

LEQ: What battle in the East is known as the “turning point” of the Civil War?



This image is titled “Battle of Gettysburg.” It depicts Pickett’s Charge on July 3, 1863 when Confederates led by Brigadier General Lewis Armistead attempt to reach some cannon in the Union line on Cemetery Ridge. This image was created in 1887 by Thure de Thulstrup (1848-1930) for Louis Prang & Company, Boston, Massachusetts. This image was restored by Adam Cuerden. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons and the Library of Congress.

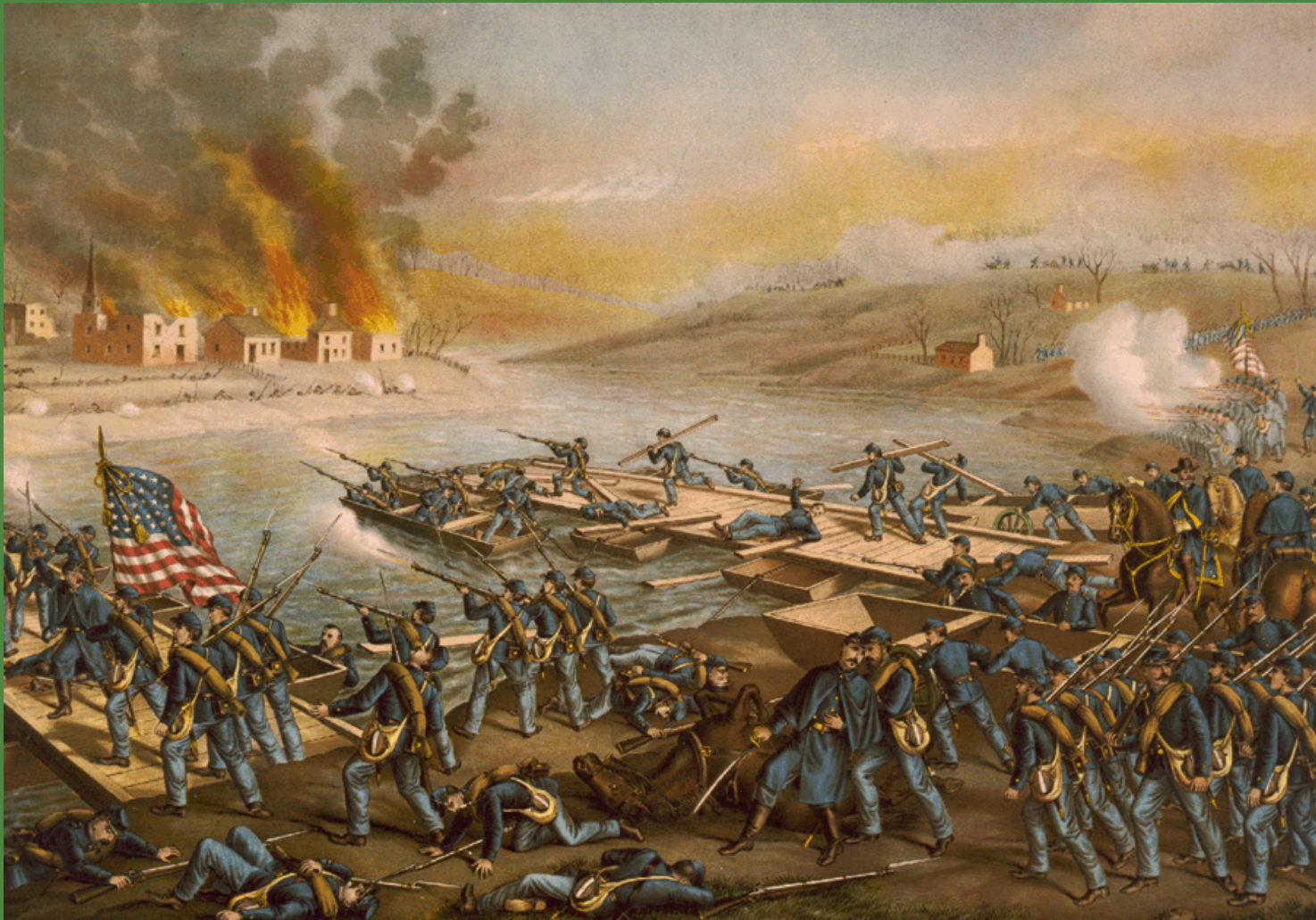
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Gettysburg



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The American Civil War's Eastern Theater (Part 2)



This image shows United States soldiers attempting to build a pontoon bridge across the Rappahannock River at Fredericksburg, Virginia. Confederates from Barksdale's Mississippi Brigade are in the buildings on the other side of the river and are firing at the Union soldiers building the bridge. This image is titled "Battle of Fredericksburg: The Army of the Potomac crossing the Rappahannock in the morning of December 13, 1862 under the command of Generals Burnside, Sumner, Hooker & Franklin." This event actually took place on December 11, 1862. This image was created by Kurz & Allison in 1888. This image is courtesy the Library of Congress.

The American Civil War's Eastern Theater (Part 2) Basics

Vocabulary



This image is from wordinfo.info.

President Lincoln's act that declared slavery illegal in the Confederate States.



This painting is titled "First Reading of the Emancipation Proclamation of President Lincoln." This event took place on July 22, 1862. This painting was created in 1864 by Francis Bicknell Carpenter (1830-1900). This image is courtesy of senate.gov.

