

LEQ: Where were the first shots of the Civil War?



This lithograph by Courier & Ives shows the bombardment of Fort Sumter which began on April 12, 1861. This image is courtesy of constitutionalcenter.org.

LEQ: Where were the first shots of the Civil War?
Fort Sumter



This lithograph by Courier & Ives shows the bombardment of Fort Sumter which began on April 12, 1861. This image is courtesy of constitutionalcenter.org.

The American Civil War Begins



This mural shows cadets from The Citadel, The Military College of South Carolina located in Charleston, South Carolina. The Citadel cadets are firing on the *Star of the West* on January 9, 1861. The ship was bringing supplies to the United States soldiers in Fort Sumter, which is shown on the left. The *Star of the West*, did not proceed to Fort Sumter after it was fired on. This mural was painted by David Humphreys Miller (1918-1992). It is displayed in the Daniel Library at the Citadel. This image is courtesy of posix.com.

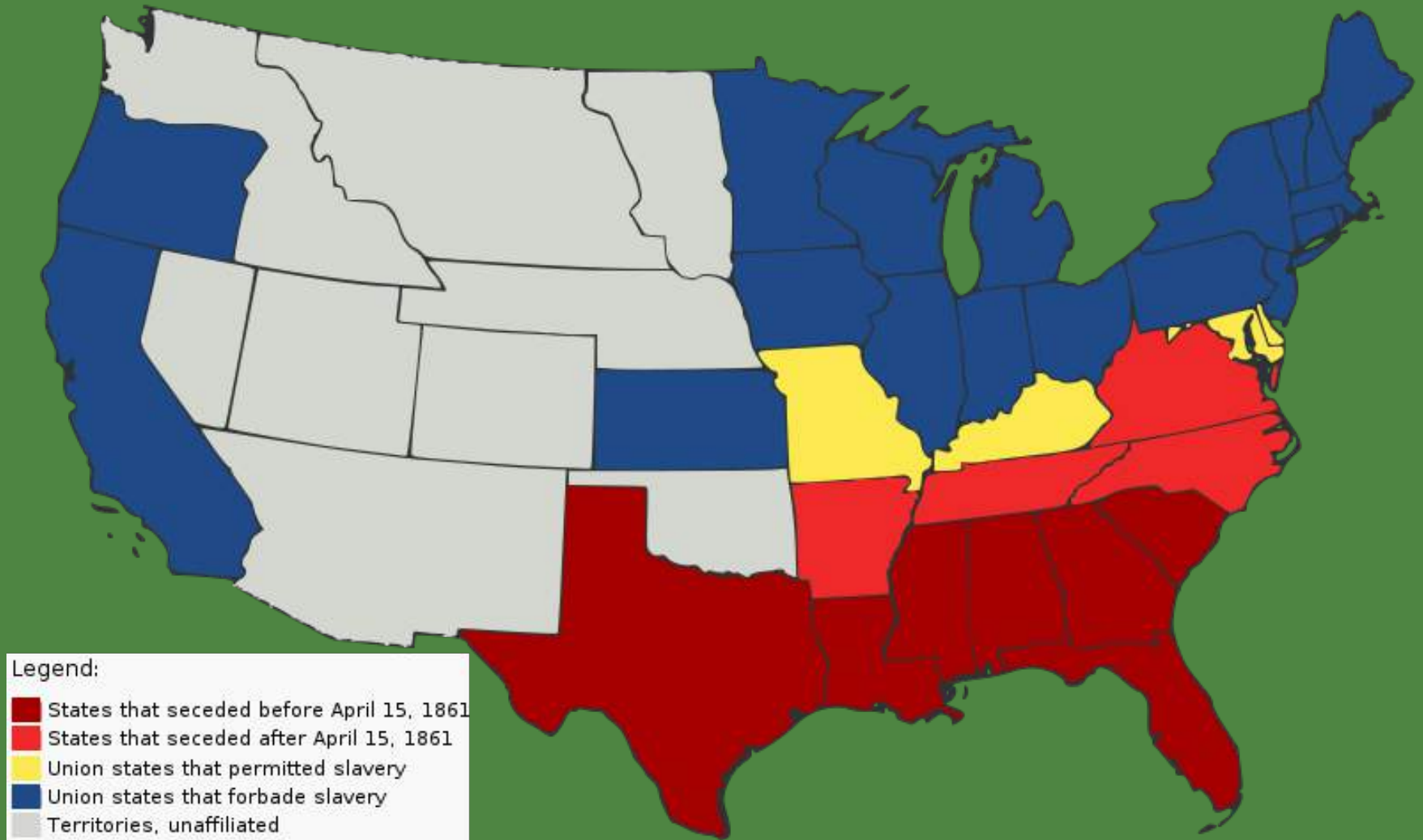
The American Civil War Begins

Vocabulary



This image is from wordinfo.info.

The states along the boundary that divided the Union States (United States) from the Confederate States.



In this image the Union or United States are shown in blue. The Confederate States are shown in red. The border states are colored yellow. From left to right the border states were Missouri, Kentucky, Maryland, and Delaware. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

The **border states** were slave states that the United States technically kept in the Union. They sent troops to both sides during the war.



This image shows the Kentucky State Monument on the Chickamauga Battlefield in northern Georgia. The monument is to Kentucky troops from both sides because on this spot Kentucky Union troops fought Kentucky Confederate troops during the battle. This image is courtesy of the National Park Service.

A form of military rule that ignores some Bill of Rights guarantees.



This painting is titled *Martial Law or Order No. 11*. The order made citizens in the Confederate controlled counties of western Missouri to move closer to United States military posts. This image is was created by George Caleb Bingham (1811-1879) in 1868. This image is courtesy of the State Historical Society of Missouri at Columbia.

Martial Law

A form of military rule that ignores some Bill of Rights guarantees.



This painting is titled *Martial Law or Order No. 11*. The order made citizens in the Confederate controlled counties of western Missouri to move closer to United States military posts. This image is was created by George Caleb Bingham (1811-1879) in 1868. This image is courtesy of the State Historical Society of Missouri at Columbia.

In emergency situations when civilian law enforcement agencies are not able to maintain order, the military imposes **martial law**.

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED!

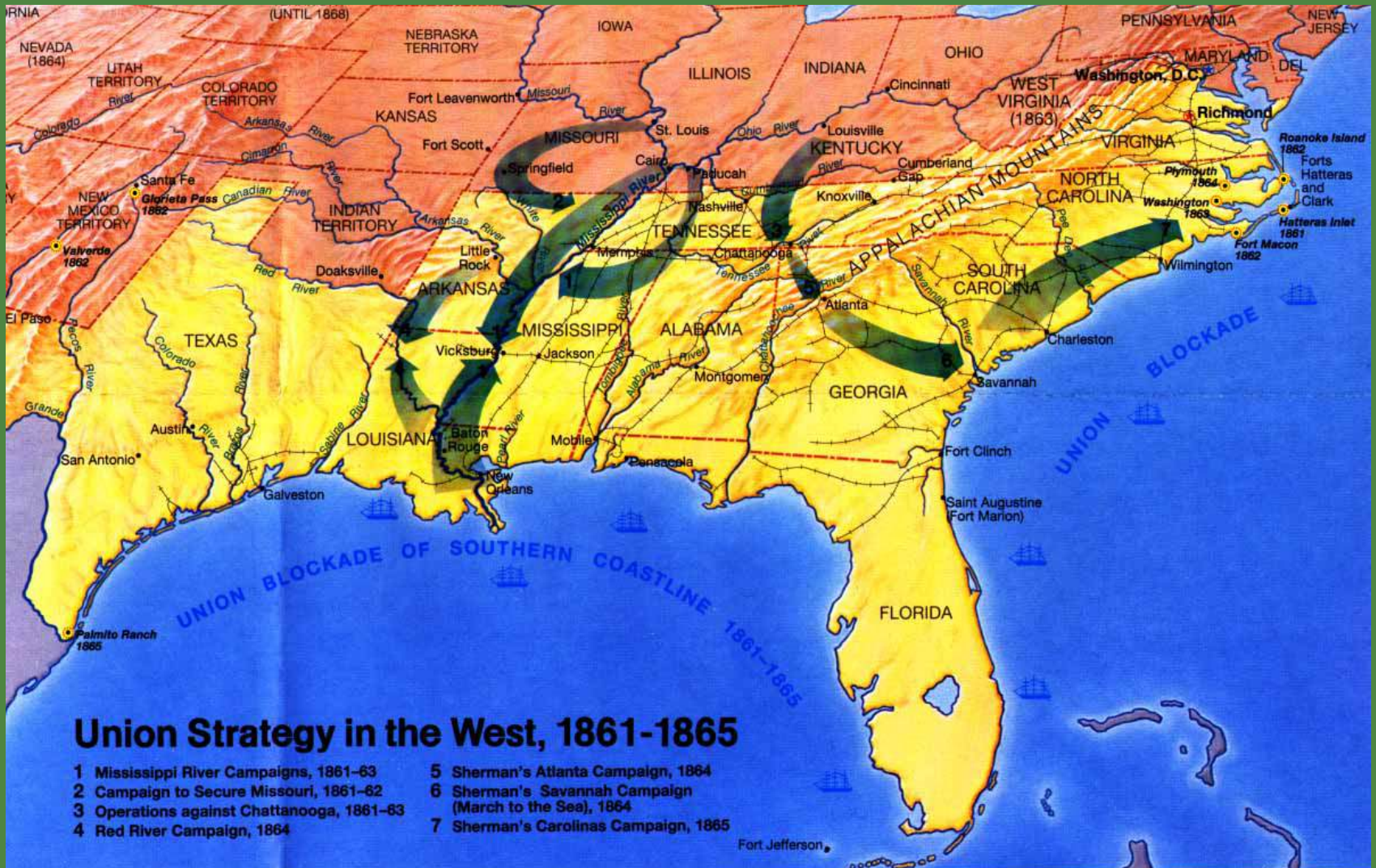
This town is declared under Martial Law. All citizens and soldiers except the guard, will retire to their quarters at 8 o'clock, P.M. A strong force will be stationed in the town. All persons found in the streets will be arrested.— Any one attempting to fire any building will be shot without trial.

