp?	
		Date	
Requirement	Points Breakdown	Points Earned	
5 Sources 20 Facts	3		
4 Sources 16 Facts	2.5		
3 Sources 12 Facts	2		
2 Sources 8 Facts	1.5		
Less than 2 Sources 8 Facts	1		
5 Sources 5 Stories	3		
4 Sources 4 Stories	2.5		
3 Sources 3 Stories	2		
2 Sources 2 Stories	1.5		
Less than 2 Sources 2 Stories	1		
Effective Speaking 3 Times	3		
Effective Speaking 2 Times	2		
Effective Speaking 1 Time	1		
Position Statement Written	1-4		
Debate Rules Followed			
Teacher Observation	1-4		
All work is Neat, Readable Spelled Correctly, Turned in on Time	1-4		
Basic Grade	18		
Effective Opening Statement Verbally Presented	1-4		
Effective Closing Statement Verbally Presented	1-4		
Group Recorder	1-4		

One may earn extra points by either giving the opening argument or the closing argument to their side of the debate. This image was created by Robert Housch.