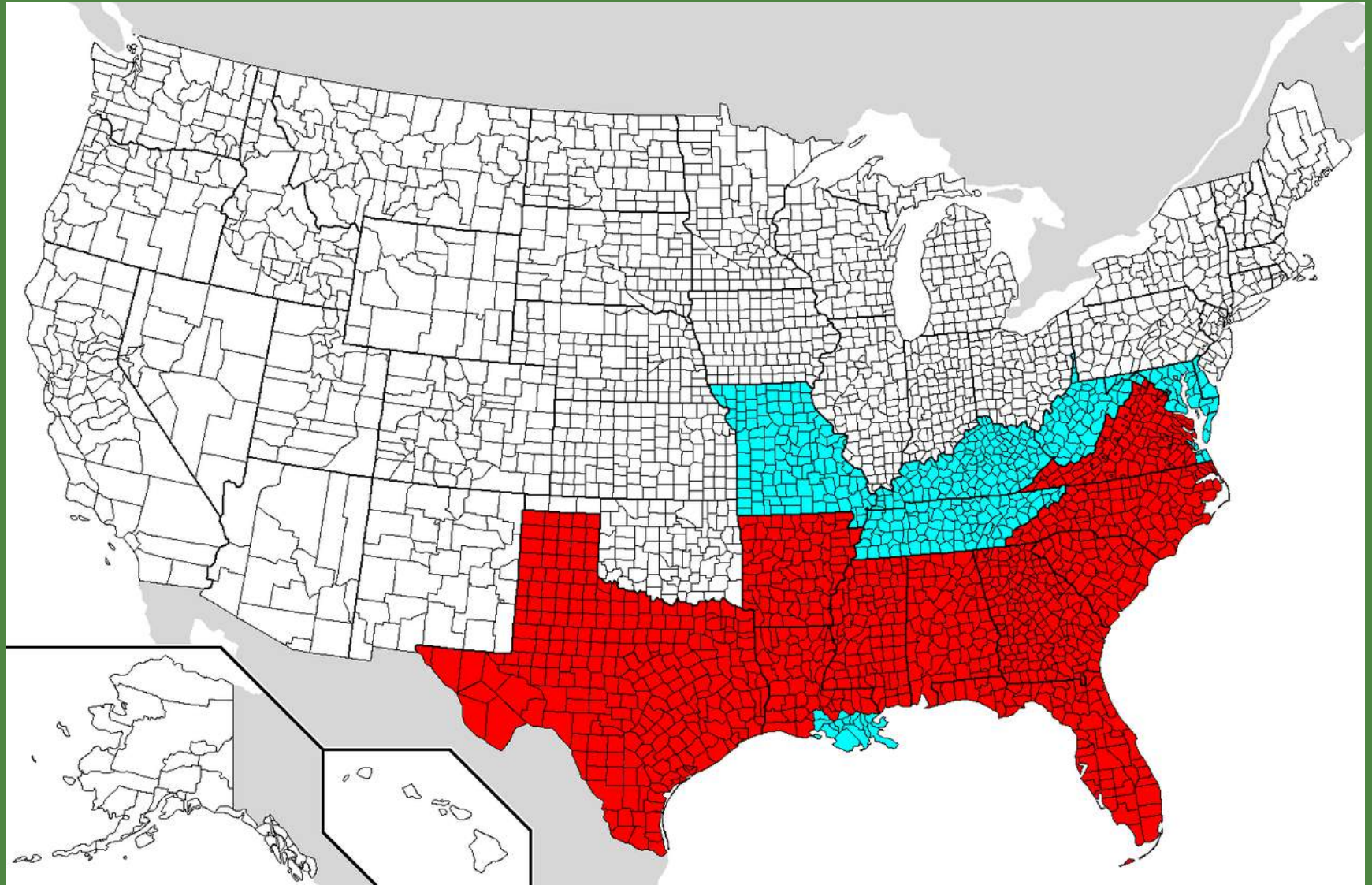
Emancipation Proclamation

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The Emancipation Proclamation applied only to lands outside of federal control until Union armies occupied those lands.



The Emancipation Proclamation went into effect on January 1, 1863. Slaves were not freed in the areas colored blue. They were border states, or territory already occupied by Union forces on January 1, 1863. The proclamation covered the areas colored red. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

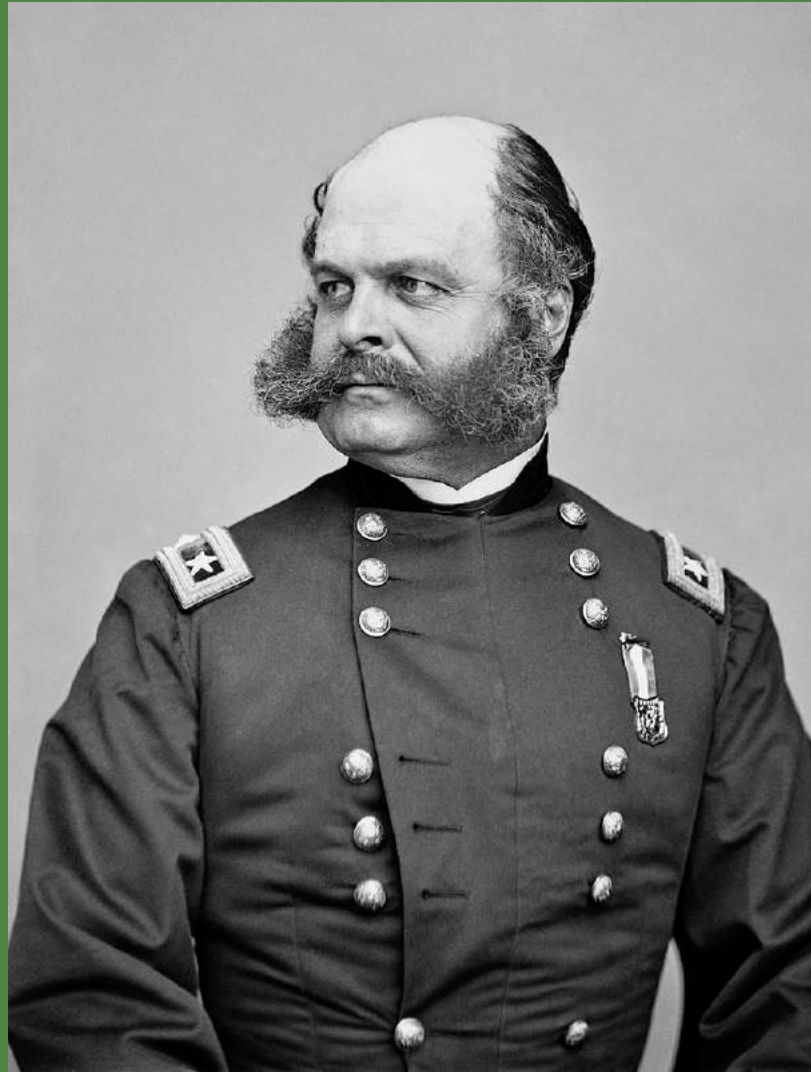
The American Civil War's Eastern Theater (Part 2)

People to Meet



This photograph shows the staff of United States Major General George G. Meade (1822-1896), who is standing in the center of the group. This image was taken by Timothy H. O'Sullivan (1840-1882) at Culpeper, Virginia in September, 1863. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress.

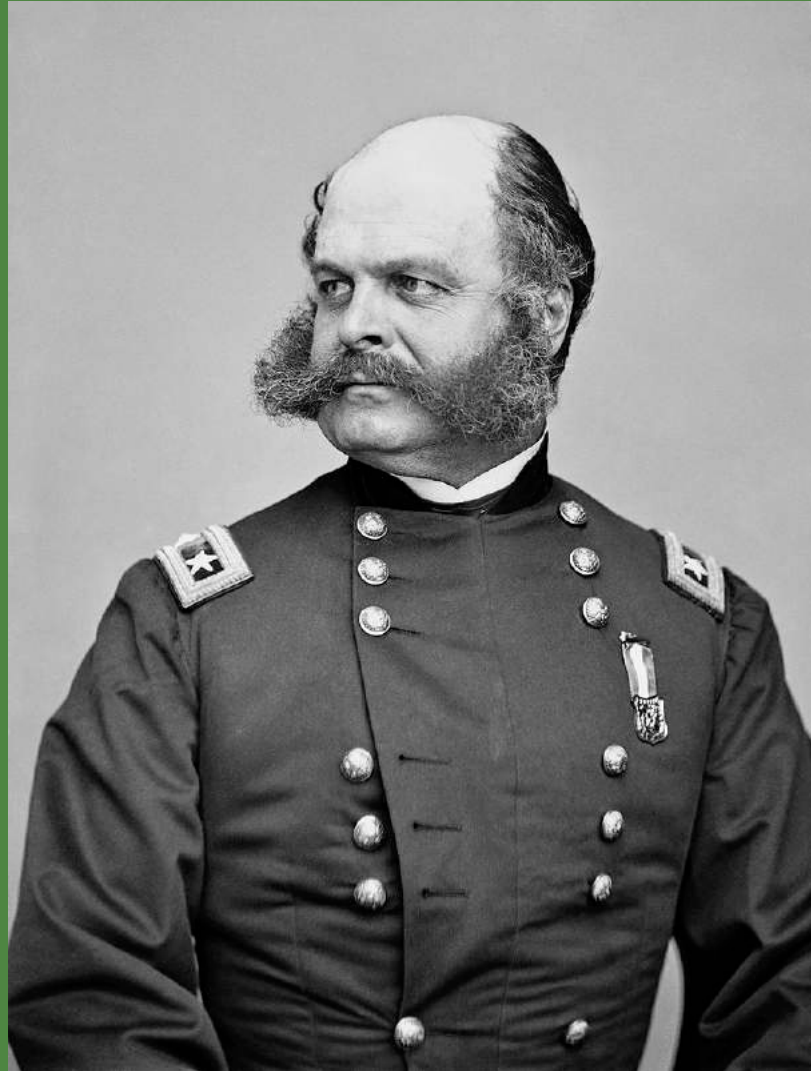
United States Army Major General who commanded the Army of the Potomac, and lost the Battle of Fredericksburg.