Bowling-Green, Feb. 13th, 1862.

W. J. HARDEE,
Maj. Gen.

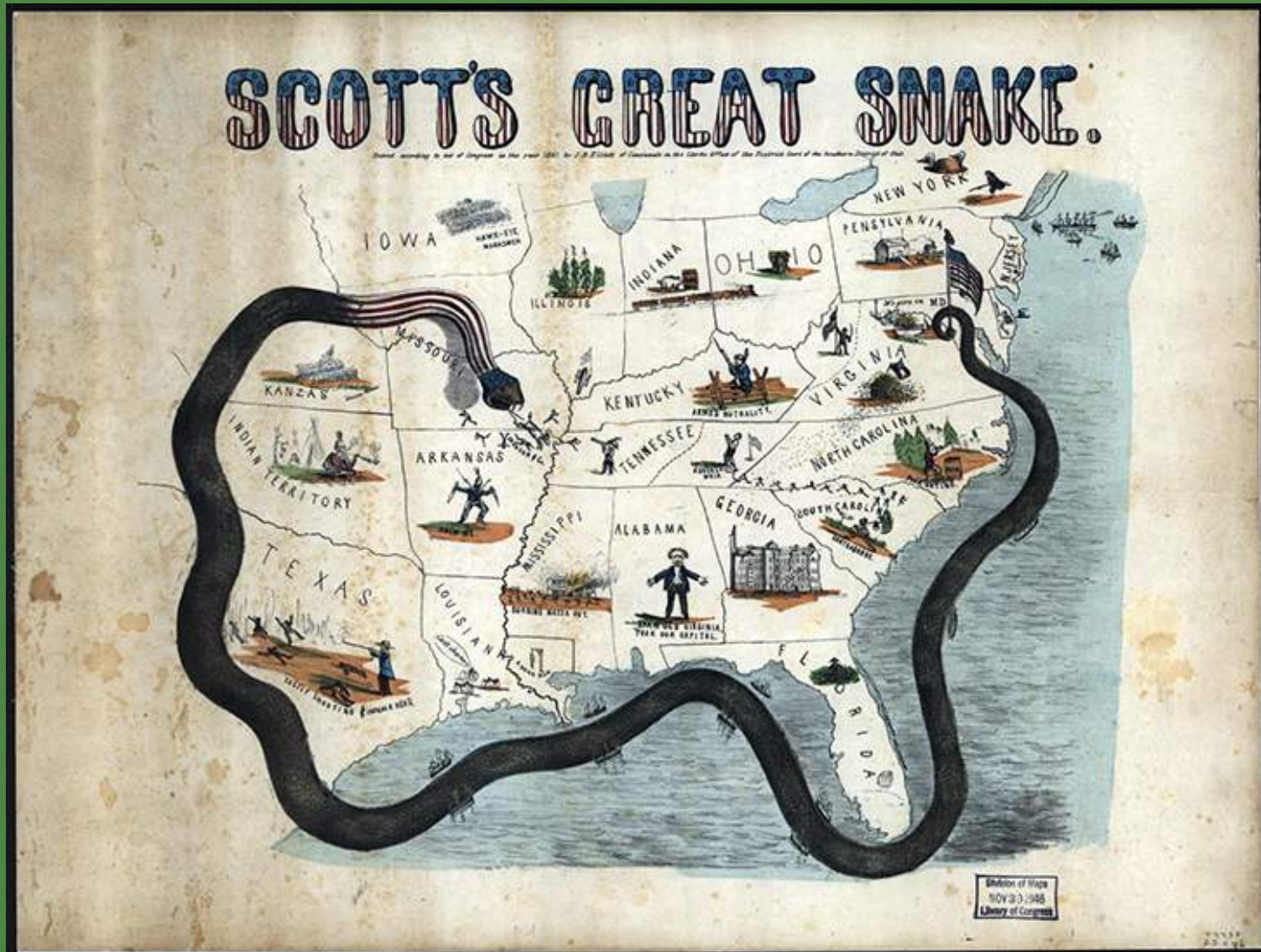
Both sides declared martial law during the American Civil War. This image shows a poster issued by Confederate Major William J. Hardee when he imposed martial law on the citizens of Bowling Green, Kentucky in 1862. This image is courtesy of Western Kentucky University.

The art of planning and directing overall military operations and movements in a war or battle.



The United States' strategy during the American Civil War was to put a blockade around the Confederate States, split the South in half along the Mississippi, and to capture the Confederate capital of Richmond, Virginia. This image is courtesy of americancivilwar.com.

The United States' strategy during the American Civil War was called the Anaconda Plan.



The strategy was created by United States Major General Winfield Scott. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress.

The art and science of placing and maneuvering military forces in battle.



This photograph shows the camp of the 96th Pennsylvania Infantry Regiment. The regiment is practicing their maneuvers on the outside of the camp known as Camp Northumberland, near Alexandria, Virginia in 1862. This image is courtesy of pacivilwar.com.

Tactics

The art and science of placing and maneuvering military forces in battle.



This photograph shows the camp of the 96th Pennsylvania Infantry Regiment. The regiment is practicing their maneuvers on the outside of the camp known as Camp Northumberland, near Alexandria, Virginia in 1862. This image is courtesy of pacivilwar.com.

Many times **tactics** had to be adjusted to the new technology that developed during the American Civil War.



At the beginning of the Civil War, if one was not protecting a town or a fort, most of the fighting was “in the open” with soldiers maneuvering across large open spaces or through woods. Near the end of the Civil War, much of the fighting was performed in the trenches. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

The American Civil War Begins

People to Meet



This photograph shows the United States officers at Fort Sumter on February 8, 1861. The photographs were taken by Charleston, South Carolina photographer George S. Cook from 1:00-2:00 PM that day. This image is courtesy of The Library of Congress.

United States Army Lieutenant General who created the “Anaconda Plan” which was a strategy used by the North to defeat the South.



Winfield Scott (1786-1866) served on active duty as a general longer than any other man in American history. This image was created in 1861. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress and of Wikimedia Commons.

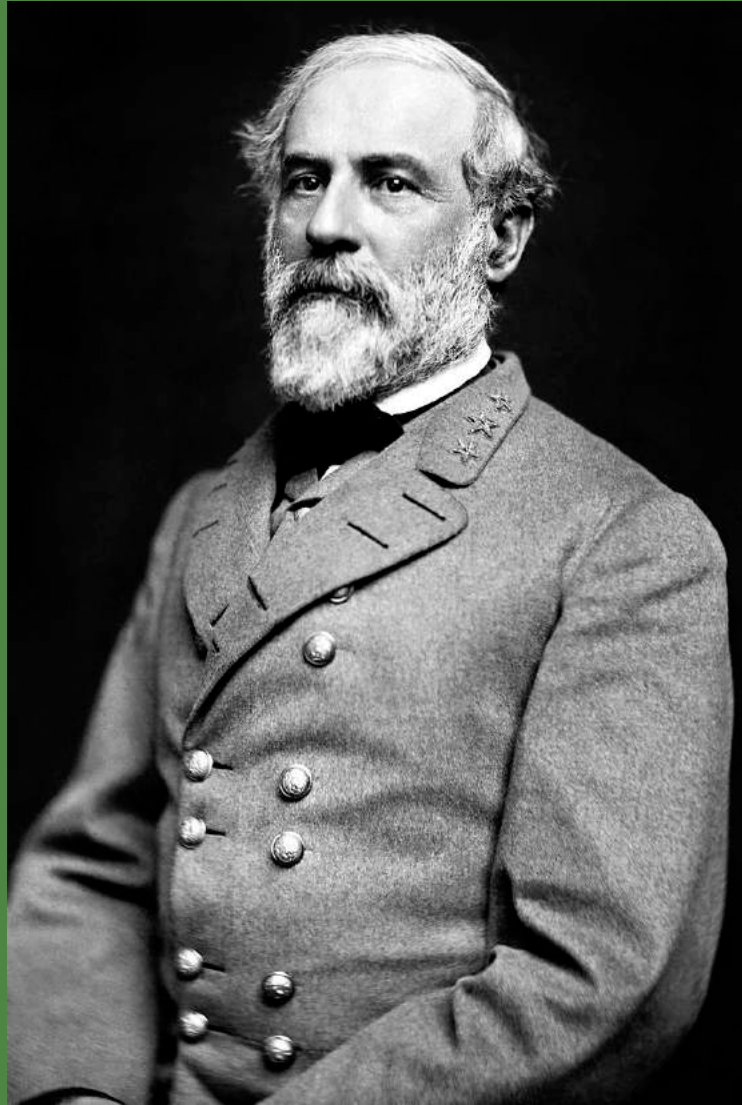
Winfield Scott

United States Army Lieutenant General who created the “Anaconda Plan” which was a strategy used by the North to defeat the South.



Winfield Scott (1786-1866) served on active duty as a general longer than any other man in American history. This image was created in 1861. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress and of Wikimedia Commons.

