

WALKER GOT \$26,535 BONDS FROM J. A. SISTO AS 'GIFT,' TAXI FINANCIER TESTIFIES

PROFIT IN A STOCK DEAL

Control Board Advocate Bought Shares to Aid Mayor, He Swears.

McKEON WAS INTERMEDIARY

Friend of Walker Says He Took Envelope to City Hall and Handed It Over in Auto.

HASTINGS GOT CAB PROFITS

Terminal Company Hired Him at \$18,000 a Year, Seabury Is Told—Unpaid Loans Bared.

J. A. Sisto, who had a hand in financing the Parmelee Transportation Company, gave Mayor Walker bonds worth \$26,535.51 before the Municipal Assembly passed the Mayor's bill creating a Board of Taxicab Control, the broker testified yesterday before the Hofstadter committee.

TIBBETT WILL SING ROLE

14th Native Work Under Gatti Regime Will Be Produced Early in Coming Season.

The Metropolitan Opera association will present next season a new American opera, "Emperor Jones," based on Eugene O'Neill's play, by the American composer Louis Gruenberg, it became known yesterday.

The libretto has been prepared by Mr. Gruenberg himself. When he sent Mr. O'Neill a copy of his adaptation, the playwright replied that it had been admirably prepared so that the dramatic qualities and flavor of the work were preserved.

Lawrence Tibbett will enact the part of Jones and Tullio Serafini will conduct. No decision has been made by the Metropolitan as to the date of the presentation, but it is believed that it will be early in the season.

Erich Kleiber, general music director of the Berlin Staatsoper, one of the largest opera companies in Europe, has already announced that he will produce the opera in Berlin this Fall. It appears, therefore, that Berlin and New York will vie for the right to give the work its world premiere.

Tom-Tom Used in Score.

Mr. Gruenberg has written the opera in two acts. He has made use, naturally, of the beat of the tom-tom, which pursues Jones through the drama. This drum beat, which gradually accelerates in the opera, ceases only in certain brief scenes. These are during the visions and hallucinations which haunt Jones as he flees through the forest.

The work calls for a unique arrangement of the stage. The chorus of pursuing Negroes is grouped out of sight of the audience, below and in front of the stage flooring. At first only crossing hands and arms are seen above it. Then, as the pursuit of Jones draws nearer to its quarry, the bodies of the pursuers gradually emerge as yells of hate and triumph gather in volume.

The hallucinations of Jones—of the murder-craper play, of the sheriff whom Jones has killed, and of the auction block—are shown in small scenes, to indicate that they are figments of the Negro's imagination.

Finally, Jones is seen, a nearly naked savage, seated on the ground with his fellows, swaying in terror as the medicine man leaps on the stage and indicates him as the tribe's victim. At the end of the body of the fugitive, who shoots himself with the silver bullet, is carried by the tribesmen into the forest. Chorus of savage exultation are heard dying away in the distance.

Music Moves Swiftly.

To this drama Gruenberg has written what appears to be swift and pungent music. The principal moment of lyrical expansion is his prayer for the Lord's aid in his plight, which is in the general character, but not in slavish imitation, of a Negro spiritual. The score is also reflective of passing incident and gesture on the stage. Each one of the scenes of hallucination has its special musical counterpart. Toward the end, with an immense crescendo and acceleration, several pairs of drums are employed to intensify stirring effect. The opera takes about one hour to perform.

When Erich Kleiber, who conducted the opening weeks of the recent New

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Hoover Urges 3-Point Relief Plan Of \$1,500,000,000 to Use as Loans

Senate Leaders Are Asked to Put the Proposal Before Colleagues—Finance Corporation Would Help States Handle Jobless and Advance Money for Spurring Business.

By ARTHUR KROCK. Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—President Hoover today asked Senators Robinson of Arkansas and Watson, the Democratic and Republican leaders of the Senate, to propose to their colleagues a three-point Federal relief program to stimulate private business in reproductive enterprises, to advance money for self-liquidating projects in States and municipalities, to ameliorate agricultural distress and to loan to States—but not municipalities—money for the relief of unemployed citizens.