The distinctive facial hair of United States Major General Ambrose Burnside (1824-1881) became known as "sideburns." This image was taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) circa 1863. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress.

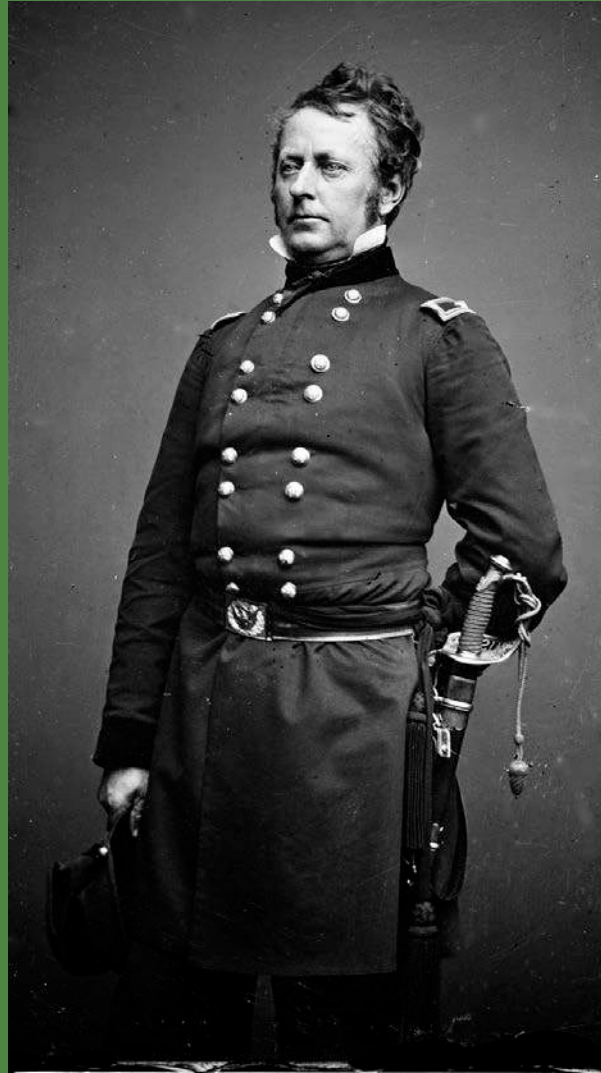
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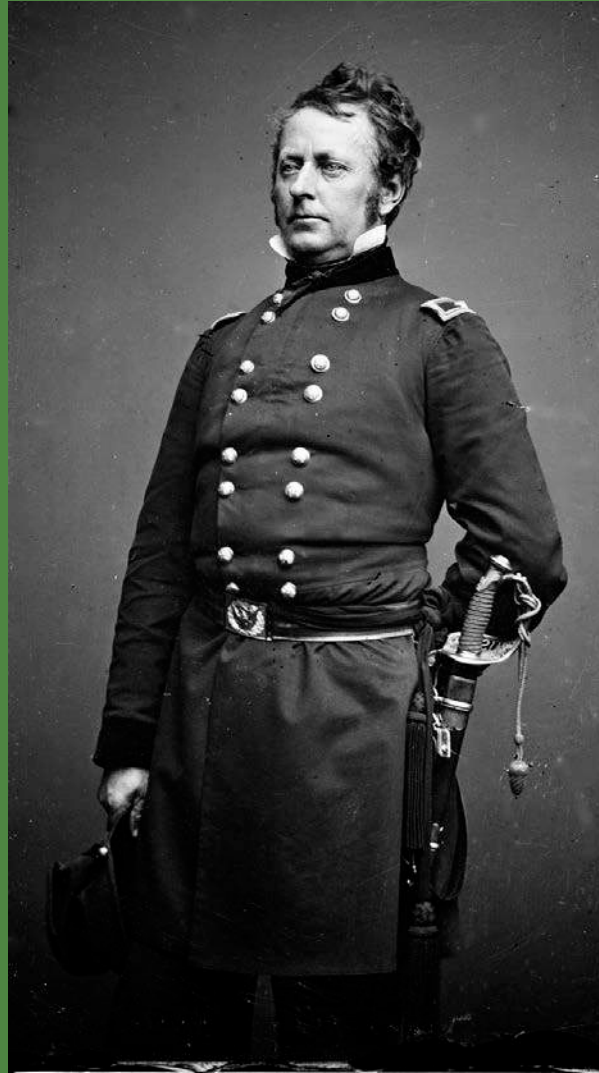
United States Army Major General who commanded the Army of the Potomac, and lost the Battle of Chancellorsville.



United States Major General Joseph Hooker (1814-1879) became known as “Fighting Joe” following a clerical error by a journalist. This image was taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) circa 1861. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