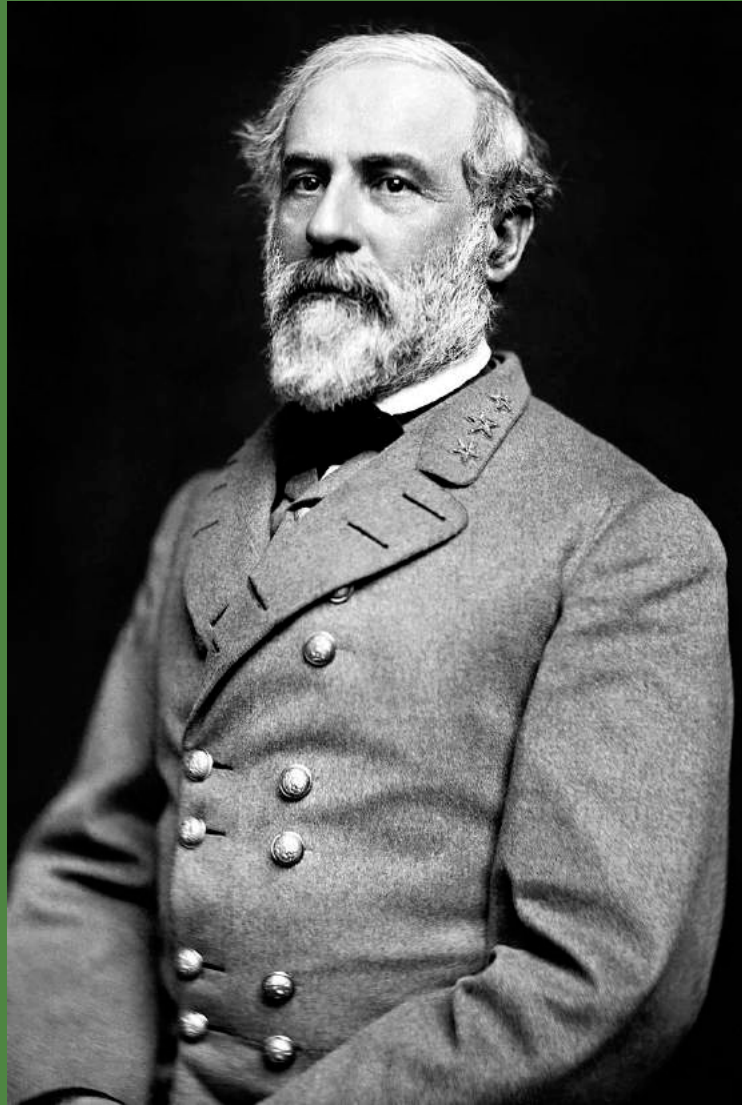
Confederate States General who commanded the most important Confederate army in the Eastern Theater during the American Civil War.



Robert E. Lee (1807-1870) named his army the Army of Northern Virginia. This image was taken by Julian Vannerson (1827-1875) in 1864. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress and of Wikimedia Commons.

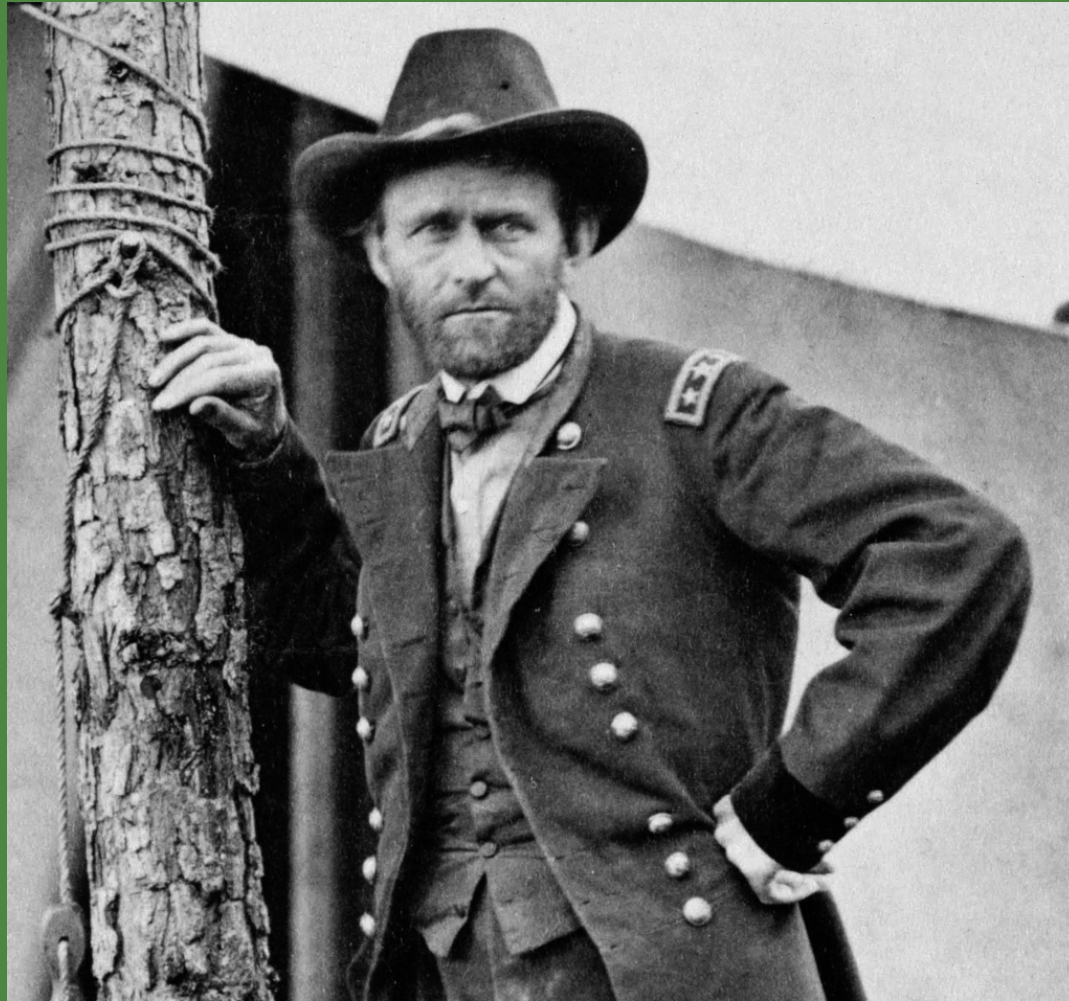
Robert E. Lee

Confederate States General who commanded the most important Confederate army in the Eastern Theater during the American Civil War.



Robert E. Lee (1807-1870) named his army the Army of Northern Virginia. This image was taken by Julian Vannerson (1827-1875) in 1864. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress and of Wikimedia Commons.

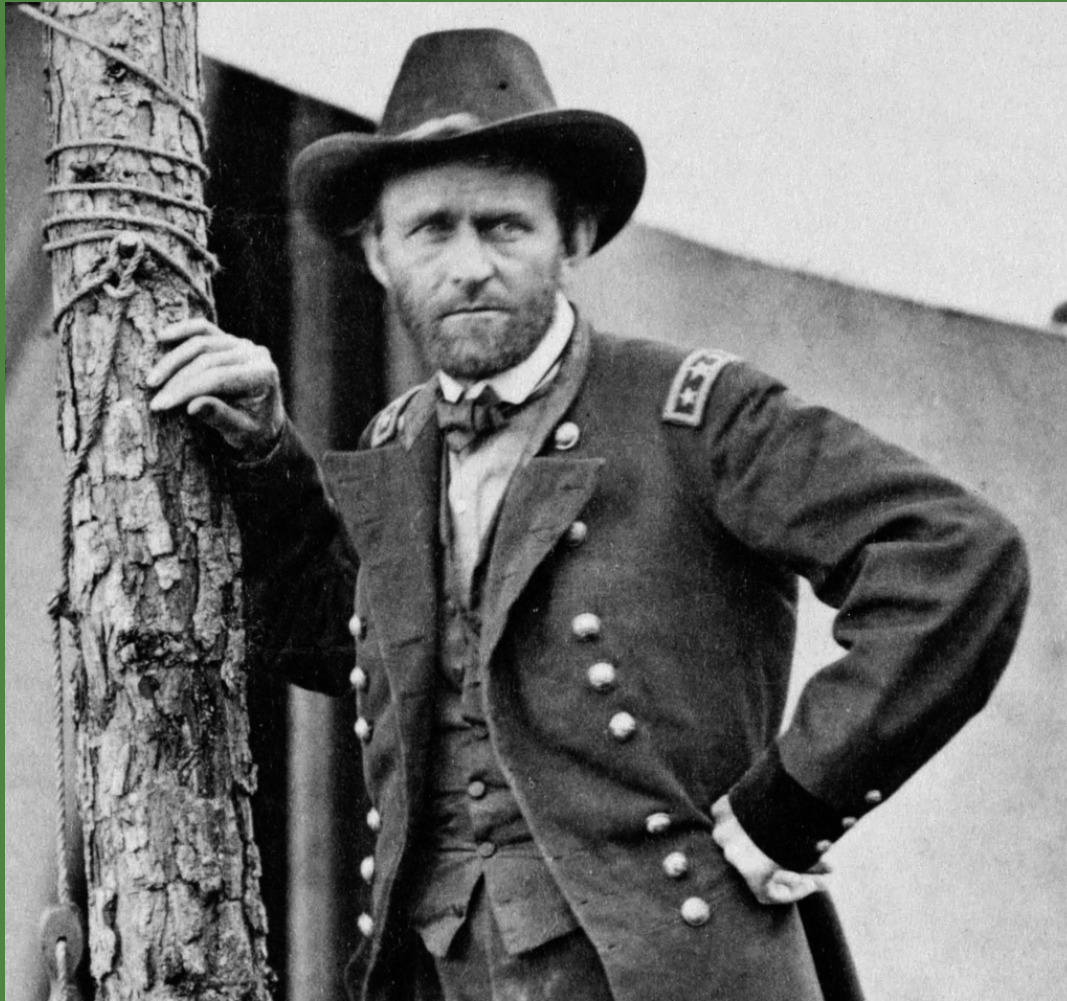
United States General who commanded an important Union army in the Western Theater during the American Civil War.



Ulysses S. Grant (1822-1885) commanded the Army of the Tennessee in 1862 and 1863. In October, 1863 he commanded all the United States armies in the Western Theater of the Civil War. This is a cropped version of an image taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) in 1864. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress and of Wikimedia Commons.

