

Kennedy's Body Lies in White House; Military Cortège to Precede Arlington Burial

WORLD LEADERS TO ATTEND RITES

Funeral Set for Tomorrow —Officials Pay Respects at Bier in White House

Continued From Page 1, Col. 8

the Tomb of the Unknowns. William Howard Taft, the 27th President, lies buried near a towering iron gate at the cemetery entrance.

Today the White House, which had gleamed in unseasonable springlike sunshine almost every day for weeks, was gray under leaden skies and a constant downpour. Small crowds braved the rain to watch the procession of limousines that ceaselessly brought visitors to the columned north portico.

The body of Mr. Kennedy, which had been flown to Washington from Dallas yesterday, was carried into the White House at 4:28 A.M. after being prepared by undertakers at the Naval Hospital at Bethesda, Md.

Mrs. Kennedy, who had been in constant attendance of the body since her husband was slain, still wore the raspberry-colored suit she had on in Dallas as she walked into the White House. Beside her was the President's brother, Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy, his arm protectively around her.

Private Mass Said

At 10:30 A.M. in the East Room, where the Kennedys and their companions had once danced gaily at parties, a private mass was said by the Rev. John J. Cavanaugh, former president of the University of Notre Dame and longtime friend of the Kennedy family.

About 75 close friends attended the mass with Mrs. Kennedy and her two children, Caroline and John Jr. A spokesman for Mrs. Kennedy said the children had been told of the assassination last night.

After the private mass and viewing by the family, the ritual procession of Government leaders and dignitaries began.

Earlier the press had been permitted to see the room. The coffin, with the American flag draped over it, the field of stars at the head, rested on a catafalque, or platform, similar to the one that bore the coffin of Abraham Lincoln.

The catafalque was draped in black. The two priests, who attended in shifts with other clergymen of their faith, knelt in silent prayer, one with eyes staring unseeing, the other with eyes closed.

At each corner of the coffin stood a uniformed enlisted man, one from each armed service.

A Navy lieutenant in full dress stood at rigid attention, his ceremonial sword sheathed. On the wall behind the coffin were portraits of George and Martha Washington. The marble mantles of two huge fireplaces were draped in black. The tops of the crystal chandeliers also were draped in black, with the tiny candle-like bulbs emitting only a faint glow.

McCormack Is First

The Government leaders, who walked on a black rubber carpet next to the bier, were led by John W. McCormack, the 71-year-old Speaker of the House, who is next in the line of succession after President Johnson.

Secretary of State Dean Rusk and Mrs. Rusk were driven to the west wing entrance and walked silently through the press offices to the main part of the White House, where they joined the others.

Chief Justice of the United States Earl Warren and Mrs. Warren arrived at the columned North Portico entrance a few minutes later.

Soon the pace of arrivals quickened. As each visitor reached the portico steps, a 10-man mixed service honor guard, snapped to attention.

Maj. Gen. Chester V. Clifton, the White House military aide, greeted each arrival. Inside the White House, Sargent Shriver, director of the Peace Corps, and brother-in-law of the late President, received them.

Angier Biddle Duke, State Department chief of protocol, helped in receiving the visitors and identified the foreign diplomatic representatives.

The Chief Justice and Mrs. Warren stayed only briefly. When they emerged, Mrs. Warren wiped tears from her eyes and then cried openly as they waited for the car.

President Truman arrived at 2:45 P.M. after a flight from Independence, Mo. He passed by the coffin and then went upstairs to visit Mrs. Kennedy for 15 minutes.