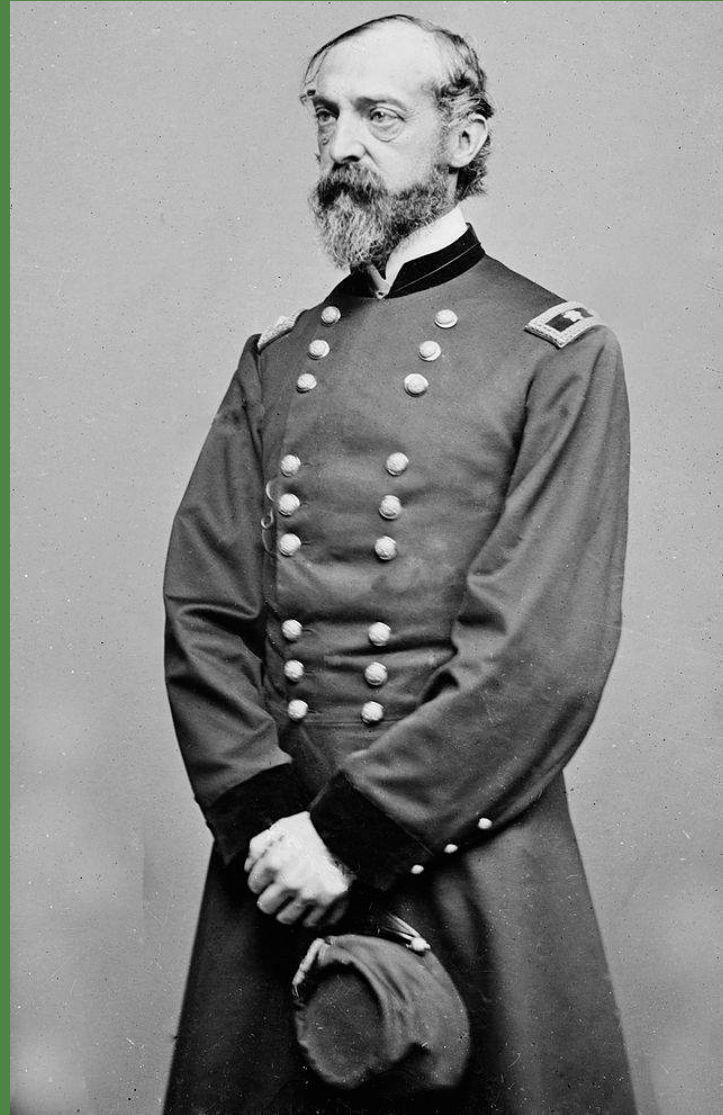
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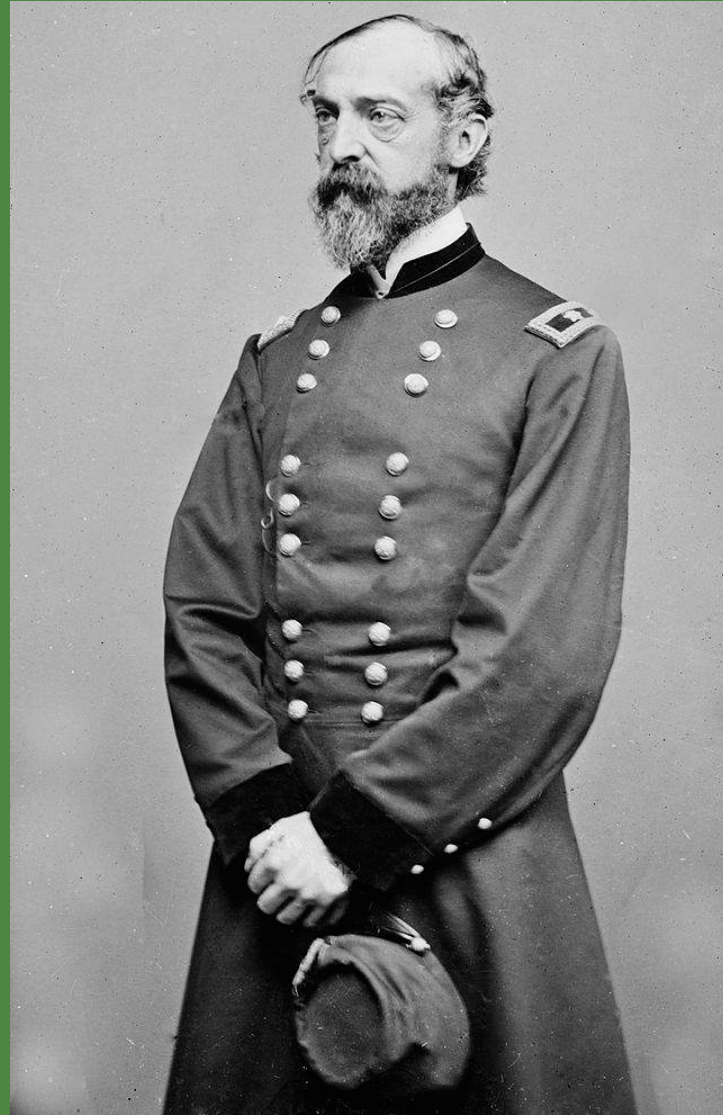
United States Army Major General who commanded the Army of the Potomac, and won the Battle of Gettysburg.



This image of United States Major General George Gordon Meade (1815-1872) was taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) circa 1863. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress.

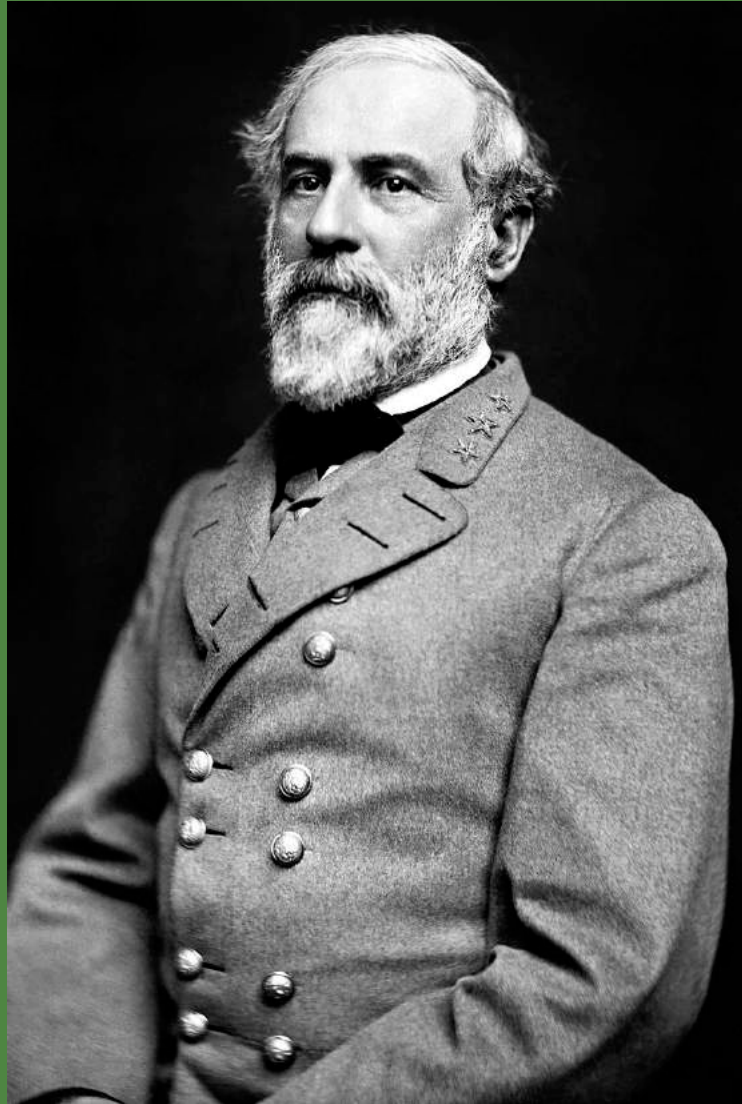
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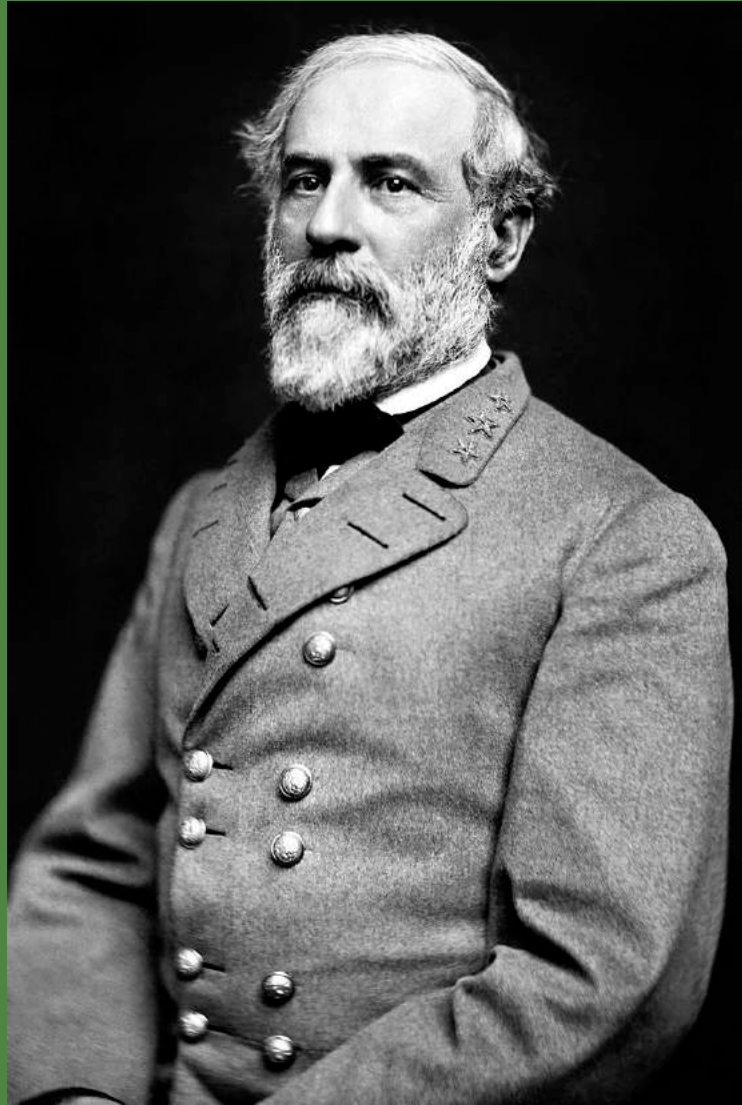
Confederate States General who commanded the most important Confederate army in the Eastern Theater during the American Civil War.