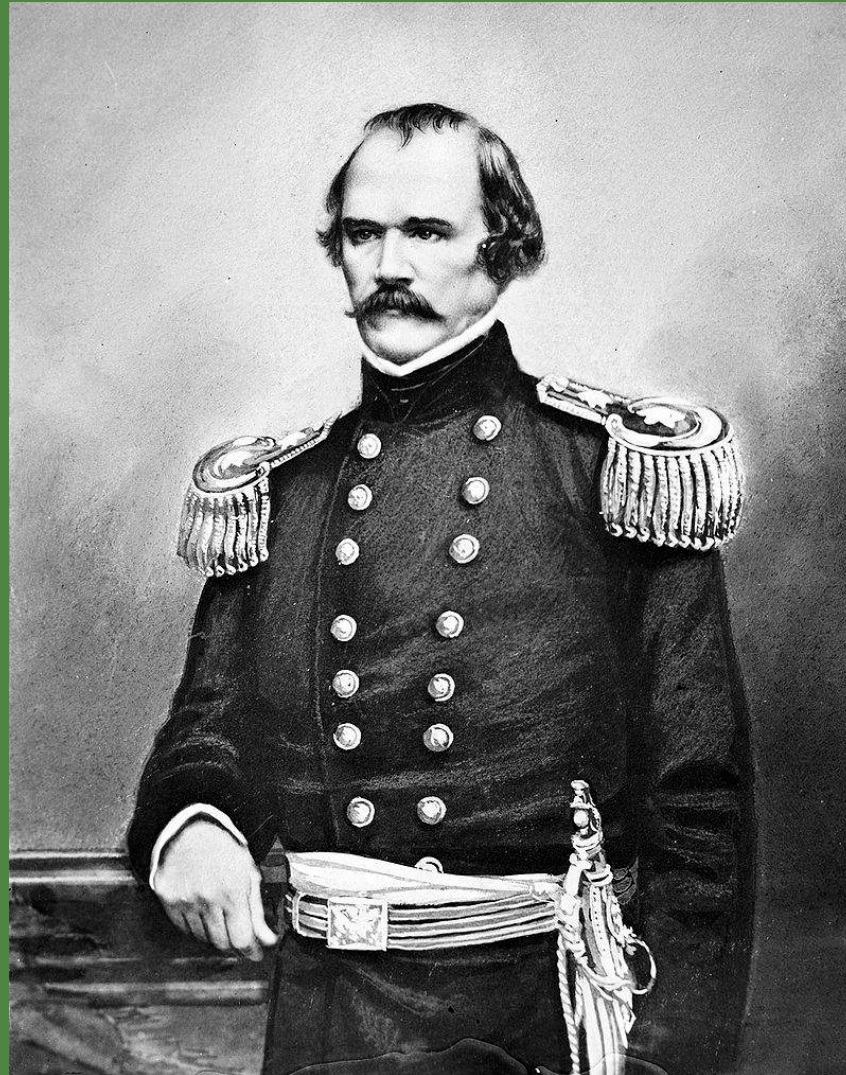
Ulysses S. Grant

United States General who commanded an important Union army in the Western Theater during the American Civil War.



Ulysses S. Grant (1822-1885) commanded the Army of the Tennessee in 1862 and 1863. In October, 1863 he commanded all the United States armies in the Western Theater of the Civil War. This is a cropped version of an image taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) in 1864. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress and of Wikimedia Commons.

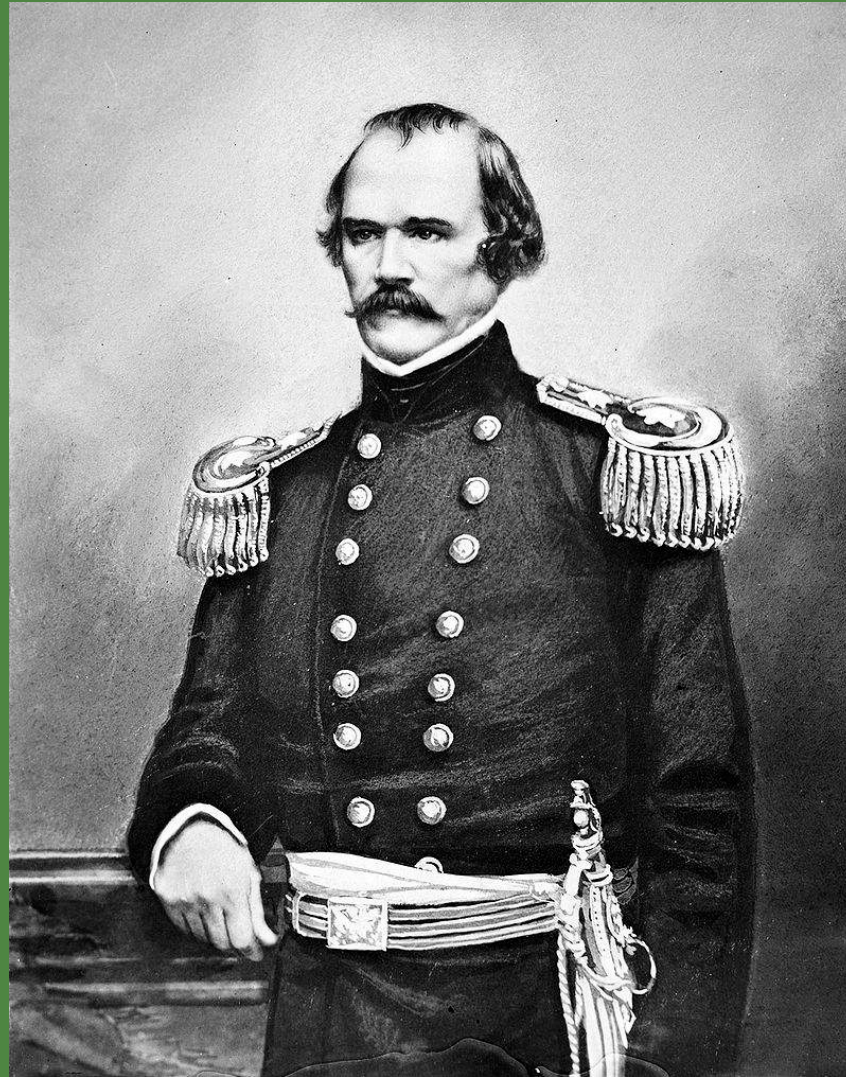
Confederate States General who commanded the most important Confederate army in the Western Theater until his death at the Battle of Shiloh in 1862.



Albert Sydney Johnston (1803-1862) was considered by Confederate President Jefferson Davis to be the best officer in the Confederate army at the beginning of the Civil War. This image was created between 1860 and 1862. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

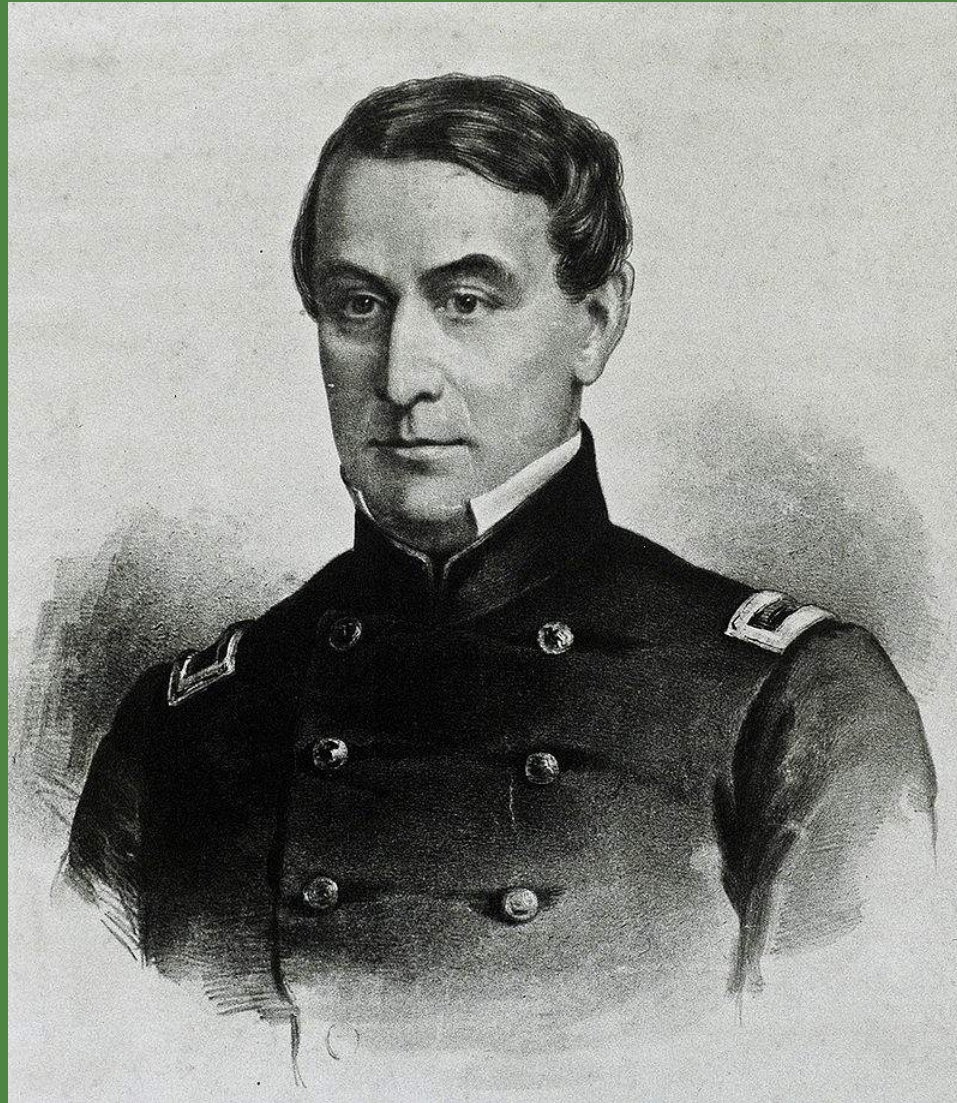
Albert Sydney Johnston

Confederate States General who commanded the most important Confederate army in the Western Theater until his death at the Battle of Shiloh in 1862.