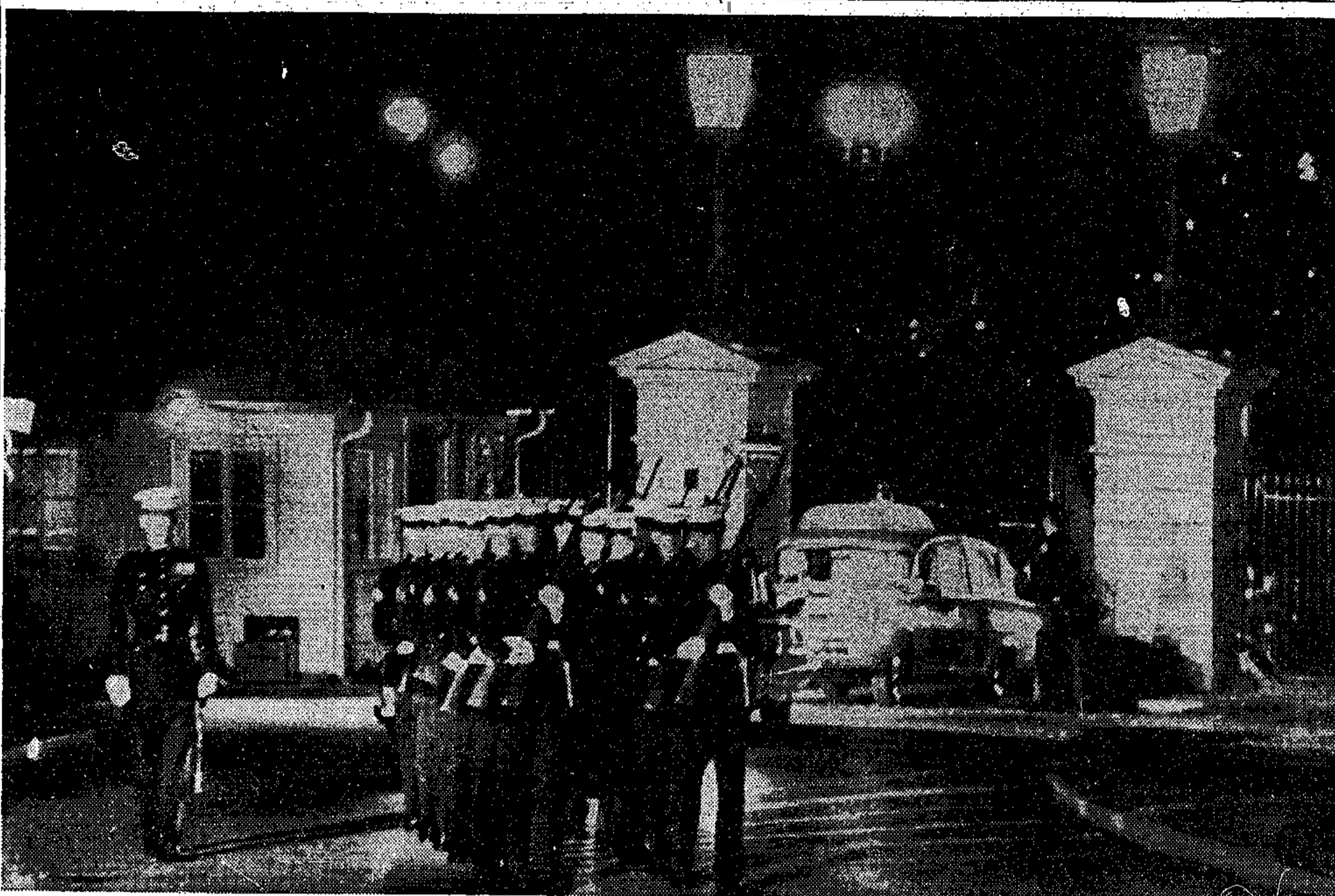
Other early arrivals included Defense Secretary Robert S. McNamara, who had consulted with President Johnson during the morning; Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff; Deputy Defense Secretary Roswell Gilpatrick, and Ambassador Carl Rowan.

Mr. Rowan, back from Finland for consultations, had conferred with Mr. Kennedy early this week.