The President's plan can be achieved simply by extending the powers and financial resources of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. It involves no new government borrowings; it does not disturb the processes of budget balancing; it contemplates no bond issues for non-reproductive public works, as was proposed by New York financiers. If Congress will pass an amendment to the act establishing the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, the relief measures can be instituted.

The President's plan provides: 1. That the corporation be authorized to issue an additional \$1,500,000,000 in debentures, of the proceeds from which \$300,000,000 is to be loaned to States for general relief measures; \$40,000,000 for ex-

port agricultural aid, and the remaining \$1,160,000,000 loaned to private business for reproductive enterprises, assured by contracts.

2.—That State bonds and securities which cannot otherwise be financed be purchased by the corporation to meet the proceeds of these bonds and securities are to be used for unemployment relief.

3.—That the corporation be authorized to loan funds for self-liquidating projects such as toll bridges, tunnels and so forth. It provides that private business planning reproductive enterprises for which credit cannot be obtained from the banks shall be put on a loaning basis with the corporation, a plan originally proposed by Mr. Hoover when the corporation was created, but rejected by Congress.

Senator Robinson, after a morning conference with the President, called a meeting of Democrats after the Senate adjourned this afternoon and outlined the President's idea. It was favorably received.

Senator Watson talked to a number of Republicans and reported progress with the idea. Speaker Garner and Minority Leader Snell were also consulted, and tonight Republican members of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency were called to

TAX BILL'S TARIFFS ASSAILED IN REPORT BY MINORITY GROUP

Their Elimination From Senate Measure Is Demanded and 'Log-rolling' Is Condemned.

GAIN IN REVENUE DOUBTED

Imposts on Oil, Lumber, Copper and Coal Will Mean Embargo, Opponents Assert.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES. WASHINGTON, May 12.—Five Democratic members of the Senate Finance Committee opened a fight on the tariff features of the billion-dollar tax bill today in a minority report demanding elimination of the imposts on coal, oil, copper and lumber, by which, they said, the rolls were inserted.

Consideration of the measure, expected today, was delayed by further debate on the Glass banking bill. When it appeared that the Glass measure could not be disposed of, even within another day, Republican leaders asked that it be sidetracked to give right of way to the tax bill.

Senator Glass gave rather reluctant consent, explaining that he long since had found it wise "not to go up against a buzz saw."

Senator Smoot will open discussion of the tax bill tomorrow. He had finished preparation tonight of a 4,000-word speech recommending the compromise measure as the prime step toward business recovery through the guarantee of government credit.

Senate leaders at the same time completed plans for a series of night sessions next week, by which it is hoped to complete the revenue measure well before June 10, the date tentatively set for adjournment.

Minority Questions Efficacy.

The minority tax bill report was signed by Senators Harrison, George, Walsh of Massachusetts, Costigan and Hull. Democratic members of the Finance Committee whose names were not attached were Senators Barkley of Kentucky, who voted in committee for the coal tariff; Connally of Texas and Gore of Oklahoma, who favored the duty on oil, and King of Utah, who stood for the copper tariff.

The report questioned whether the duties would result in additional revenues, cited adverse decisions on some of the items by the Tariff Commission and predicted that in many cases the consumer would be a sufferer.

The "log-rolling" methods, it said, would be odious even in a general tariff measure. But to resort to "trades, exchanges of votes and on-again, off-again" practices, the minority charges, such as were used in writing the tariff items into an emergency revenue measure, was held by the Democrats to be "an exhibition of the public mind concerning the capacity of representative government to function promptly

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LINDBERGH BABY FOUND DEAD NEAR HOME; MURDERED SOON AFTER THE KIDNAPPING 72 DAYS AGO AND LEFT LYING IN WOODS

POLICE INTENSIFY HUNT

Curtis, Norfolk Agent, and Condon, Who Paid Ransom, at Hopewell.

TO AID PROSECUTOR TODAY

Schwarzkopf Says Restraints Designed to Safeguard Baby Now Can Be Thrown Off.