Albert Sydney Johnston (1803-1862) was considered by Confederate President Jefferson Davis to be the best officer in the Confederate army at the beginning of the Civil War. This image was created between 1860 and 1862. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

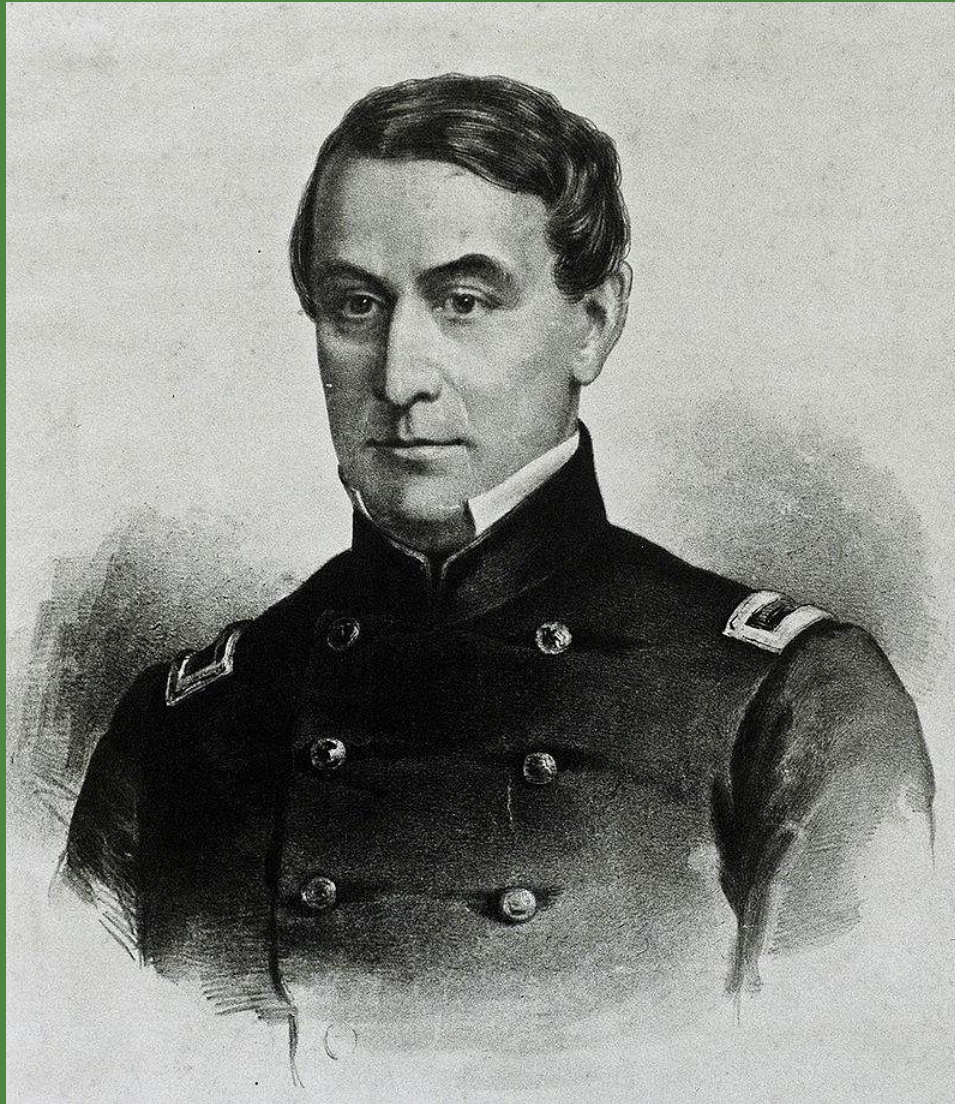
United States officer who commanded Fort Sumter in 1861.



Robert Anderson (1805-1871) was born in Kentucky. He was a Major when he commanded Fort Sumter. He would later receive the temporary (brevet) rank of Major General for his service in defending Fort Sumter. This image is courtesy of the United States Army Military History Institute and of Wikimedia Commons.

Robert Anderson

United States officer who commanded Fort Sumter in 1861.



Robert Anderson (1805-1871) was born in Kentucky. He was a Major when he commanded Fort Sumter. He would later receive the temporary (brevet) rank of Major General for his service in defending Fort Sumter. This image is courtesy of the United States Army Military History Institute and of Wikimedia Commons.

Confederate States Army General who commanded the troops in Charleston, South Carolina that fired on Fort Sumter in April, 1861.



Pierre Goustant Toutant Beauregard (1818-1893) was a brigadier-general in the Confederate States Army when he fired on Fort Sumter. He was later promoted to General in the United States Army. This image was taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) circa the 1860s. This image is courtesy of the National Archives and of Wikimedia Commons.

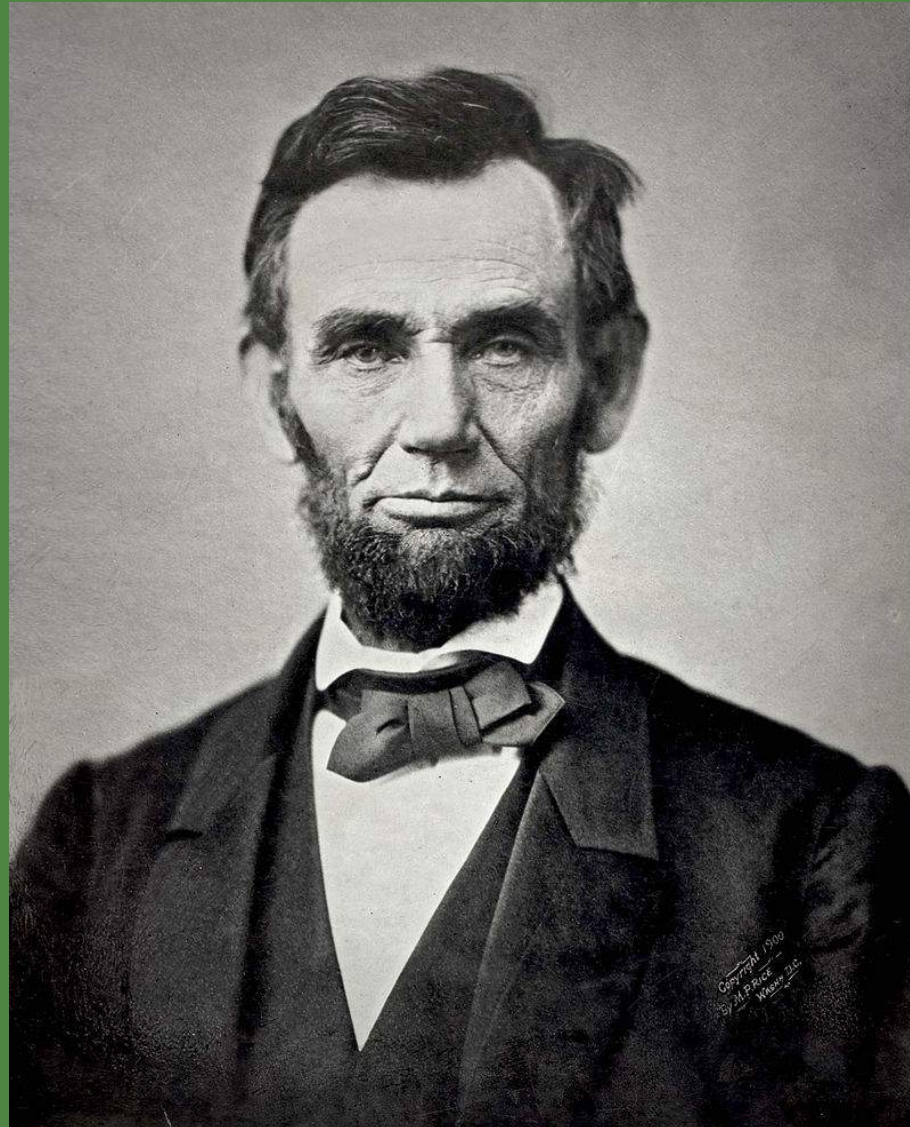
P.G.T. Beauregard

Confederate States Army General who commanded the troops in Charleston, South Carolina that fired on Fort Sumter in April, 1861.



Pierre Goustant Beauregard (1818-1893) was a brigadier-general in the Confederate States Army when he fired on Fort Sumter. He was later promoted to General in the United States Army. This image was taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) circa the 1860s. This image is courtesy of the National Archives and of Wikimedia Commons.

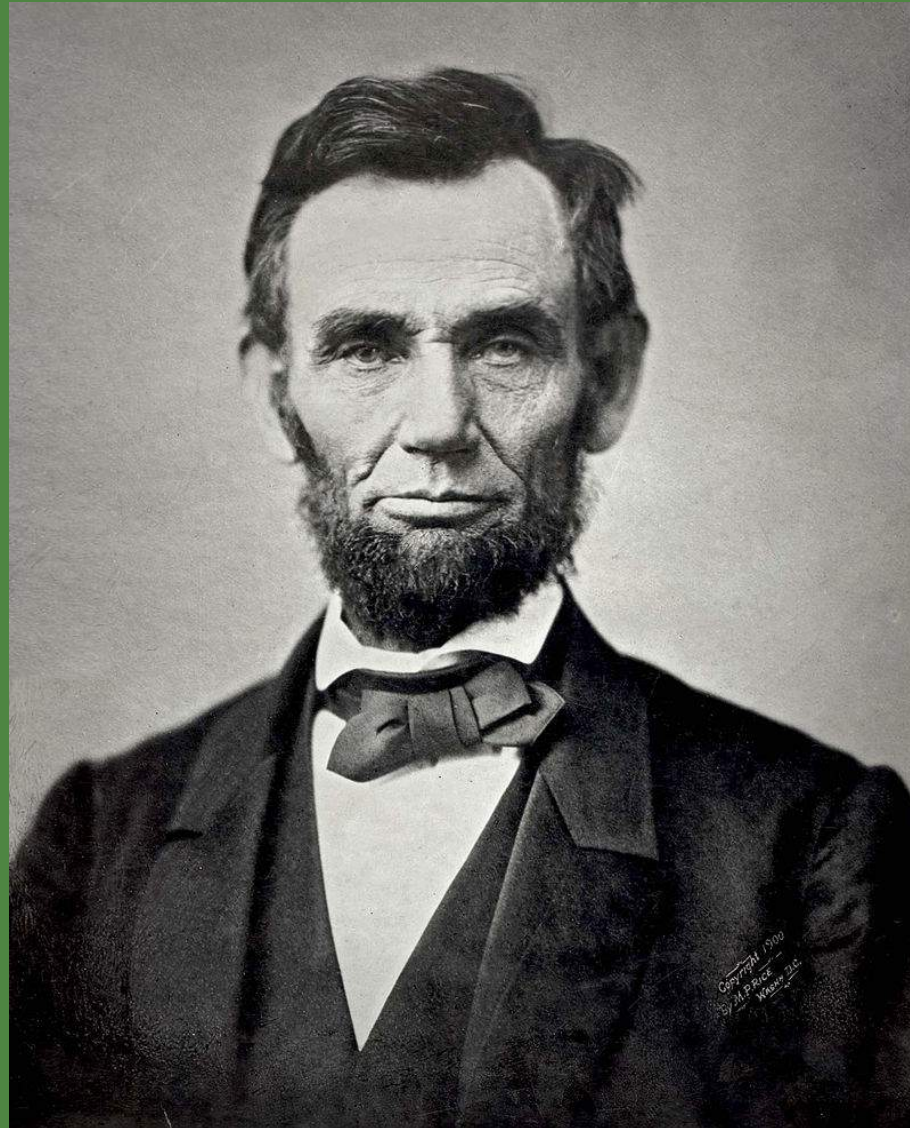
The President of the United States for most of the American Civil War.