In the continuing procession of mourners, Governor and Mrs. Rockefeller, accompanied by Senator and Mrs. Jacob K. Javits, arrived shortly before 3 P.M.

Gov. Ross R. Barnett of Mississippi and Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama also called. Mr. Kennedy had clashed bitterly with both men over civil rights.

Pierre Salinger, the White House press secretary, said that



RETURN TO THE CAPITAL: The honor guard as it preceded ambulance bearing coffin of President Kennedy to the White House early yesterday

the formal procession to the Capitol Rotunda tomorrow would begin at 1 P.M.

A police motorcycle escort will lead the procession, followed by an armed services escort with muffled drums and a company of Navy personnel. This will be in special recognition of Mr. Kennedy's service in the Navy during World War II.

A special honor guard, made up of the members of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, will march in front of a detail of flag bearers. Clergymen of various faiths will then walk in advance of the caisson bearing the coffin.

The caisson will be drawn by white horses, flanked by twenty servicemen, ten on each side. Then a single serviceman will walk with the folded Presidential flag in his arms.

Behind him will come the limousines bearing the members of the immediate family, President and Mrs. Johnson, and a rear guard of police.

The metropolitan police said the Rotunda would remain open to the public until 9 P.M. tomorrow. It will be open to the public again Monday between 9 and 10 A.M.

The same cortège, in the same order, will also escort the coffin from the Capitol to the funeral service, Mr. Salinger said.

Flowers Discouraged

He reported that, although the Kennedy family had requested well-wishers not to send flowers but to contribute money to a charity, a number of bouquets had arrived and had been accepted by White House guards.

He added, however, that "we are still asking people not to send flowers."

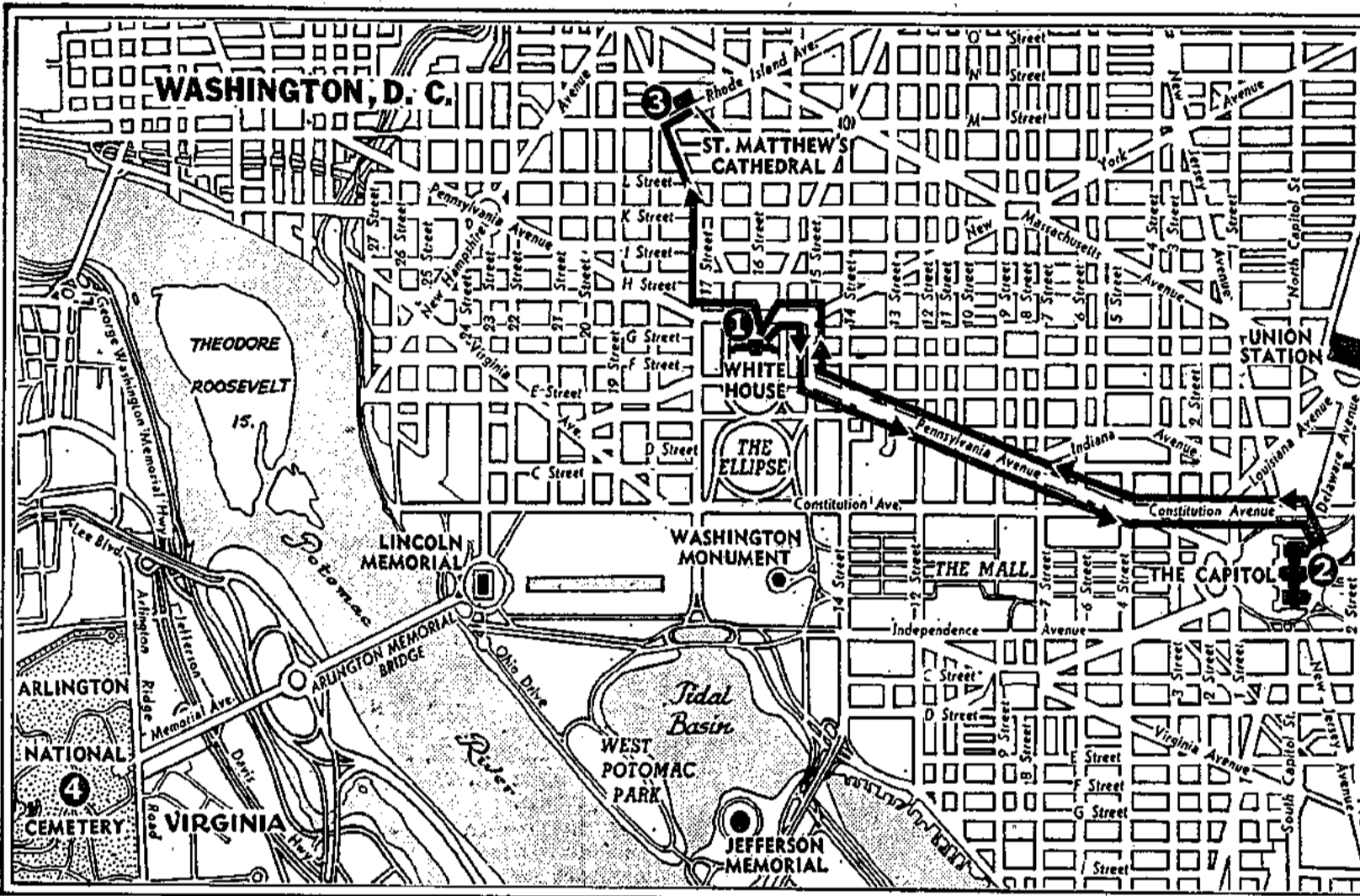
The Military District of Washington said the procession from the White House would follow a route similar to one used for inaugural parades.