A GROUP UNDER SUSPICION

Gov. Moore Pledges Relentless Hunt—Mulrooney Also Promises Full Aid.

Dr. J. F. Condon, the Bronx lecturer who acted as intermediary in the futile payment by Colonel Lindbergh of \$50,000 ransom for his son, and John H. Curtis, the Norfolk boat builder, who also has been conducting negotiations, arrived at Hopewell for questioning by the police early this morning. They were scheduled to go to the prosecutor's office in Mercer County later today.

They arrived at the Lindbergh home shortly before 2 o'clock this morning and were at once closeted with the police. A few minutes before their arrival Colonel H. Norman Schwarzkopf, commanding the New Jersey State Police, made this announcement:

"Dr. Condon and Mr. Curtis will be at these headquarters in a few minutes for questioning in connection with this case and they will be turned over by the police authorities at this point to the prosecuting authorities tomorrow morning."

It is believed that the two intermediaries may have confidential information about the kidnapers which they are now ready to turn over to the authorities.

With this announcement the head of the New Jersey State Police indicated that the hunt for the murderers would be pursued with the aid of State, New York City and Federal authorities, throwing off the restraint that hitherto hampered the police effort. It was disclosed further by the New Jersey authorities that immediate steps are being taken to arrest a group of persons suspected of kidnaping the Lindbergh baby.

The police started their search immediately with a close though apparently unpromising examination of the place where the body was found. "No footprints were found in the vicinity of where the baby's body was located," said Colonel Schwarzkopf in a statement early this morning. "This whole territory was thoroughly scoured by investigators from this office, even to the extent of scraping the surface of the ground around where the body was found and putting it all in containers and bringing it to these headquarters for the purpose of test and analysis."

Moore Pledges Every Effort.

Governor A. Harry Moore of New Jersey promised that everything possible would be done to "get the murderers" and announced that he expected to confer today with Colonel Schwarzkopf, head of the New Jersey State police. Meanwhile a grand jury investigation of all the Bronx incidents in the case was predicted last night by an aide of the Bronx District Attorney, Charles B. McLaughlin.

President John Grier Hibben of Princeton University called upon the law-enforcement forces of the country to unite in their hunt for the criminals, in a statement issued after he visited the Lindbergh home with Mrs. Hibben last night.

"A national systematic effort must be made right away," he said. "The authorities have been holding off from the beginning in the fear that their actions must cause the death of the child. Now that is over. The forces of law in the country must unite to get the persons who have done this thing."

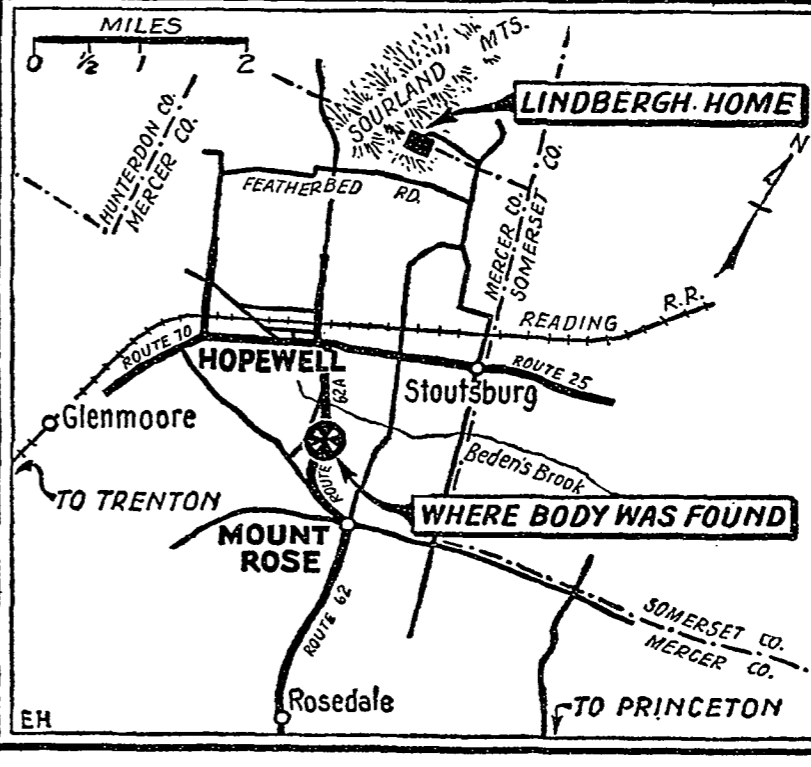
Schwarzkopf's Statement.