Abraham Lincoln (1809-1865) took office on March 4, 1861 after seven southern states had seceded to form the Confederate States of America. This image was taken by Alexander Gardner (1821-1882) on November 8, 1863. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

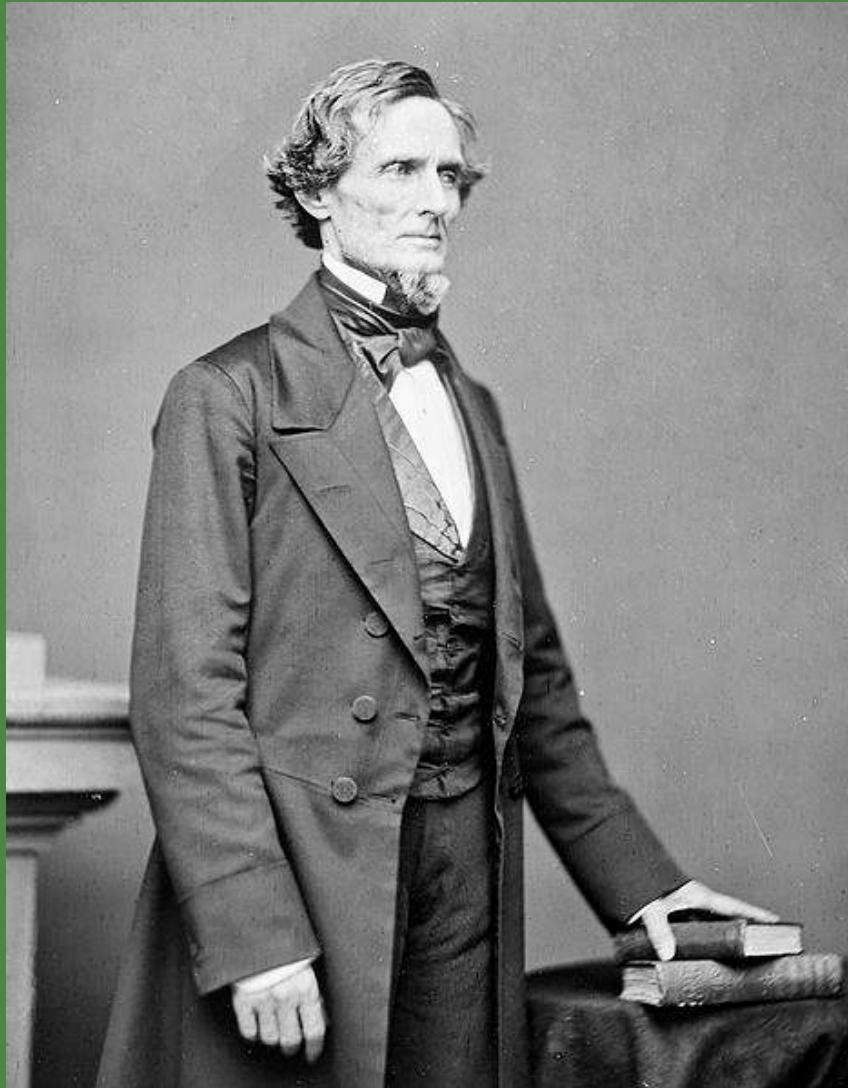
Abraham Lincoln

The President of the United States for most of the American Civil War.



Abraham Lincoln (1809-1865) took office on March 4, 1865 after seven southern states had seceded to form the Confederate States of America. This image was taken by Alexander Gardner (1821-1882) on November 8, 1863. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

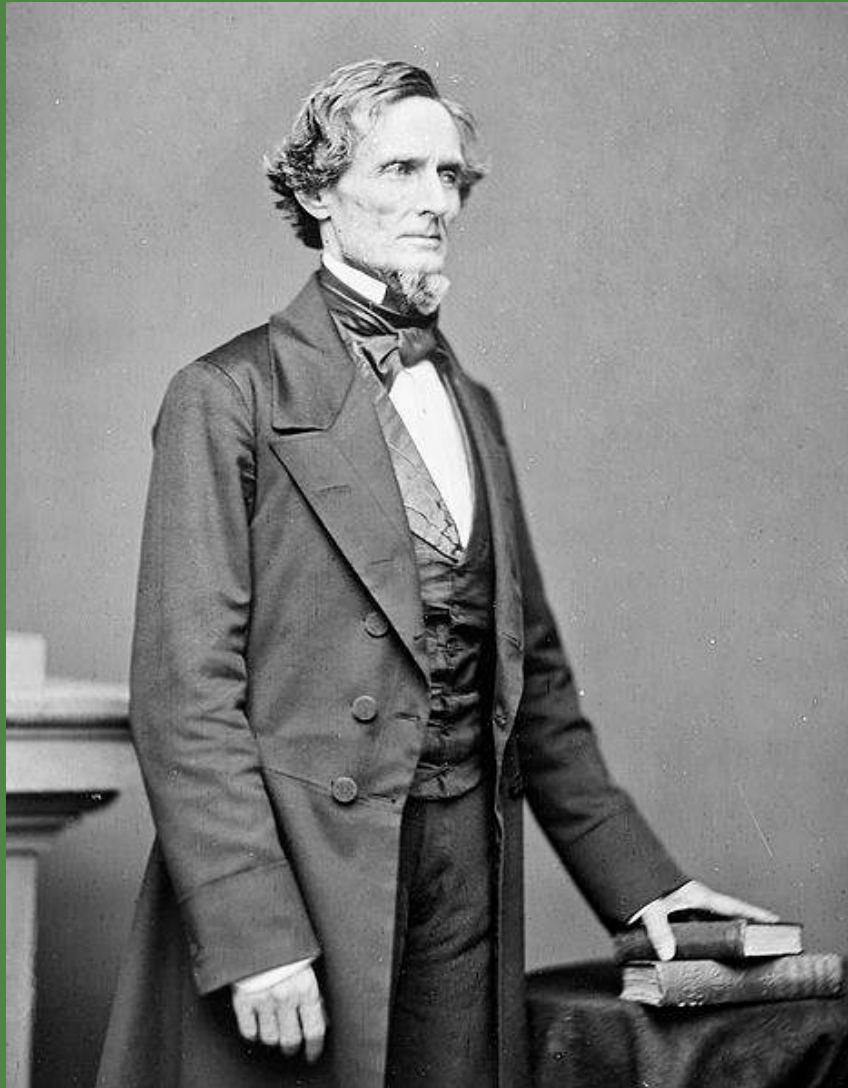
The first and only President of the Confederate States of America.



Jefferson Finis Davis (1808-1889) was born in Kentucky, was a graduate of the United States Military Academy at West Point, and served in the Mexican American War. He was Secretary of War under Franklin Pierce. This image was taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) circa 1861. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress.

Jefferson Davis

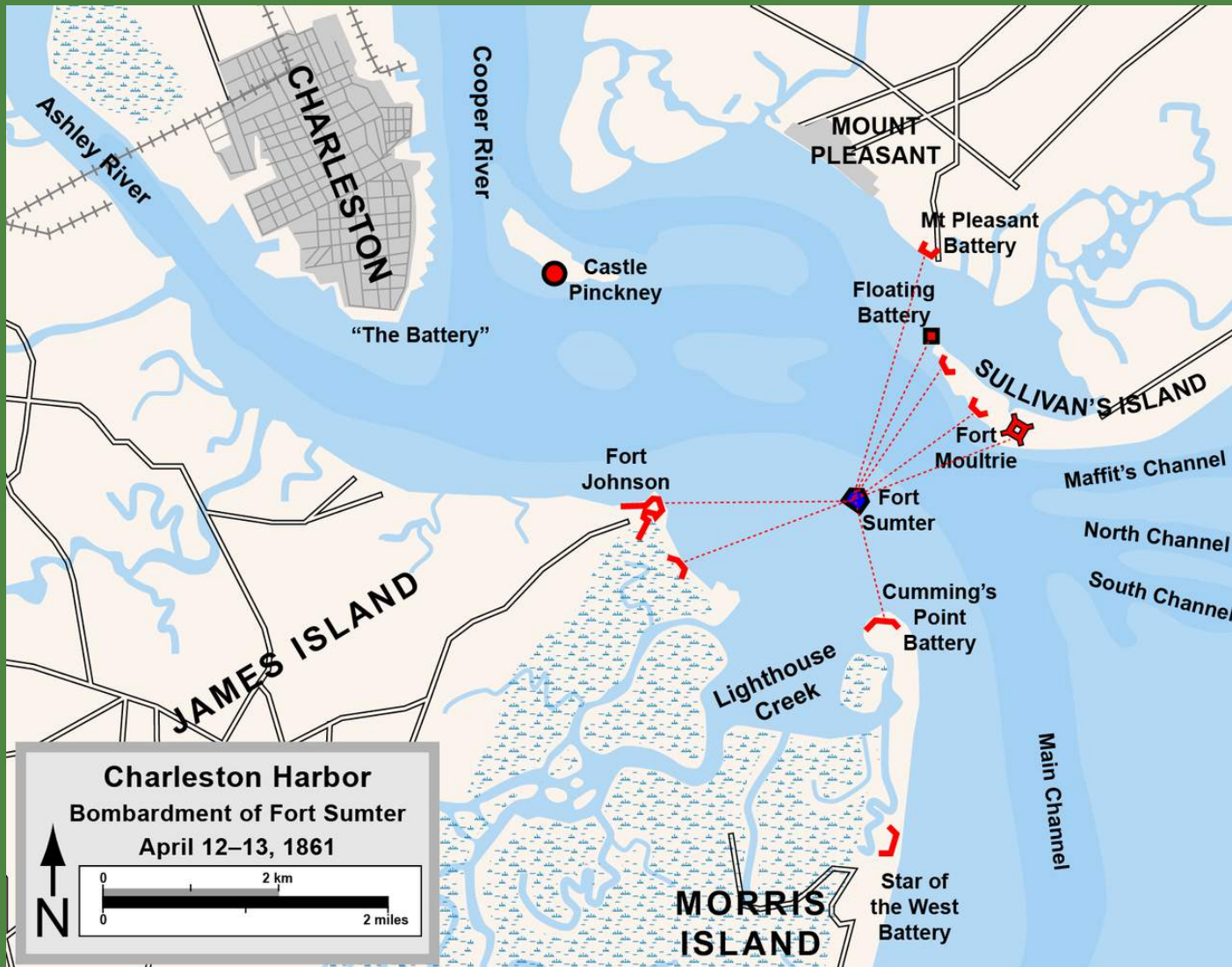
The first and only President of the Confederate States of America.