The procession will leave the White House grounds at 1 P.M. and proceed down Pennsylvania Avenue to 16th Street, turning there to follow Pennsylvania Avenue again until it reaches Constitution Avenue.

Then it will proceed along Delaware Avenue until it reaches the Capitol Plaza, site of the President's inauguration less than three years ago.

On Monday, it was announced, the cortege will leave at 11 A.M. and follow a similar route back to the White House. On the White House grounds, the procession will re-form to include additional Government leaders.

Mrs. Kennedy may walk eight blocks from the White House in the final stage of the funeral procession to St. Matthew's Cathedral. The route will be west on Pennsylvania Avenue to 17th Street, then north on 17th Street to Rhode Island Avenue where the church is located.



ROUTE OF CORTÈGE: President Kennedy's body, now lying in repose at the White House (1), will be taken to Capitol (2) today, where it will lie in state until tomorrow. Then it will be moved to St. Matthew's Cathedral (3) for services. The route to the site of interment in Arlington National Cemetery (4) has not yet been made known.

List of Foreign Dignitaries to Attend Funeral

- Foreign dignitaries who will attend President Kennedy's funeral in Washington Monday include:
- Prince Philip of Britain.
 - Sir Alec Douglas-Home, Prime Minister of Britain.
 - Harold Wilson, British Labor party leader.
 - Sir Harold Caccia, Permanent Under Secretary of the British Foreign Office.
 - Eamon de Valera, President of Ireland.
 - Frank Aiken, Foreign Minister of Ireland.
 - President de Gaulle of France.
 - Maurice Couve de Murville, French Foreign Minister.
 - Hervé Alphand, French Ambassador to the United States.
 - Roger Vaurs, Director of the French Embassy Press and Information Division.
 - Gen. Charles Ailleret, Chief of the French Joint Chiefs of Staff.
 - Dr. Joseph M. A. H. Luns, Foreign Minister of the Netherlands.
 - Crown Princess Beatrix of the Netherlands.
 - Eugene Schaus, Foreign Minister of Luxembourg.
 - Prince Jean of Luxembourg.
 - King Baudoin of the Belgians.
 - Tage Erlander, Premier of Sweden.
 - Olaf Palme, Swedish Minister Without Portfolio.
 - Capt. Gen. Augustin Muñoz Grandes, Vice Premier of Spain.
 - Luis Súpico Pinto, president of the Cooperative Council of Portugal.
 - Dr. Ludwig Erhard, Chancellor of West Germany.
 - Dr. Heinrich Lübke, President of West Germany.
 - Willy Brandt, Mayor of West Berlin.
 - Dr. Gerhard Schröder, West German Foreign Minister.
 - Kai-Uwe von Hassel, West German Defense Minister.
 - Jens Otto Krag, Premier of Denmark.
 - Einar Gerhardsen, Premier of Norway.
 - Crown Prince Harald of Norway.
 - Petar Stambolic, Premier of Yugoslavia.