Robert E. Lee (1807-1870) named his army the Army of Northern Virginia. This image was taken by Julian Vannerson (1827-1875) in 1864. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress and of Wikimedia Commons.

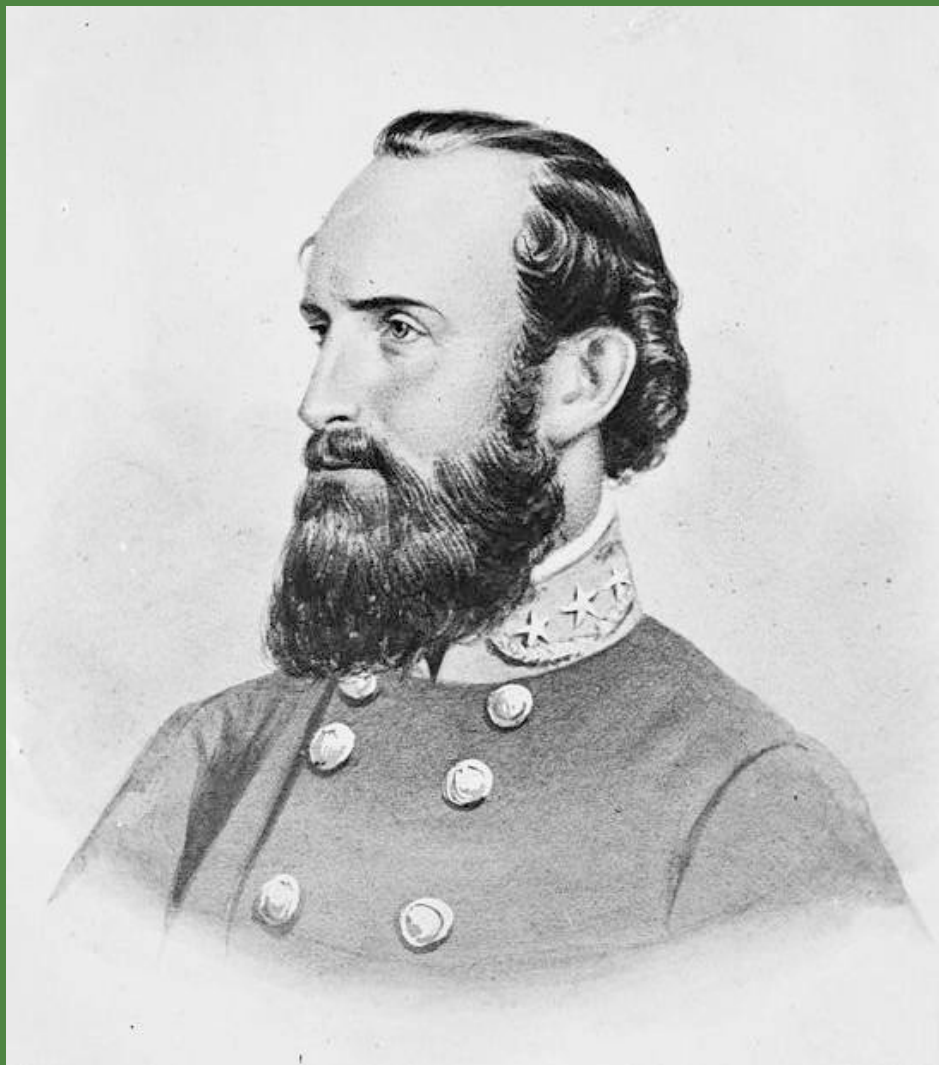
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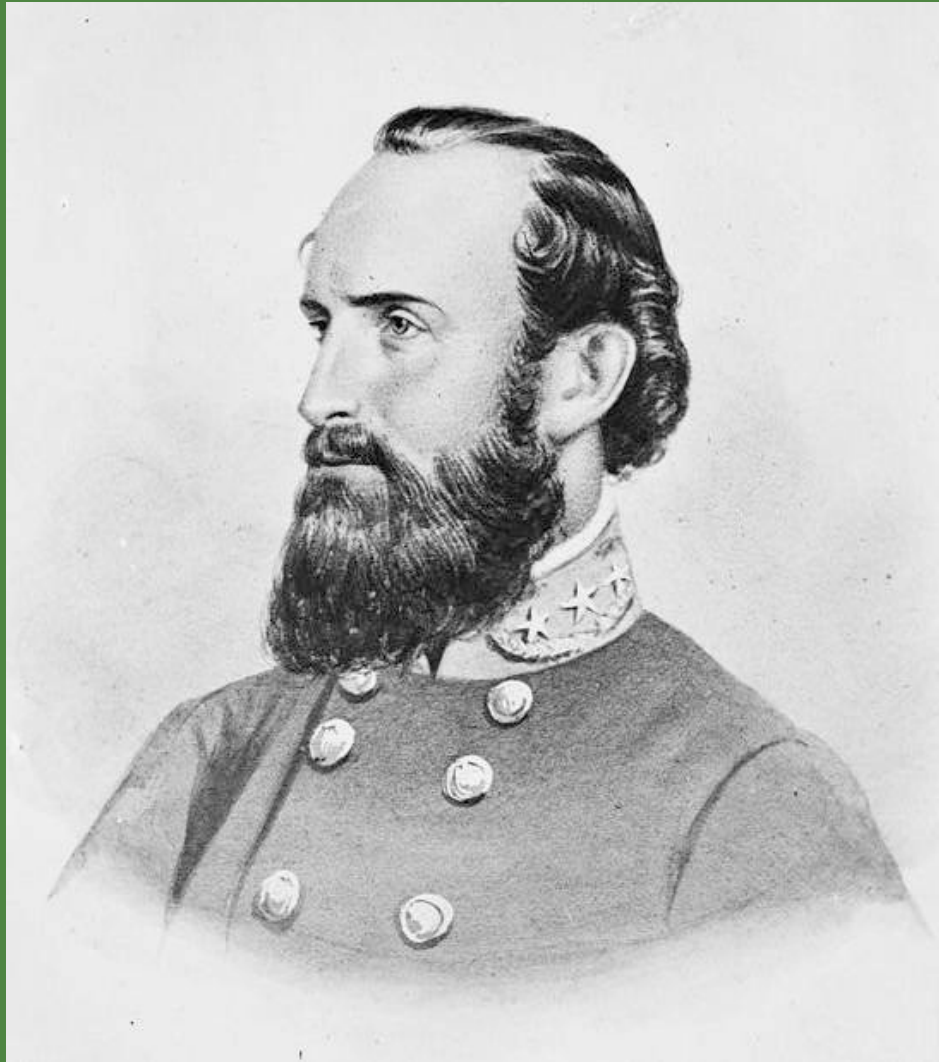
Confederate States Army Lieutenant General who was shot by his own men during the Confederate victory at Chancellorsville, Virginia.