Colonel Schwarzkopf made clear his course in regard to the hunt in an earlier statement, as follows: "As long as there was a possibility of the baby being alive, the police have been acting with a certain amount of suppressed activity in order not to interfere with any negotiations that might result in the safe return of the baby."

"Now that the body of the baby

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WHERE KIDNAPPERS LEFT SLAIN BABY.



SYMPATHY POURS IN FROM ALL THE WORLD

Grief and Horror Evidenced in Capital Where Hoovers Request Lindbergh News.

ORTIZ RUBIO IS SADDENED

Messages Sent From Mexico City—Inquiries Made From London to Gov. Moore.

Widespread sympathy for the bereaved parents and relatives of Charles A. Lindbergh Jr. and the American people was expressed in messages that poured into the Lindbergh home at Hopewell, N. J., last night from various parts of the world. Officials and civilians who had hastened to join the international search for the kidnapers when the abduction became known sought to assuage the feelings they knew would follow in the wake of the announcement.

The grief and horror with which the nation received the final answer to the question regarding the safety of the child were evidenced at once in Washington, where the report reached the President and Mrs. Hoover among the first. Attached at the White House, The Associated Press announced, immediately got in touch with the New Jersey authorities to obtain official information.

Deeply moved, Vice President Curtis said, "They have my deepest sympathy, and my most heartfelt condolences go out to the bereaved mother and Colonel Lindbergh and to their families in their sorrow." Mr. Curtis exclaimed with feeling: "It is a most shocking thing."

Unofficial like official Washington was horrified at the news and few persons were able to express their feelings about the tragedy. Captain Emory S. Land, cousin of Colonel Lindbergh, could only declare: "Anything I could say would be futile."

Committee Meeting Halts.

The shocked surprise with which Washington officials, many of them personal friends of the aviator, received the information was exemplified when the meeting of the Democratic steering committee of the Senate broke up on receipt of the barest announcement of the discovery at 6:45 o'clock.

The fifteen Senators present, including Senator Wagner of New York, dropped a momentous question under consideration to express their regrets and seek further details of the development.

"I have never heard more shocking news," Senator Wagner declared.

"It is too awful to talk about," Senator Norris of Nebraska said. Senator Norbeck of South Dakota called the discovery "most tragic," adding "My most heartfelt sympathy goes out to Colonel and Mrs. Lindbergh."

The Norfolk quest had been one of the most promising since the case began. Three prominent citizens of that city were involved, all of them certain that they had been in touch with the kidnapers. They were, besides Mr. Curtis, Rear Admiral Guy H. Burrage, retired, and the Rev. Mr. Peacock. Convinced that they had been in communication with the wanted men, they paid Colonel Lind-

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COLONEL BELIEVED ON A YACHT AT SEA

Reported Somewhere Off Block Island on Search for the Kidnapers.

INFORMED OF BABY'S DEATH

Departed May 4 With Norfolk Aides on Mission That Had Seemed Promising.

Colonel Lindbergh was believed to have been on a yacht, somewhere off Block Island, when the body of his son was discovered yesterday. He had been there searching for the kidnapers of his son. There was no question that he had heard of the finding of the body, for Colonel H. Norman Schwarzkopf said that he had been notified, and one of the men with him—telephoning to Norfolk—said that the news had been received.

Colonel Lindbergh set out from Norfolk on May 4, on board the yacht Marcon, owned by Charles H. Consovo of Baltimore. With him were John H. Curtis, Norfolk boat builder, and one of the trio of negotiators from that city; Edwin A. Bruce of Elmira, N. Y., and Lieutenant George L. Richard, a naval flier. The Marcon cruised up and down the coast near Norfolk until last Saturday, when the men transferred to another boat, which headed out to sea.