 - Prof. Stanislaw Kulczyński, Vice President of the Polish State Council.
 - Piotr Górczewicz, Vice Premier of Poland.
 - Anastas I. Mikoyan, a First Deputy Premier of the Soviet Union.
 - Mikhail N. Smirnovsky, head of the American Department of the Soviet Foreign Ministry.
 - Attilio Piccioni, Foreign Minister of Italy.
 - Queen Frederika of Greece.
 - Ismet Inonu, Premier of Turkey.
 - Feridun Cemal Erkin, Turkish Foreign Minister.
 - Antone Atallah, Foreign Minister of Jordan.
 - Abbas Aram, Foreign Minister of Iraq.
 - Zalman Shazar, President of Israel.
 - Mrs. Golda Meir, Israeli Foreign Minister.
 - Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, Indian delegate to the United Nations.
 - Hayato Ikeda, Premier of Japan.
 - Masayoshi Ohira, Japanese Foreign Minister.
 - Gen. Chung Hee Park, President-elect of South Korea.
 - Crown Prince Akihiko of Japan.
 - Kim Hyun Chul, Premier of South Korea.
 - Gen. Tran Van Don, Defense Minister and Chairman of the Joint General Staff of South Vietnam.
 - Nguyen Ngoc Tho, South Vietnamese Premier.
 - Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines.
 - Norodom Kantol, President and Foreign Minister of Cambodia.
 - Mahmoud Fawzi, Foreign Minister of the United Arab Republic.
 - Mongi Slim, Tunisian Foreign Minister.
 - Bahi Ladgham, Secretary of State to the Presidency of Tunisia.
 - J. Rudolph Grimes, Secretary of State of Liberia.
 - Ahmed Reda Guedira, Foreign Minister of Morocco.
 - Erasto A. M. Mang'Enya, delegate of Tanganyika to the United Nations.
 - Carlos Humberto Peretta, Vice President of Argentina.
 - João Augusto Araújo Castro, Foreign Minister of Brazil.
 - Auro de Moura Andrade, President of the Brazilian Senate.
 - Neftali Ponce Miranda, Foreign Minister of Ecuador.
 - José Figueres, former President of Costa Rica.
 - José Ortega, Foreign Minister of Nicaragua.
 - Senator Luis Samozza of Nicaragua.
 - Galileo Solis, Foreign Minister of Panama.
 - Sir Alexander Bustamante, Prime Minister of Jamaica.
 - Mmanuel Tello, Foreign Minister of Mexico.
 - Lester B. Pearson, Prime Minister of Canada.

Children Learn Father Is Dead; Mother Returns to White House

Caroline and John Jr. Receive the News —Mrs. Kennedy Stays Most of the Night at Bethesda Naval Hospital

By NAN ROBERTSON
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23—President Kennedy's two children were told last night that their father was dead. It was not known who had told them or what words had been used. Almost certainly it was not their mother.

Mrs. Kennedy stayed close to her husband from the moment he was shot by an assassin until his body was returned to the White House before dawn today. His body now lies in the East Room.