Jefferson Finis Davis (1808-1889) was born in Kentucky, was a graduate of the United States Military Academy at West Point, and served in the Mexican American War. He was Secretary of War under Franklin Pierce. This image was taken by Mathew Brady (1822-1896) circa 1861. This image is courtesy of the Library of Congress.

The American Civil War Begins

Maps



This map shows Charleston Harbor in South Carolina. The United States forces at Fort Sumter are shown in blue. The Confederate States forces surrounding the harbor are shown in red. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

Washington, D.C.

Find Washington, D.C. on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Washington, D.C.

Find Washington, D.C. on this map of the current United States.



Washington, D.C. is now marked by a red dot and the words "Washington, D.C." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Charleston, South Carolina

Find Charleston, South Carolina on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Charleston, South Carolina

Find Charleston, South Carolina on this map of the current United States.



Charleston, South Carolina is now marked by a red dot and the word "Charleston." This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Montgomery, Alabama

Find Montgomery, Alabama on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Montgomery, Alabama

Find Montgomery, Alabama on this map of the current United States.



Montgomery, Alabama is now marked by a red dot and the word "Montgomery." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Richmond, Virginia

Find Richmond, Virginia on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Richmond, Virginia

Find Richmond, Virginia on this map of the current United States.



This map is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Baltimore, Maryland

Find Baltimore, Maryland on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Baltimore, Maryland

Find Baltimore, Maryland on this map of the current United States.



Baltimore, Maryland is now marked by a red dot and the word "Baltimore." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

South Carolina

Find South Carolina on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

South Carolina

Find South Carolina on this map of the current United States.



South Carolina is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Missouri

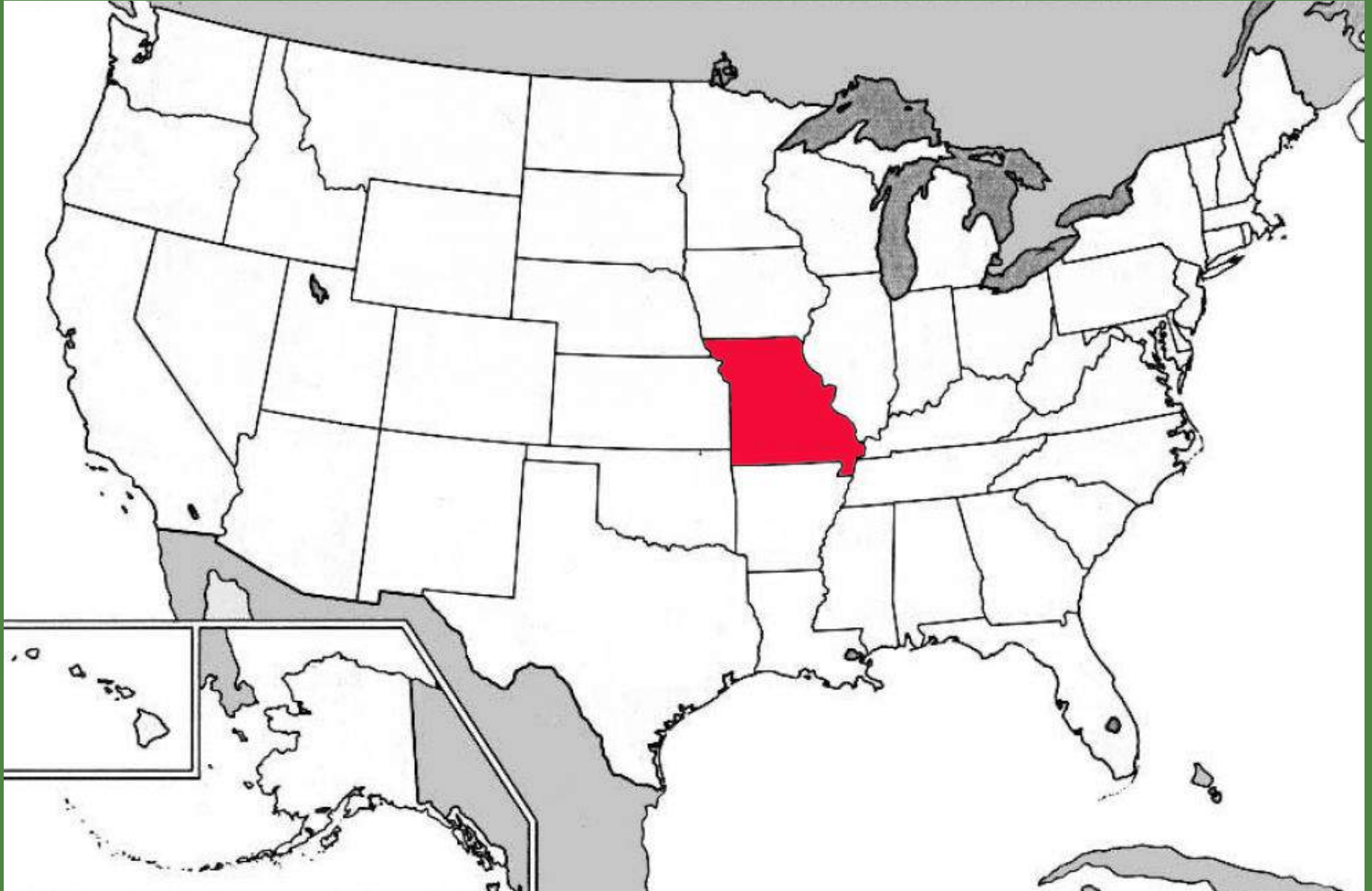
Find Missouri on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Missouri

Find Missouri on this map of the current United States.



Missouri is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Kentucky

Find Kentucky on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Kentucky

Find Kentucky on this map of the current United States.



Kentucky is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Maryland

Find Maryland on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Maryland

Find Maryland on this map of the current United States.



Maryland is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Delaware

Find Delaware on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Delaware

Find Delaware on this map of the current United States.



Delaware is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Virginia in 1861 and 1862

Find Virginia on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Virginia in 1861 and 1862

Find Virginia on this map of the current United States.



Virginia in 1861 and 1862 is now colored red. During that time it included what is now the State of West Virginia. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

West Virginia

Find West Virginia on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

West Virginia

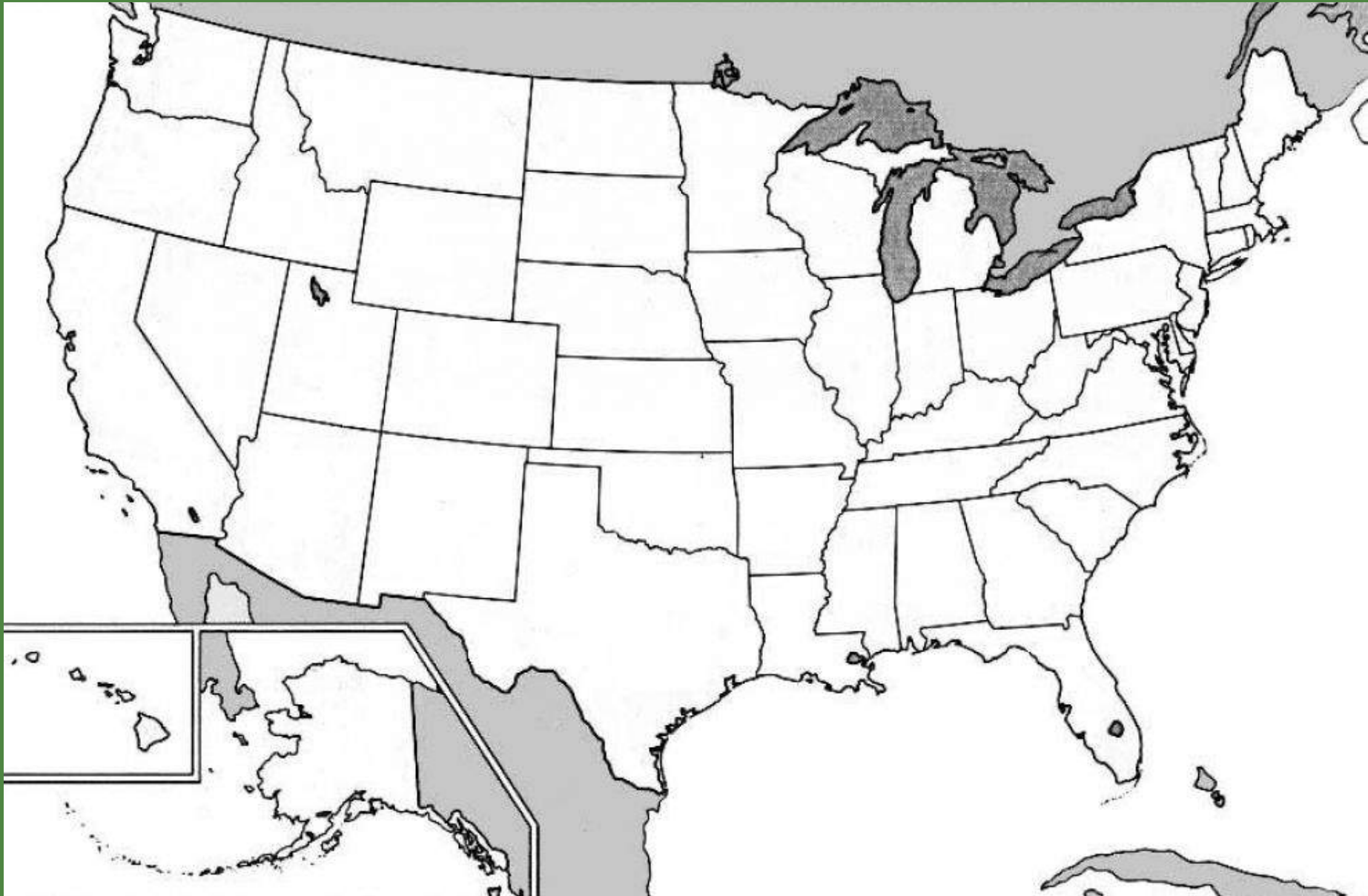
Find West Virginia on this map of the current United States.