Thomas Jonathan Jackson (1824-1863) served in the United States Army during the Mexican-American War and was a professor at the Virginia Military Institute before the American Civil War. This image was created circa the 1860s.

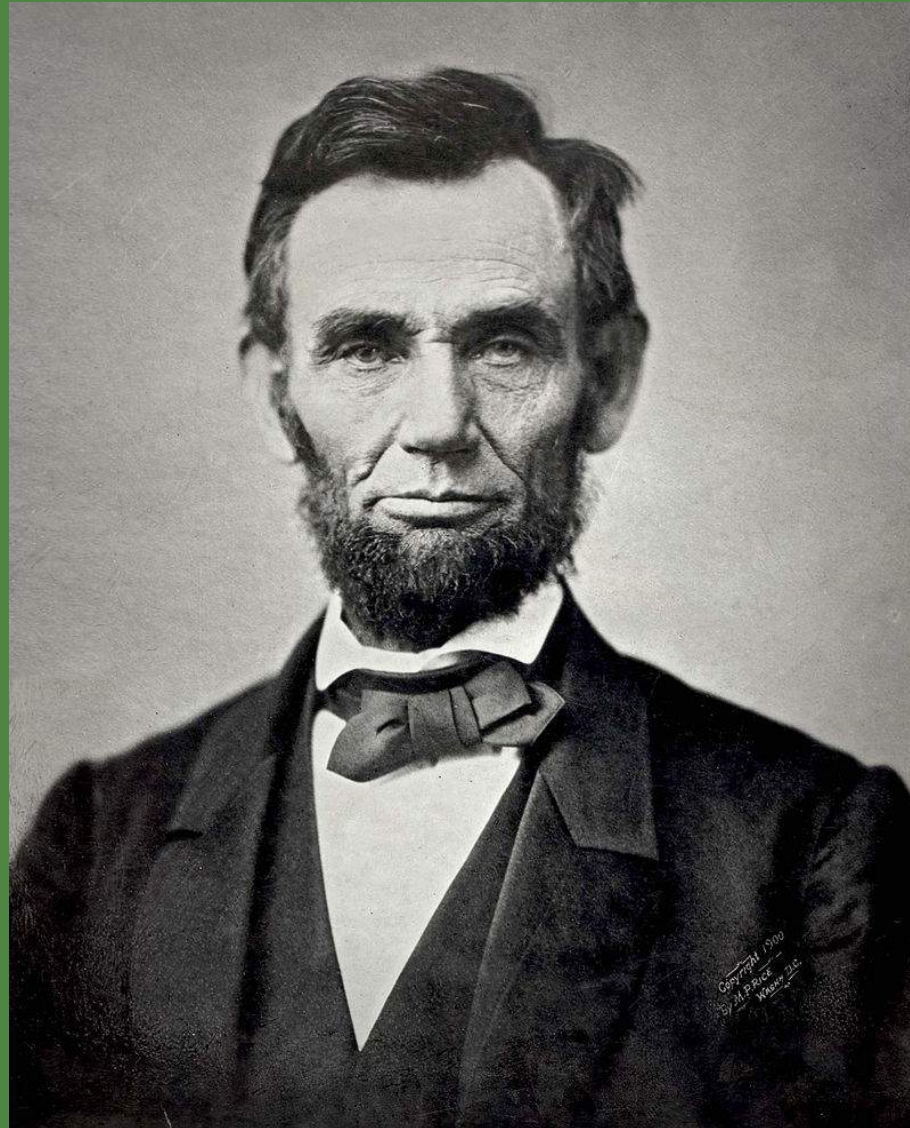
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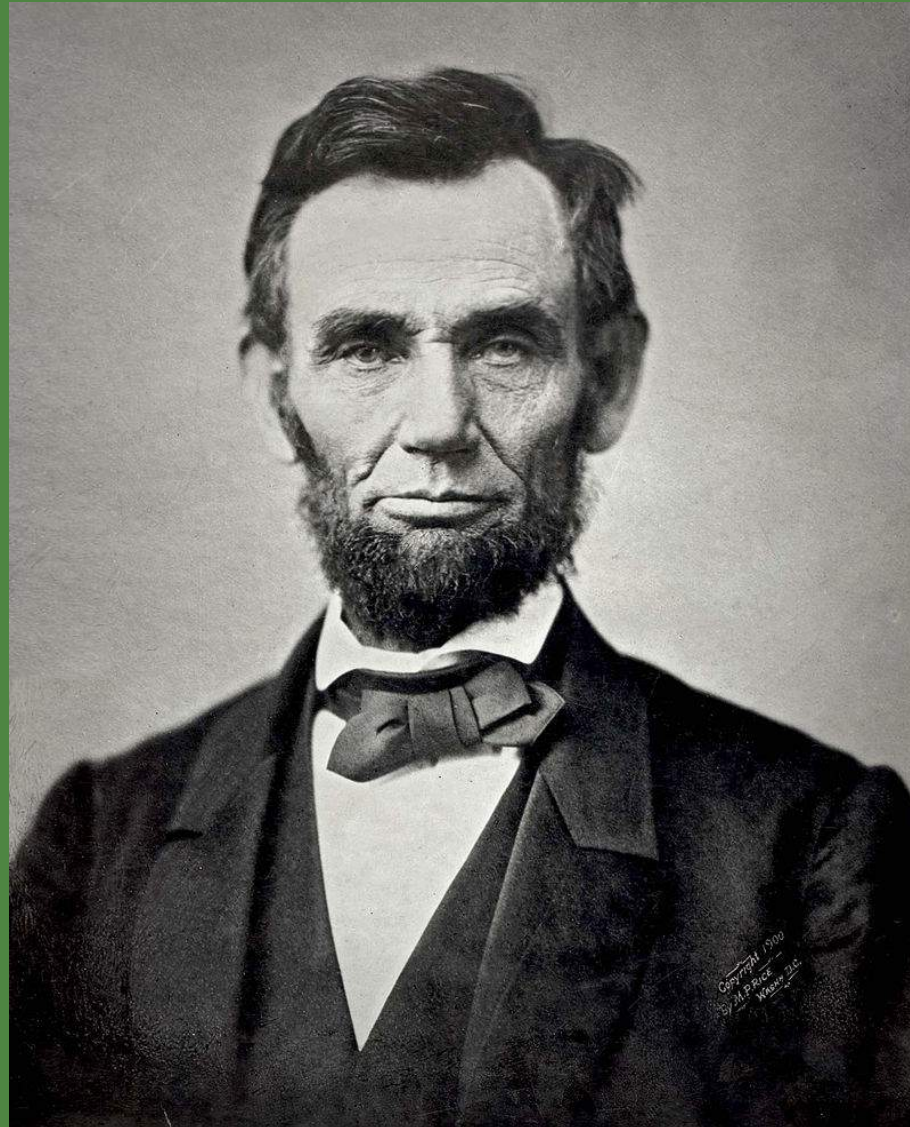
The President of the United States for most of the American Civil War.