Mrs. Kennedy spent most of the night at Bethesda Naval Hospital, where the slain President was first taken from near Andrews Air Force Base.

She rode in the ambulance with the body and remained at the hospital from 7 o'clock last night until 4 A.M. today.

Her children were taken late yesterday afternoon from the White House to the home of Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss, their maternal grandmother, in Georgetown, an exclusive section of Washington. There they had dinner.

Then the children, Caroline and John Jr., were taken back to the White House. They went to their private quarters upstairs about 7:30 P.M. with their nurse, Maud Shaw, who has been with the Kennedys since Caroline was 11 days old.

Funeral on Birthday

John Jr., nicknamed "John-John" by his father, will be 3 years old Monday, the day of his father's funeral. Caroline's sixth birthday will be Wednesday.

This morning the grief-stricken mother told both children to a private mass in the East Room. The closed bronze coffin reflected the flickering candles set about it.

The Roman Catholic mass, believed to be the first ever celebrated in the White House, was said by the Rev. John J. Cavanaugh, former president of the University of Notre Dame, who is a close friend of the family.

About 75 friends and relatives attended the mass. Princess Stanislas Radziwill flew in from France today to be with Mrs. Kennedy, her sister.

The President's mother, Mrs. Joseph P. Kennedy, will arrive from Hyannis Port tomorrow. Her husband, who suffered a stroke nearly three years ago, will remain in Hyannis Port.

There were reports yesterday that Caroline and John had been carefully protected from the news of their father's death and would not be told until their mother returned to the White House.

Mrs. Kennedy went directly from the airport to Bethesda, however. By the time she arrived at the White House at 4:25 this morning, the children had long been asleep.

Mr. Kennedy's press secretary, Pierre Salinger, said that by that time John Jr. and Caroline already knew their father was dead.

"They were told last night," he said at a briefing today. "I don't know who told them. I can't say whether any relatives are staying with the children."

He did say, however, that Mrs. Edward M. Kennedy, the Peter Lawfords, the Stephen Smiths, Sargent Shriver and Attorney General and Mrs. Robert F. Kennedy "are all here."

At 11 o'clock this morning, President and Mrs. Kennedy visited Mrs. Kennedy in her second-floor living quarters. They stayed 20 minutes.

Last night at the Bethesda Naval Hospital, Dr. John W. Walsh kept vigil with Mrs. Kennedy. Dr. Walsh, her obstetrician and a good friend, also saw her through the birth and death of her infant son, Patrick Bouvier Kennedy, last August. The baby lived 39 hours 12 minutes before his heart failed from the stress of a lung ailment.

Met by Attorney General

Also by Mrs. Kennedy's side was her brother-in-law, the Attorney General, A. Andrews Alt. Force Base, he rushed up the ramp as the Presidential plane arrived from Dallas last night and folded her in his arms.

She wept and asked him: "Would you come with us?" On her arrival at Andrews, Mrs. Kennedy's wish to accompany the coffin by ambulance to the hospital caused a major miscue. The authorities at the hospital had expected the President's body to arrive by helicopter.

Two helicopters arrived shortly before 7 P.M., bearing the honor guard of all services that had been posted at Andrews. They took position on the hospital's helicopter pad.

Instead, Mrs. Kennedy, the Attorney General and the flag-draped coffin arrived at the main hospital building in a gray Navy ambulance, its window curtains closed. A crowd of about 3,000 persons surged about the vehicle. Mrs. Kennedy and her brother-in-law walked up the steps into the hospital.

Later, when the coffin was carried into the White House, Mrs. Kennedy walked slowly behind it, still wearing the blood-spattered pink suit she had worn in Dallas.

The Attorney General kept step with her, his arm protectively about her.

Connally's Son to Attend Rites

DALLAS, Nov. 23 (AP)—Gov. John B. Connally, who was wounded when President Kennedy was assassinated, will send his 17-year-old son to the President's funeral as his representative. State officials will represent Texas.