West Virginia is now colored red. West Virginia became the 35th State on June 20, 1863. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Virginia

Find Virginia on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Virginia

Find Virginia on this map of the current United States.



Virginia is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

North Carolina

Find North Carolina on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

North Carolina

Find North Carolina on this map of the current United States.



North Carolina is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Tennessee

Find Tennessee on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Tennessee

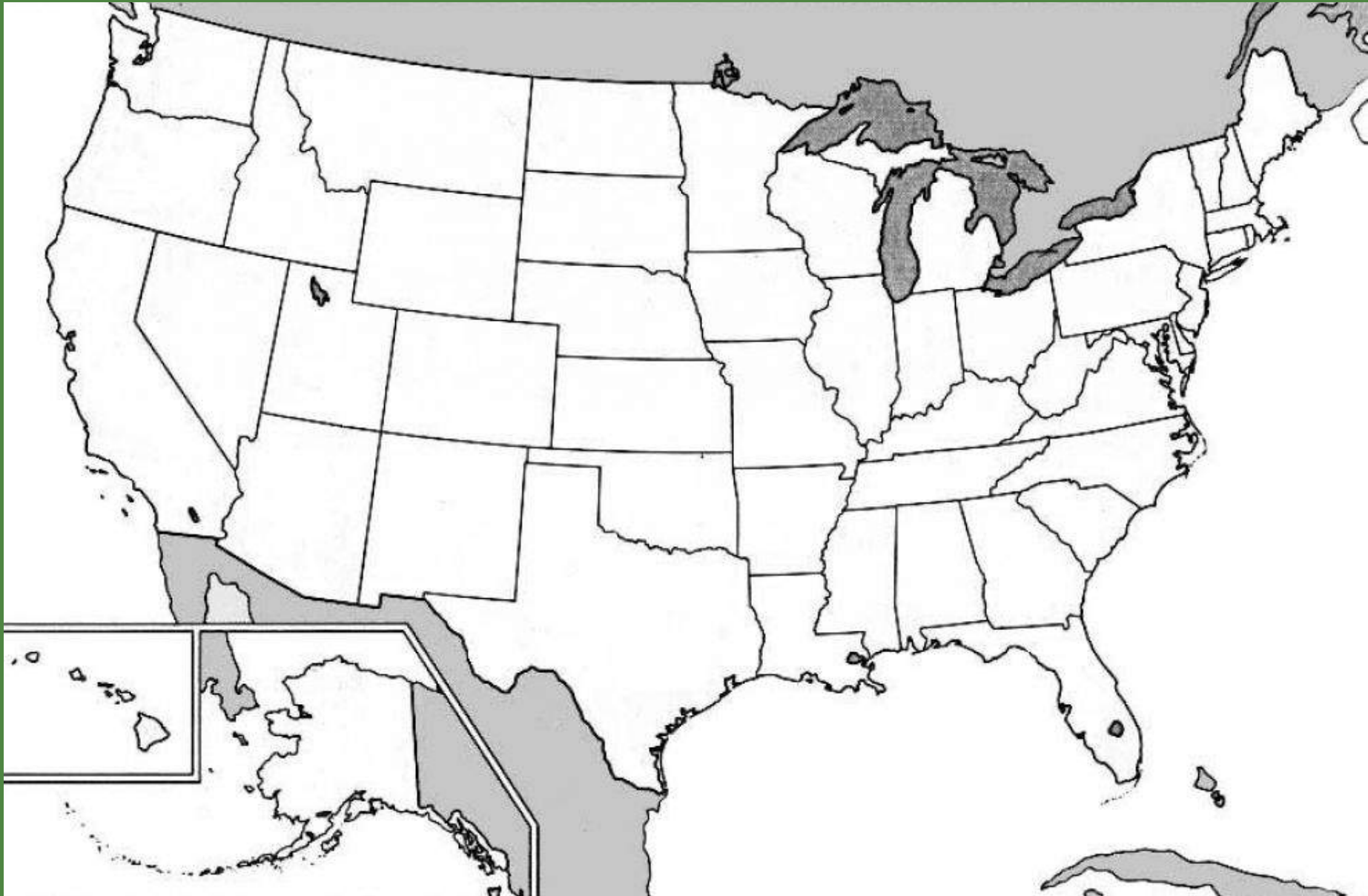
Find Tennessee on this map of the current United States.



Tennessee is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Arkansas

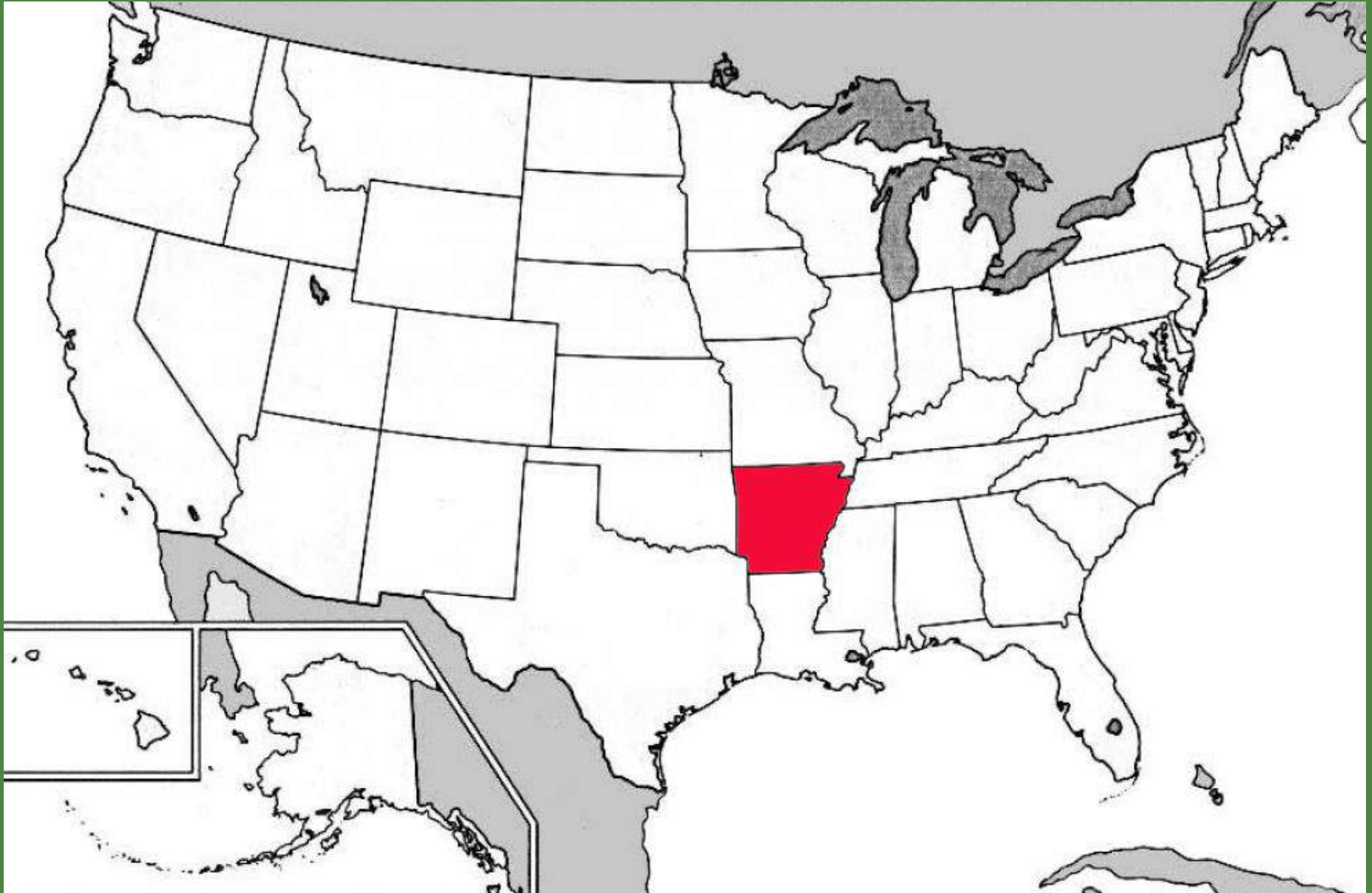
Find Arkansas on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Arkansas

Find Arkansas on this map of the current United States.



Arkansas is now colored red. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

LEQ: Where were the first shots of the Civil War?



This lithograph by Courier & Ives shows the bombardment of Fort Sumter which began on April 12, 1861. This image is courtesy of constitutionalcenter.org.

LEQ: Where were the first shots of the Civil War?
Fort Sumter



This lithograph by Courier & Ives shows the bombardment of Fort Sumter which began on April 12, 1861. This image is courtesy of constitutionalcenter.org.