Abraham Lincoln (1809-1865) took office on March 4, 1861 after seven southern states had seceded to form the Confederate States of America. This image was taken by Alexander Gardner (1821-1882) on November 8, 1863. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

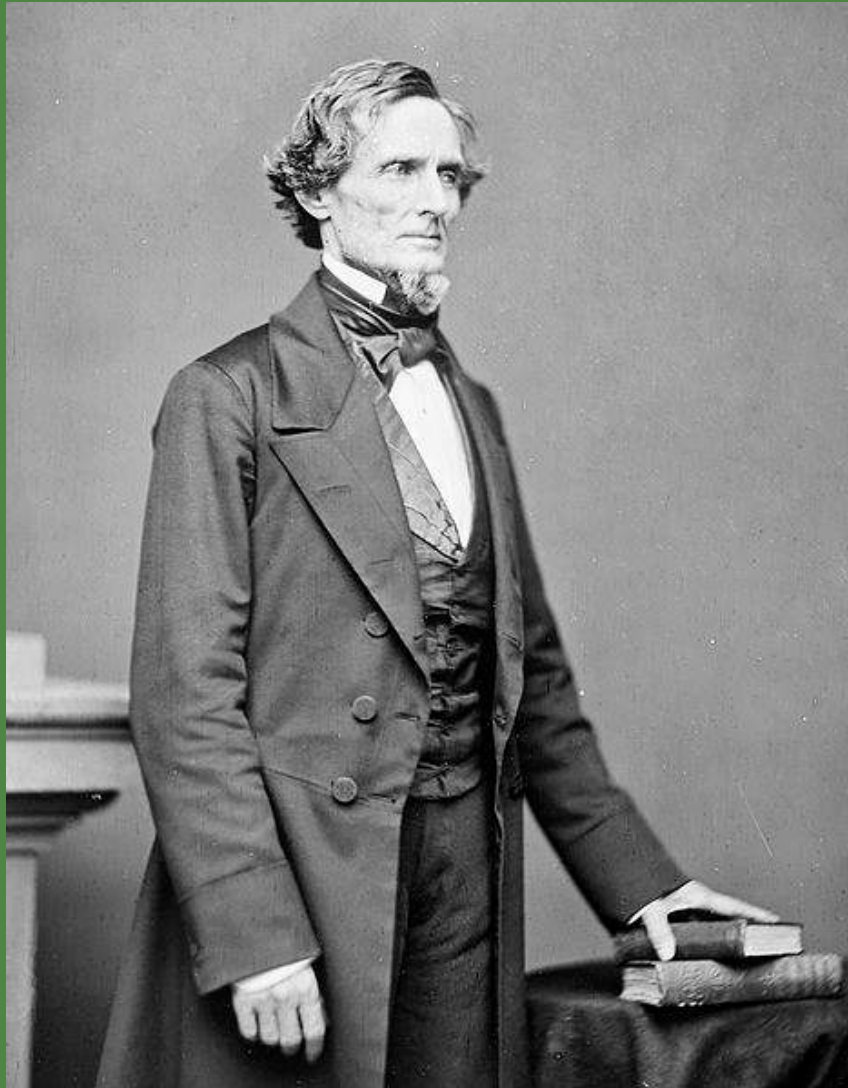
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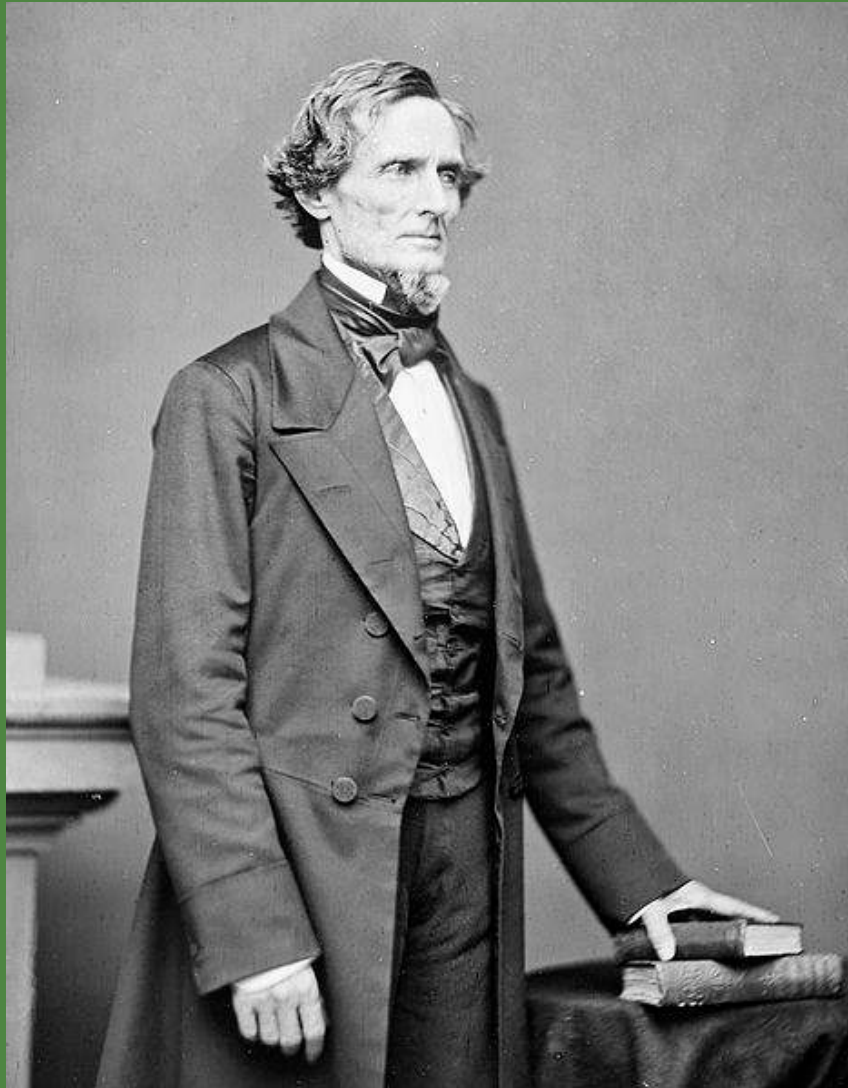
The first and only President of the Confederate States of America.



Jefferson Finis Davis (1808-1889) was born in Kentucky, was a graduate of the United States Military Academy at West Point, and served in the Mexican American War. He was Secretary of War under Franklin Pierce. This image was taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) circa 1861. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress.