Lieutenant Richard Telephones.

The telephone message last night was from Lieutenant Richard to Mrs. Curtis, and was merely "Mr. Curtis is well, and we have heard the news." She could not say from where he had telephoned, nor did he say definitely whether Colonel Lindbergh was still on board. But the Rev. H. Dobson Peacock, one of the other Norfolk negotiators, said that "as far as I know" he was. The second yacht carrying them was generally supposed to have headed directly for Block Island.

When the Marcon sailed from Norfolk it was reported to be going to keep a rendezvous with the kidnapers of Colonel Lindbergh's son, who, according to an unverified rumor at that time, were said to be on a foreign ship beyond the twelve-mile limit. Colonel Lindbergh boarded the yacht while in Chesapeake Bay, but bad weather kept the vessel from going out for two days.

The yacht has been running along the Atlantic Coast, it was said, searching for the other ship. Colonel Lindbergh, during the time he was on board, kept watch with the other members of the crew, sleeping in his clothes, always on the lookout for a sign of the second ship. The name of the yacht to which he transferred is not known, nor is its destination. It went straight to sea, however, as soon as he boarded it.

Quest Seemed Promising.

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BODY MILE FROM HOPEWELL

Discovered by Chance Near Centre of Wide Search for Child.

HALF-COVERED BY LEAVES

Skull Fractures Caused Death—Body and Clothing Are Identified by Nurse.

MOTHER IS BRAVE AT NEWS

Neighbors Had Complained That Hunt in Vicinity Had Not Been Thorough.

The baby son of Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh was found dead yesterday afternoon. The child had been murdered.

The body, lying face down in a depression and partly covered with dead leaves and wind-blown debris, was discovered by a Negro truck driver in a patch of woods in the Sourland Mountains less than five miles from the Lindbergh home near Hopewell, N. J.

The discovery was made by accident at 3:15 yesterday afternoon when the driver, walking into the woods from the road, found what he thought was a child's foot sticking out of the ground and notified the police. The identification followed quickly and the official announcement of the Lindbergh baby's fate was made at the Lindbergh home at 6:45 P. M.

The child evidently had been killed soon after he was stolen from his crib in the nursery on the night of March 1. Whether he had been killed with calculating purpose by criminals who found it advantageous to them to get rid of the child, or whether he had been thrown there by kidnapers fleeing in a panic, was not determined last night.

Two Fractures of Skull.

The body showed the marks of two fractures of the skull, one on the left side and the other on the right. The latter was a hole a half-inch in diameter. It was not definitely established whether this was a bullet hole or the result of a blow with a blunt instrument, but since no bullet was found the authorities were inclined to the belief that it was the latter.

The manner in which the baby died was officially stated as follows: "The diagnosis of the cause of death is a fractured skull due to external violence."

"Unquestionably it was a brutal murder," said Dr. Charles H. Mitchell, County Physician of Mercer County, last night, after he had completed an autopsy.

The condition of the body indicated that the child has been dead at least two months—the kidnapping occurred seventy-two days ago yesterday—and there was a strong possibility that he had been killed on the very night of the kidnapping.

Mother Bearing Up Well.

Mrs. Lindbergh and her mother, Mrs. Dwight W. Morrow, were at home when the body was found, but were in complete seclusion.

Despite the shock of the discovery, Mrs. Lindbergh was bearing up courageously, as she has from the beginning, it was learned last night.

Colonel Lindbergh, who has been away much of the time in recent weeks making fruitless journeys in an attempt to make contact with the kidnapers, was not at home when the discovery was made. Colonel H. Norman Schwarzkopf, commanding the New Jersey State police, said that Colonel Lindbergh had been informed of his baby's death, however, and was on his way home. He did not disclose where the Colonel had been.

Positive identification of the baby's body was furnished last night by Betty Gow, the nursemaid, about whom so much interest in the case

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