BEREAVED MOTHER: Mrs. Joseph P. Kennedy is escorted to mass at St. Francis Xavier Church in Hyannis, Mass.

FATHER INFORMED OF DEATH OF SON

Senator Breaks the News as Medical Aides Stand By

By JOHN H. FENTON
Special to The New York Times

HYANNIS PORT, Mass., Nov. 23—President Kennedy's ailing father, Joseph P. Kennedy, was told today of his son's death.

There was no immediate report of how the 75-year-old former Ambassador to Britain took the news. He has been an invalid for nearly two years as a result of a stroke.

Senator Edward M. Kennedy, the President's youngest brother, broke the news. His mother, Mrs. Rose Kennedy, and a sister, Mrs. Eunice Shriver, were present.

Dr. Russell S. Boles Jr., a Boston neurologist, was standing by at the Kennedy summer home, as were four nurses. Senator Kennedy and Mrs. Shriver, the wife of Sargent Shriver, director of the Peace Corps, temporarily delayed returning to Washington. They flew here late yesterday to join their parents.

Attends Two Masses

The President's mother, dressed in black, attended two masses early today at St. Francis Xavier Roman Catholic Church, where the Kennedy family had worshiped summers and at other times when they were in residence on Cape Cod. She was accompanied by Miss Helen Gagan, a niece.

A special requiem mass at 7 A.M. replaced the usual daily low mass at that hour. The Right Rev. Leonard J. Daley, the Kennedy's summer pastor, was the celebrant.

The mass was celebrated at an altar donated by the Kennedys in memory of an elder son, Joseph Jr., who was killed as a Navy flier in World War II.

The President was well liked, particularly by those who remembered him as a gangling youngster who summered here.

A later generation recalled the President's trips into town with his children, Caroline and John Jr., on candy buying trips for youngsters from the neighborhood.

Tomorrow in Boston, Richard Cardinal Cushing, Archbishop of Boston, will celebrate a requiem mass at 9:15 A.M. at the Catholic Television Center and deliver a eulogy. The mass will be nationally televised.

Kennedy Will Lie In a Quiet Cemetery That He Knew Well

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23—A caisson drawn by white horses will bear the body of President Kennedy on Monday to the quiet, wooded cemetery he visited just 12 days ago.

Arlington National Cemetery, on the Virginia side of the Potomac River, was a spot Mr. Kennedy knew well.

He drove there Nov. 11, along the winding driveways bordered by trees whose leaves had turned golden, to lay a Veterans Day wreath on the Tomb of the Unknowns.

It is there, near the tomb, that his body will be laid to rest. Mr. Kennedy was alternately somber and smiling on that last visit to the cemetery. He stood quietly, staring straight ahead at the tomb, while a bright played taps.

He had planned to leave then, and not stay for the ceremony of music and speaking inside the nearby amphitheater. He changed his mind.

Taking his son, John Jr., by the hand, he went to the amphitheater. The boy stayed in the audience with a Secret Service agent. The President walked to the stage. He made no speech.

A man with a sense of history, Mr. Kennedy had visited Arlington often. He had spoken at Veterans Day ceremonies there in 1961. He went there last May to lead Memorial Day rites at the Tomb of the Unknowns.

On that day in May the President stopped briefly by the grave of James Forrestal, the first Secretary of Defense.

More than 150,000 persons—members of the military or veterans or members of their families—are buried at Arlington.

The cemetery, 100 years old next year, covers 418.4 acres that once belonged to Gen. Robert E. Lee.

When General Lee left Arlington on April 22, 1861, to take command of the Virginia troops, Federal soldiers took possession of the Lee mansion and converted it into a headquarters. The rolling acres became an army camp.

Later, a hospital was set up there. In 1894, by order of the Secretary of War, the land became a military cemetery.

The first person buried there was a Confederate soldier who had died in the hospital.