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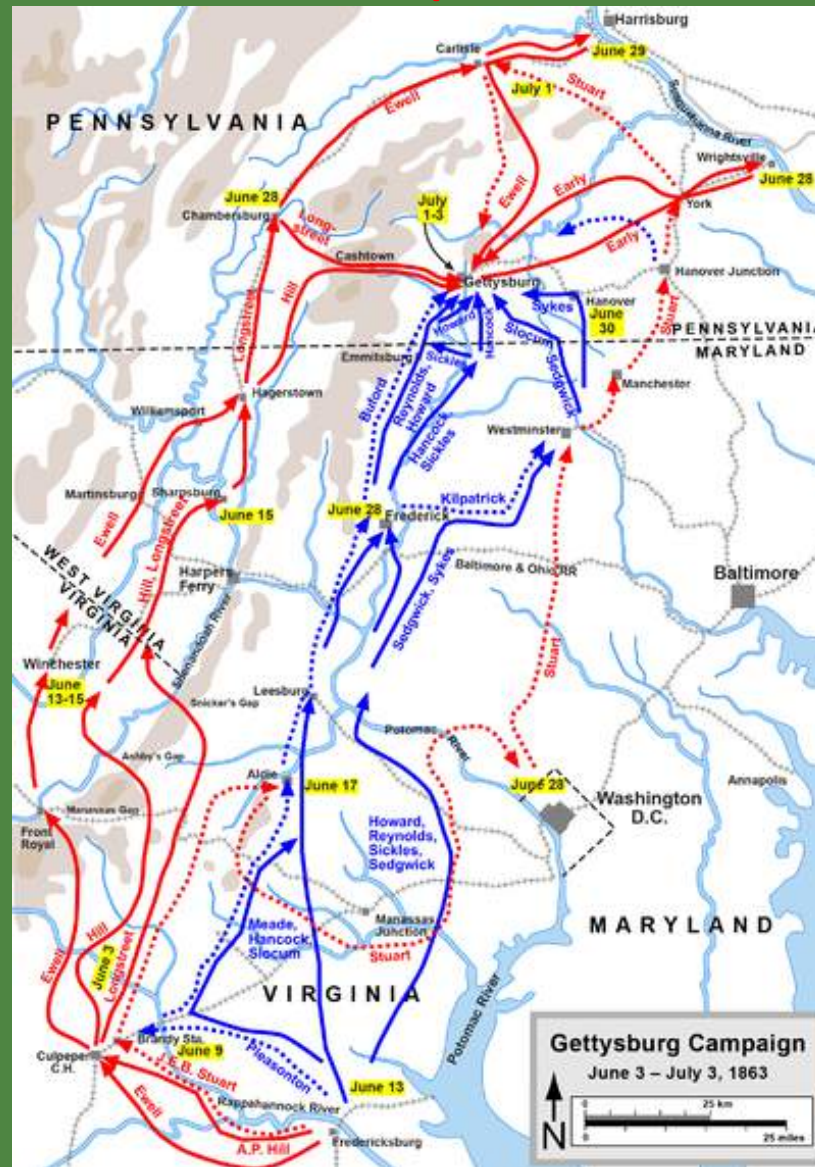
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The American Civil War Eastern Theater Part 2

Maps



This map shows the position of the armies for the Gettysburg Campaign. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

Washington, D.C.

Find Washington, D.C. on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

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Richmond, Virginia

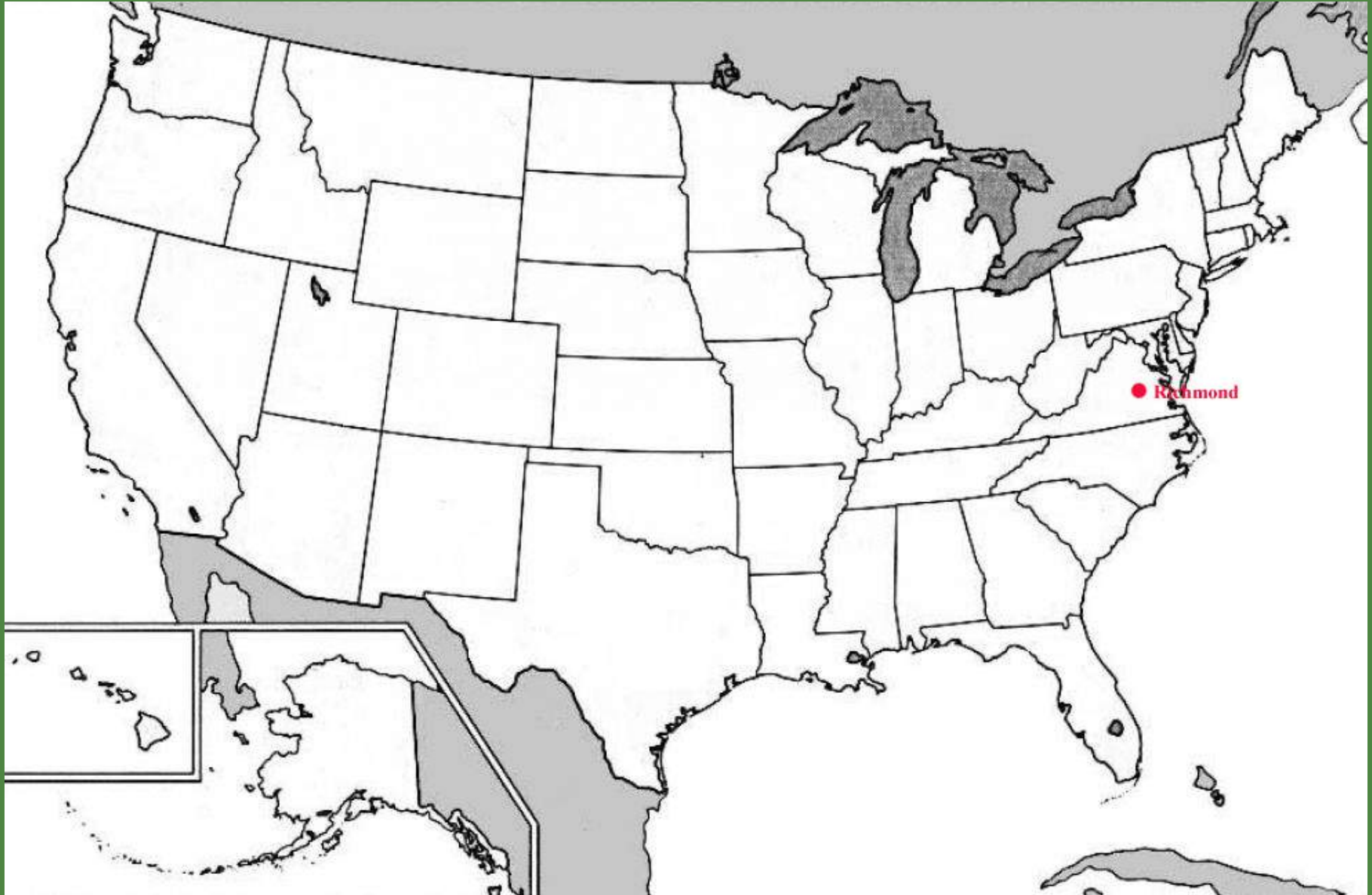
Find Richmond, Virginia on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Richmond, Virginia

Find Richmond, Virginia on this map of the current United States.



Richmond, Virginia is now marked by a red dot and the word "Richmond." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Fredericksburg, Virginia

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Gettysburg, Pennsylvania

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